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New Delhi.

# 1915

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

## FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

FRONTIER—A.

## Proceedings, October 1915, Nos. 1—48.

**Death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. Payment of the late Sardar's debts and funeral expenses by the Government of India. Redistribution of allowances among his family, relatives, and followers.**

F. No. 509-F/32
F. No. 701-F/32
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" " 176-F/34
" " 200-F/34
" " 231-F/35
" " 225(3)-N/37
" " 400-N/37
" " 415-N/35
" " 104(1) N/38 (See)

File-176-F/34
— 688-F/33
— 34-F/34
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— 225(3)-N/37
— 400-N/37
— 405-N/35
— 104-(1)-N/38 See

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
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# FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT NOTES.

FRONTIER—A, OCTOBER 1915.

**Nos. 1—48.**

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DEATH OF SARDAR MUHAMMAD AYUB KHAN. PAYMENT OF THE LATE SARDAR'S DEBTS AND FUNERAL EXPENSES BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. RE-DISTRIBUTION OF ALLOWANCES AMONG HIS FAMILY, RELATIVES AND FOLLOWERS.

---

TELEGRAM FROM THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE EX-AMIR, No. 66, DATED (AND RECEIVED) THE 7TH APRIL 1914. Pro. No. 1

*Reports the death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan on the 6th instant.*

Three draft telegrams below for approval.

J. W. S. I.,—7-4-14.

These may issue. Presumably Private Secretary to the Viceroy will telegraph His Excellency's condolences.

7-4-14. A. H. GRANT.

7-4-14. P. Z. COX.

---

TELEGRAM TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER WITH SARDAR MUHAMMAD YAKUB KHAN, No. 115-F. DATED THE 7TH APRIL 1914. Pro. No. 2

*Offers condolences and sympathy to the family of the late Sardar.*

TELEGRAM TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE, DATED THE 7TH APRIL 1914. Pro. No. 3

*Reports the death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

---

TELEGRAM TO THE POLITICAL AGENT, KHYBER, No. 116-F., DATED THE 7TH APRIL 1914. Pro. No. 4

*Requests him to transmit the message to the Amir regarding Ayub Khan's death and burial.*

The telegram was not repeated to Private Secretary to the Viceroy, so that he has probably not heard about the death of Sardar Ayub Khan. We may now repeat it. Draft telegram submitted for approval.

J. W. S. I.,—7-4-14.

I did not notice that the telegram had been redirected from Viceroy's Camp, the draft telegram should issue at once as amended.

7-4-14. A. H. GRANT.

---

Telegram, dated the 7th April 1914.

From—Foreign and Political Department, Simla,

To—The Private Secretary, to the Viceroy, Viceroy's Camp.

Following telegram received from Political Ayub, Lahore, dated the 7th instant. *Begins.* Much regret * * * details follow by letter. *Ends.* His Excellency will, perhaps, wish to send condolences. We have informed Secretary of State and Amir.

---

TELEGRAM FROM THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE, No. 277, DATED (AND RECEIVED) THE 7TH APRIL 1914. Pro. No. 5

*Informs that he has replied that there is no objection to the remains being removed to Peshawar for burial.*

---

TELEGRAM TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE, No. 114-F., DATED THE 7TH APRIL 1914. Pro. No. 6

*States that there is no objection to the burial of late Sardar Ayub Khan at Peshawar.*



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Telegram, dated the 8th April 1914.

From—The Private Secretary to the Viceroy, Viceroy's Camp,

To—Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Death of Sardar Ayub Khan. Viceroy would be glad if you would send suitable message of condolence in his name.

---

Pro. No. 7

TELEGRAM FROM THE POLITICAL OFFICER WITH SARDAR MUHAMMAD YAKUB KHAN, No. 69, DATED (AND RECEIVED) THE 8TH APRIL 1914.

*Informs that he has authorised ex-Amir to pay a visit of condolence to the family of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

Two draft telegrams below for approval.

J. W. S. I.,—8-4-14.

8-4-14. A. H. GRANT.

8-4-14. P. Z. COX.

---

Pro. No. 8

TELEGRAM TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF EX-AMIR, No. 120-F., DATED THE 8TH APRIL 1914.

*Conveys His Excellency's condolences to the family of the late Sardar.*

---

Pro. No. 9

TELEGRAM TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE EX-AMIR, No. 121-F., DATED THE 8TH APRIL 1914.

*Approves his action regarding ex-Amir's visit to late Sardar Ayub Khan's family and requests him to inform Punjab Government.*

---

Telegram, dated Khyber, the 8th April 1914.

From—The Political Agent, Khyber,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Your telegram 116-F. Viceroy's message has been transmitted to Dakka.

---

[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

Dated Lahore, the 7th April 1914.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL P. T. A. SPENCE, Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Long before this reaches Simla you will have received my telegram reporting the death of Sardar Ayub Khan, the news of which came upon me as a fearful shock this morning. It is a strange and sad coincidence that I reached Lahore yesterday morning on one of my periodical visits. In the afternoon I visited the Sardar as usual and found him in excellent spirits. He was full of fun and we spent more than an hour together during which he discussed Home Rule, the Balkans, aviation and his coming visit to Kashmir. He had been suffering from a slight attack of gout and was limping slightly, but said that apart from feeling somewhat weak from the ministrations of a *Hakim* who had given him a powerful aperient recently he was in good health. You may imagine my consternation when my assistant visited me at 8-30 A. M. to-day and reported that the Sardar was dead. It appears that the Sardar slept in his own room with a maid-servant close at hand. The latter proceeded to wake the Sardar at dawn as usual in order that he might perform his ablutions and say his morning prayer. Finding that he did not respond to the call she hastened to the apartments of the Sardar's eldest son who proceeded at once to his father's room to find that he was dead. The Civil Surgeon was summoned and stated that death was due to asphyxia. As soon as I received my assistant's report I went off with him to see the Civil Surgeon who told me that, while he was able to certify that death was due to asphyxia, he could not certify without a *post mortem*, what caused the asphyxia. His idea was that asphyxia was due to apoplexy brought on by gouty conditions. At this stage I went to the Superintendent of Police to report the death and ascertain the wishes of the local authorities in view of the circumstances coupled with the Civil Surgeon's statement.

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The Superintendent of Police said he would consult the Commissioner in the Deputy Commissioner's absence, while I proceeded to interview the members of the family at midday I received a letter from the Superintendent of Police informing me that he had referred to the Commissioner who suggested that, if the family of the deceased had no suspicion of foul play, a *post mortem* should not be made and that arrangements for the funeral should proceed.

Prior to the receipt of this I had interviewed the late Sardar's eldest son, his aged brother-in-law, Sardar Fatch Muhammad Khan. A most trusted and loyal adherent and the late Sardar's son-in-law who is also highly trusted. All three scouted any idea of foul play and I believe them. On receipt of the Superintendent of Police's letter I recorded the statements of the eldest son and of Sardar Fateh Muhammad. These I have sent to the Civil Surgeon asking him to be kind enough to let me have such certificate as he is prepared to give. Meanwhile I have authorised the family to proceed with the funeral arrangements. As it had been the late Sardar's expressed wish that he should be buried at Peshawar I telegraphed early this morning to the Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, to enquire whether he had any objection to such a proceeding. I have received a reply approving the same which I have communicated to the family. At the same time as I telegraphed to you I telegraphed the news to the ex-Amir at Dehra Dun.

As soon as I saw the late Sardar's eldest son this morning he asked me to approach Government with a request for financial assistance in connection with his father's funeral which he estimated would cost Rs. 8,000. While I think that this figure is unduly high I am quite prepared to support any reasonable application on this account. The circumstances are special and the late Sardar has for some $4\frac{1}{2}$ years declined to draw the extra Rs. 1,000 a month sanctioned in his allowances. It will of course take time to formulate and submit proposals concerning the recasting of the arrangements here owing to the Sardar's death.

As soon as I can do so I will obtain details as to the allowances which the late Sardar made to the various members of his family and will endeavour to formulate practical proposals on these.

Please excuse haste as I am pressed for time.

---

No action is necessary at present. We may await proposals from Colonel Spence regarding the redistribution of the allowances, etc.

J. W. S. L.,—9-4-14.

There cannot be the smallest ground for suspecting that the Sardar's death was due to other than natural causes.

As regards the funeral expenses we may await a further reference from the Political Officer. *Primâ facie* Rs. 8,000 does not appear an exorbitant figure for the funeral at Peshawar of a Sardar of such distinction—and I think we should be liberal in the matter when the time comes.

As regards the continuation of allowances I think that Offices should at once put up the paper showing the existing arrangements and the surviving family and followers—so that if necessary we may indicate to Political Officer the lines on which his proposals should be made.

9-4-14. A. H. GRANT.

I concur.

9-4-14. P. Z. COX.

---

[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

Dated Lahore, the 8th April 1914.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL P. T. A. SPENCE, Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan,

To—A. H. GRANT, Esq., C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

In continuation of my letter of yesterday I am writing these few lines to let you know how things have progressed.

The evening brought your two telegrams, one conveying a message of sympathy and condolence for communication to the family of the deceased Sardar and the other conveying sanction to his burial at Peshawar.

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Both of these were communicated to the family who desire me to convey their grateful thanks to Government. The remains of the late Sardar were placed in a shell in the evening after all the necessary arrangements had been made with the railway to transport them to Peshawar by the night train. My assistant accompanied the funeral procession to the station last night and saw the funeral party off to Peshawar where they will arrive at about 3 P. M. to-day.

Late in the evening I received an urgent telegram from the ex-Amir from Dehra Dun saying he proposed to leave Dehra at noon to day, with a small party for Lahore to pay a visit of condolence. The family of the late Sardar had telegraphed to the ex-Amir early in the morning and on receipt of the ex-Amir's telegram, I ascertained that the family of the late Sardar were most anxious to see him. I have accordingly authorised the ex-Amir to come here and have instructed my assistant at Dehra to accompany him. This I have done in anticipation of sanction owing to the urgency of the case and the exceptional circumstances. I have at the same time telegraphed to Government hoping that my action may be approved. The funeral party will return from Peshawar in 2 or 3 days and I think that mourning will commence here to-day or to-morrow. The ex-Amir ought to arrive to-morrow morning and will of course live with the family in seclusion. He will probably remain here only 3 or 4 days. As I can do nothing more here until the mourning is over and, as I brought a minimum of clothes with me in the expectation that my visit would not extend beyond 3 days, I am returning to Dehra to day in order to do what may be necessary there in anticipation of my return to Lahore as soon as local conditions will enable me to take up the question of arrangements consequent upon the Sardar's death. If Government have any preconceived ideas upon the latter question I should be very glad if I could be favoured with a brief outline of the same for general guidance.

---

[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

Dated Dehra Dun, the 11th April 1914.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL P. T. A. SPENCE, Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan,

To—A. H. GRANT, Esq., C. I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Please refer to the telegram from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 120-F., dated the 8th April 1914, expressing the Viceroy's regret at the death of Sardar Ayub Khan and asking that His Excellency's condolences might be offered to the family of the late Sardar.

The Viceroy's gracious message was communicated without delay to the family who desire that their most grateful thanks may be tendered to His Excellency.

---

[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

Dated Dehra Dun, the 11th April 1914.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL P. T. A. SPENCE, Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan,

To—A. H. GRANT, Esq., C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Please accept my thanks for your telegram No. 121-F., dated the 8th April 1914, conveying approval of my action in allowing the ex-Amir to visit Lahore in connection with the late Sardar Ayub' Khan's death. The Punjab Government were informed without delay as desired.

The ex-Amir was unable to leave Dehra Dun until the 9th April. He must have reached Lahore in the morning of the 10th April and will probably not remain there more than 3 or 4 days

I shall go to Lahore as soon as my assistant there reports that business can be proceeded with.

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When Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan arrived in India in 1888, he was given an allowance of Rs. 5,000 *per mensem*, and it was arranged that he was to receive all necessary expenses of marriages, deaths, etc. This latter promise was later in the year commuted to a fixed allowance of Rs. 1,500 a month. His stipend, therefore, was raised to Rs. 6,500 a month. In 1902, on a representation from the Sardar stating that his family had very largely increased, etc., the Government of India sanctioned a further addition of Rs. 1,000 a month to his allowance of Rs. 6,500 making it Rs. 7,500. In 1909 the Sardar requested that some provision may be made for his 12 sons, and it was held that, while it was impossible to provide separately for each of his sons,

S. F., March 1888, Nos. 124—275, correspondence, pages 24 and 28.

S. F., December 1888, Nos. 67—87, correspondence, page 21.

S. F., August 1902, Nos. 36—44.

S. F., November 1909, Nos. 1—10, correspondence, pages 9 and 13.

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it was desirable to make some increase to the Sardar's allowance. An increase* of Rs. 1,000 a month was accordingly sanctioned, but the Sardar refused† to draw it.

*S. F., November 1909, Nos. 1—10, correspondence, page 4.

†S. F., April 1919, Nos. 1—8, correspondence, page 4.

It may be noted that the allowances granted to Afghan refugees are not continued in full to the son, on the death of the recipient, but are, as a rule, reduced by one-half. On the death of Sardar Muhammad Hashim Khan, who was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 4,000, his son was given only Rs. 2,000 for the support of himself and the members of his family, but the full amount allowed to Sardar Muhammad Hashim Khan for house rent and for a change to the hills was continued to the son. In addition to the allowance of Rs. 2,000, however, he was given a sum of Rs. 600 to enable him to continue a certain proportion of the allowances made by his father to adherents and dependents in addition to the grants received by them from Government. The statement below shows the amount of allowances granted by Government to the late Sardar's followers, which will continue to be paid, as the death of Sardar Ayub Khan has not affected their claims.

F. A., August 1903, Nos. 26—51, correspondence, page 16.

*Ibid.* Correspondence, pages 16 and 18.

With reference to the last paragraph of Colonel Spence's letter dated the 8th instant, he may be informed that nothing has been decided as to the arrangements to be made consequent on the death of Sardar Ayub Khan. } A

As regards the last paragraph of paper under consideration II, a draft telegram is submitted for approval.

H. K. M.,—16-4-14.

J. W. S. I.,—16-4-14.

We may write to Colonel Spence as at A above, at the same time call his attention to rule 3 of the orders regarding Afghan refugees, which lays down that recommendations may be made to the Government of India for the continuance of a portion not exceeding one-half of the allowance which the deceased enjoyed.

F. B., November 1912, No. 20, Notes, page 22.

The draft telegram may issue.

17-4-14. A. H. Grant.

18-4-14. P. Z. Cox.

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Telegram, dated the 18th April 1914.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla,

To—The Private Secretary to the Viceroy, Viceroy's Camp.

Family of late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan tender their most grateful thanks for His Excellency's message of condolence.

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[Demi-official.]

Dated Dehra Dun, the 16th April 1914.

From—Lieutenant-Colonel P. T. A. Spence, Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan,

To—A. H. Grant, Esq., C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

In continuation of my previous demi-official letters keeping you informed of the course of events connected with Sardar Ayub Khan's death I write to let you know that the ex-Amir will leave Lahore to-day and will arrive at Dehra Dun on the 18th April.

As soon as I have seen the ex-Amir after his return I will proceed to Lahore in order to see the family of the late Sardar and prepare a report for submission to Government.

I enclose for your information a copy of a note which I have received this morning from my assistant at Lahore. I am anxious to see the ex-Amir in connection with what is stated in this note as well as in connection with Yusuf Khan's case.

It looks as if the late Sardar's sons intend to open their mouths very wide, a not unnatural or uncommon tendency on occasions such as the present.

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All that I shall want early orders on for present purposes will, I think, be the sum which may be drawn and disbursed to the family in order to enable them to meet their ordinary recurring expenses pending the receipt of final orders.

In this matter I can only suggest that I may be authorised to draw and disburse to the family monthly a sum not exceeding two-thirds of the allowance actually enjoyed by the late Sardar at the time of his death.

What Government had sanctioned on this account was Rs. 8,500 a month.

But the late Sardar only enjoyed Rs. 7,500 a month and I think that if I were authorised provisionally to draw and disburse to the family a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,000 a month pending final orders it would make matters easier.

It is obvious that the family must be provided with means of subsistence and that some time must elapse before Government pass final orders.

Until I see the details of the monthly allowances which the late Sardar made to the various members of his family and household from his own allowance I cannot of course estimate what sum such allowances represent.

But I would not in any case disburse amounts in excess of those disbursed by the late Sardar and any amounts which I did disburse would be on the distinct understanding that Government reserved to themselves the right to recover from amounts so disbursed any amounts in excess of those finally sanctioned.

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*Copy of a note dated the 15th April 1914, by Khan Sahib Ghulam Murtaza Khan.*

On the return of the late Sardar's people from Peshawar I wrote and asked Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan who kept the account of the expenses of the late Sardar during his lifetime to furnish me with a copy of the account as it stood on the 1st April. He showed my letter to the late Sardar's sons and told them that he was going to give me a copy of the account. They consulted the ex-Amir Sahib who, on the third day after his arrival, sent for me and asked me not to press the late Sardar's sons just yet for a copy of their late father's accounts. The ex-Amir Sahib added that his nephews were thinking of drawing up a petition* about their affairs which they proposed to submit to Government through him and the Political Officer. He further said that he would take their petition with him to Dehra Dun and that when you came to pay him a visit of condolence he would give it to you and speak to you about the family of his deceased brother. I have, however, privately obtained from Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan a copy of the accounts which we can use until we formally receive a copy from the late Sardar's sons. The ex-Amir Sahib is returning to Dehra Dun to-morrow when the mourning will be quite over and, as all the other visitors who came from different places to condole with the late Sardar's family have also left or are leaving, the late Sardar's sons and others will be free after the ex-Amir Sahib's departure. The question of allowances can be taken up when you return to Lahore.

*15th April 1914.* (Sd.) G. MURTZA KHAN,

Colonel Spence's proposals that he should be authorised to draw and disburse to the family of the late Sardar a sum of Rs. 5,000 or two-thirds of the allowance actually enjoyed by the late Sardar cannot be entertained. The sanctioned allowance was Rs. 8,500, and there would be no objection to his drawing say Rs. 4,000 for the purpose.

A draft is submitted for approval.

J. W. S. I.,—20-4-14.

20-4-14. A. H. GRANT.

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* I have seen the petition in its rough form. The late Sardar's sons ask :—

(1) that their father's allowance may be continued to them in full,

(2) that their father's debts, amounting to a few thousands rupees, and his funeral expenses may be paid ;

(3) that the extra Rs. 1,000 a month which was sanctioned by Government a few years ago and which has accumulated may be paid to them ;

(4) that the extra Rs. 1,000 a month may be added to their allowances. The petition has not yet been drawn up in its final form.

The late Sardar's sons do not agree between themselves.

The eldest wants to be recognised as head of the family but the others object.

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[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

Dated Simla, the 21st April 1914.

From—A. H. GRANT, Esq., C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL P. T. A. SPENCE, I.A., Political Officer with ex-Amir Yakub Khan, Dehra Dun.

Will you please refer to your demi-official letter dated the 8th April 1914 in which you enquire whether the Government of India have any preconceived ideas as to the arrangements to be made consequent upon the death of Sardar Ayub Khan.

I am desired to say that nothing has so far been decided in the matter, but I am to invite your attention to rule 3 of the "Orders regarding Political Prisoners and Afghan Refugees," which lays down that recommendations may be made to the Government of India for the continuance of a portion not exceeding one-half of the allowance which the deceased enjoyed. We cannot, therefore, agree to the proposal made in your demi-official letter dated the 16th instant, to the effect that you should be authorised to draw and disburse to the family of the late Sardar, a sum not exceeding two-thirds of the allowance actually enjoyed by him at the time of his death. There will, however, be no objection to your drawing a sum of Rs. 4,000 for the purpose.

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FROM THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE, No. 311-P., DATED THE 24TH (RECEIVED THE 27TH) APRIL 1914.

*Forwards a copy of the Persian translation of the message to the Amir, regarding death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

G. M. Press, Simla—No. 117 F. D.—26-5-14.—21.—C.W.M.

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FROM THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE EX-AMIR, No. 78, DATED THE 30TH APRIL (RECEIVED THE 1ST MAY ) 1914. Pro. No. 11

*Submits a report regarding the arrangements to be made consequent on the death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

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FROM HIS MAJESTY THE AMIR, No. 190, DATED THE 6TH (RECEIVED THE 16TH) MAY 1914. Pro. No. 12

*States that he hopes that allowances will be sanctioned by Government for the maintenance of the late Sardar Ayub Khan's survivors.*

The case is very clearly stated in the Political Officer's report, and a summary of his proposals is given in paragraph 13. They will be dealt with *seriatim*. Pro. No. 11.

1. The Political Officer recommends that, from the allowance sanctioned for the late Sardar, individual allowances aggregating Rs. 3,900 a month be paid to the members of the late Sardar's family as recommended in statement C.

Paragraph 1 of the office note, dated the 16th April 1914, explains the circumstances under which the allowance of Rs. 5,000 originally sanctioned for the late Sardar was increased to Rs. 8,500 a month. The Sardar persisted in refusing* to draw the extra Rs. 1,000 sanctioned in 1909,† and continued to draw Rs. 7,500 a month up to and for the month of March 1914. The arrears not drawn must, therefore, be considered to have lapsed to Government and the late Sardar's sons have no claim to it. The Political Officer has revised the allowances made by the late Sardar to his wives, children and relatives, and reduced the amount from Rs. 4,549 to Rs. 3,900. He has included in the list three sons and a daughter of the late Sardar who received no allowances and on the other hand has recommended the discontinuance of allowances paid by the late Sardar to certain other relatives. The Political Officer's recommendations may be accepted and sanction accorded to the grant of allowances aggregating Rs. 3,900 a month for individual members of the late Sardar's family.

* S. F., April 1912, Nos. 1—8.
† S. F., November 1909, Nos. 1—10.
The late Sardar was definitely warned in March 1912 that the arrears, if not drawn, would lapse and still refused to draw them. They have therefore lapsed.
A. H. GRANT.

I would recommend the continuance of the allowance of Rs. 101 to Aday Saddozai, widow of late Amir Sher Ali Khan, till death.
A. H. GRANT.

The amount would thus be Rs. 4,001.
A. H. GRANT.

2. The second proposal is that the allowances shown in statement A (excluding item No. 1) and aggregating Rs. 4,931-2-8 a month be continued.

These allowances were sanctioned for the late Sardar's followers, and we have agreed that they should continue to be paid, as the death of Sardar Ayub Khan has not affected the claims of his followers. The proposal may be sanctioned. } A

3. The third proposal is that the allowances shown in statement B, aggregating Rs. 76 a month, be continued.

These are the subsistence allowances sanctioned for the relations of certain paid followers of the late Sardar and should be continued for the reasons given in paragraph 2 above—A.

4. That the allowances shown in statements D, E, F, be discontinued *in toto*.

Statements D, E and F, appended to the Political Officer's letter, show the allowances, amounting to Rs. 1,446-8-0, paid by the late Sardar to various members of his family, certain of his followers, servants and dependants, and the Political Officer recommends their discontinuance *in toto* on the ground that it is for the surviving members of the late Sardar's family and not for Government to undertake the relief of those affected by the death of their benefactor. The contention of certain of the recipients that Government had sanctioned the continuance of allowances paid in similar circumstances by the late Sardar Hashim Khan is not borne out by facts. As it was considered incumbent on Sardar Abdul Rahman that a certain proportion of the allowances made by the late Sardar Muhammad Hashim Khan to certain adherents and dependants should be continued, he was given a sum of Rs. 600 in addition to the sum of Rs. 2,000 sanctioned for the support of himself and the members of his family. In this case the allowances granted to the dependants by the late Sardar amount to Rs. 1,446 8-0, and it would be not unreasonable to reduce it by half, say Rs. 725, and ask the Political Officer to apportion the amount proportionally to near relatives and old and valued servants who cannot very well be left to starve. This will mean an excess‡ of Rs. 375 over half the sanctioned allowance of the late Sardar.

F. A., August 1903, Nos. 26—51.

| | Rs. | A. | P. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Statement D. .. .. | 568 | 0 | 0 |
| Statement E. .. .. | 403 | 0 | 0 |
| Statement F. .. .. | 475 | 8 | 0 |
| | 1,446 | 8 | 0 |

‡ Rs. 3,900+725=4,625.
Half allowance of late Sardar comes to Rs. 4,250.
4,625—4,250=375.



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Pro. No. 11.

5. That whatever allowances may now be sanctioned by Government be disbursed by the Political Officer to the individual grantees, whose receipts therefor shall be obtained.

For the reasons given we may agree with Colonel Spence.

6. That the houses previously rented at the expense of Government, both for the accommodation of the late Sardar and his family and for the office, continue to be so rented.

7. That the additional house rented by the late Sardar himself continue to be rented for the accommodation of the present occupants and that Government bear the cost.

8. That the cost of renting the house referred to in the foregoing proposal be met from the annual grant of Rs. 4,450 made to the late Sardar on account of summer accommodation and that the balance of the said grant be discontinued.

In Sardar Muhammad Hashim Khan's case the full amount for the house rent* and for a change to the hills* was continued to the son. For the reasons given in paragraphs 7 and 8 of the Political Officer's letter these proposals may be agreed to.

* F. A., August 1903, Nos. 26—51.

9. That the present status and constitution of the joint Agency remain unchanged, but that the headquarters be now made Dehra Dun and Mussoorie,

In 1881, a Political Officer was appointed to be in charge of the ex-Amir Muhammad Yakub Khan. In 1888,† when Ayub Khan and Hashim Khan came to India, the question was raised as to whether a Political Officer would be required to look after them and their followers. In our despatch to the Secretary of State, dated the 13th‡ March 1888, we said that it would be necessary to appoint a Political Officer to take permanent charge of the Afghan colony, to exercise effectual control over the leading men and to prevent them from carrying on intrigues in Afghanistan. Secretary of State approved§ our proposal and Captain Evans-Gordon was accordingly appointed as Political§ Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. In 1905,‖ Lord Curzon asked why it was necessary to have a Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, and it was proposed to make over the charge of the ex-Amir and his followers to the United Provinces Government and the charge of Ayub Khan to the Punjab. But this was abandoned¶ and the two posts were amalgamated¶ under one charge,—Political Officer** with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan and in charge of the ex-Amir. In view of the reasons given by Colonel Spence in paragraphs 9 and 10 of his letter, we may agree that no change in the status and constitution of the Agency is necessary and approve of the proposal that the headquarters of the Agency should in future be Dehra Dun and Mussoorie. In any case the designation of the Agency will have to be changed, and the Political Officer may be called the "*Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir.*"

† G. A., August 1888, Nos. 118—125.

‡ S. F., March 1888, Nos. 124—275.

§ G. A., August 1888, Nos. 118—125.

‖ G. A., April 1906, Nos. 1—10.

¶ *Ibid.*

Pro. No. 11

** G. B., June 1907, Nos. 77—83.

10. That the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar, aggregating Rs. 8,692, be paid by Government, and the expenditure met from the allotment provided in the current year's budget on account of the late Sardar's allowance.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Debts .. | .. 7,276 |
| Funeral expenses | .. 1,416 |
| Total | .. 8,692 |

Attention is invited to the Deputy Secretary F.'s note dated the 9th April 1914. We may accept Colonel Spence's proposals.

11. That the special police guard attached to this Agency at Lahore be reduced to a strength of 1 head constable and 4 constables, the services of the remainder being placed at the disposal of the Inspector-General of Police, Punjab.

We shall have to address the Punjab Government.

A. H. GRANT.

For the reasons given in paragraph 12 of the Political Officer's letter, the proposal may be accepted.

H. K. M.,—23-5-14.

J. W. S. I.,—23-5-14.

Lieutenant-Colonel Spence has dealt with the case most admirably. His letter is careful and clear—and in passing orders I recommend that we express appreciation of this.

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2. The foregoing note criticises the points clearly and fairly. I have made some marginal remarks, which please see.

3. The only point which appears doubtful is No. 4, the question of discontinuing the allowances in statements D, E, and F *in toto*. The office suggests the continuance of half of these allowances. Certainly it would cause considerable hardship to abolish them *in toto* and we could not hope that the family, each with a separate allowance, would continue their allowances in part or in whole themselves. I think the proposal that Government should continue to grant half their allowances is reasonable. This will, of course, leave some of the recipients in poverty—but I think we should adhere to the general principle that not more than half of any Afghan refugee's allowance is continued after his death and that we should gradually extinguish these allowances. By granting half the allowances mentioned in statements D, E, and F, coupled with the other proposals, we shall be slightly exceeding half the allowance enjoyed by the late Sirdar—but perhaps Finance Department will not object, in the special circumstances, to this slight excess.

4. Otherwise the proposals appear suitable and we may agree. Finance Department may see.

25-5-14. A. H. GRANT.

25-5-14. P. Z. COX.

Finance Department.

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The case is fully and clearly stated in Lieutenant-Colonel Spence's letter, dated the 30th April 1914, and paragraph 13 thereof contains a summary of his proposals. The allowances paid to the late Sardar Ayub Khan, his dependants and followers, cost us Rs. 1,75,486 a year. Lieutenant-Colonel Spence proposes to continue the allowances aggregating Rs. 1,16,616 a year to certain dependants, etc., of the deceased, resulting in a net saving of Rs. 58,870 a year. This does not take into account the non-recurring item of Rs. 8,692 which has been recommended for payment to the family on account of the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar.

2. The Foreign Department support these proposals subject to the following modifications :—

(1) The allowance of Rs. 101 a month hitherto received by Aday Saddozai,* widow of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan, to be continued till her death ;

*Cf.* Mr. Grant's marginal note, page 8 *ante*.

(2) Half of the allowances, aggregating Rs. 1,446-8-0 a month, mentioned in statements D, E, and F, to be continued proportionately to the near relatives and old servants of the Sardar. To discontinue these allowances *in toto* would cause hardship.

* Except that we may perhaps suggest the discontinuance *in toto* of the allowances mentioned in Statement E, which are paid to persons *who are in receipt of allowances from Government as well.*

3. We may agree* to the proposals as modified by the Foreign Department, although the modifications would raise the cost involved in the proposals by Rs. 9,891 per annum in excess of what has been proposed by Lieutenant-Colonel Spence.

The sanction of the Secretary of State is not required† to the continuance, to the extent proposed, of the monthly allowances, as although the allowances of some‡ of the members will be increased, the proposals as a whole will result in a net saving, that is to say, the aggregate amount of pensions will be reduced on continuance.

†*Vide* paragraph 3 of the Secretary of State's despatch No. 44-Finl., dated the 15th April 1910.

‡ *Cf.* item 3 (Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan) on page 18 of correspondence.

4. As regards the lump sum§ proposed to be paid on account of the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar, the idea seems to be that this may be treated as a set-off against the saving to be effected, which will cover the lump sum in about two months' time. In fact Lieutenant-Colonel Spence expects to meet it from the allotment provided in the current year's budget on account of the late Sardar's allowances. From this point of view, the restrictions contained in the Secretary of State's despatches Nos. 20-Political and 56-Political, dated the 17th March 1911, and the 7th June 1912, respectively, would not seem to apply, and the Secretary of State's sanction would not be necessary. But, on the other hand, it may reasonably be argued that the proposed lump sum should be taken as an additional item of extra expenditure in excess of Rs. 1,000 which must be treated as independent of any saving to be effected in the recurring allowances, thus requiring His Lordship's sanction under the strict terms of the despatches cited above. The latter appears to be the more correct view ; but as the point

§ Paragraph 13 (10) of Lieutenant-Colonel Spence's letter dated the 30th April 1914.

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is not free from doubt, we may, in the first instance, consult the Accountant-General, Punjab, if the Foreign and Political Department have no objection.

G. J. P.,—17-6-14.

The case is very fully and clearly stated in Colonel Spence's letter. I think we may accept in their entirety the proposals contained therein, though I do not think we can avoid—or should try to avoid—a reference to Secretary of State about the payment of Rs. 8,962, debts and funeral expenses. The other proposals are within our own powers and are covered by paragraph 3 of despatch 44 of 1910.

A very good report.
W. S. M[EYER].

Colonel Spence's proposals are moderate, reasonable, and economical and are fully justified in his letter.

2. It will be seen, however, that the Foreign and Political Department propose to continue half the allowances mentioned in statements D, E, and F, which Colonel Spence would withdraw. We know nothing of these dependants, but certainly some of them seem entitled to no consideration. Babu Chatterjee, No. 22 in D, entered the Sardar's service only a few months ago ; many of them—in fact the whole of E—are in receipt of other allowances from Government which it is proposed to continue in full. Of F many appear to be ordinary casual servants employed on domestic duties, probably quite new, *e.g.*, the coachman, water-carriers, barbers, sweepers, wheel tax, water tax, Cheragh-ud-Din and sons, the house owners, Dina Nath and Sheo Parshad can hardly be described as old dependants.

*Primâ facie* the only persons who appear to be entitled to consideration are some of D and possibly a few of the old servants in F, who may not be retained in the service of the family.

3. I think we may advise the Foreign and Political Department that they may at once sanction the proposals* in Colonel Spence's letter and prepare the despatch to Secretary of State about the funeral expenses and debts. As regards the items in D, E, and F we cannot accept their wholesale proposal to continue them in half, and that each case should be considered on its merits with a statement of the circumstances. Some of the persons concerned seem to be ordinary private servants, others are already in receipt of Government allowances and others may be in quite comfortable circumstances. [It may be noted that the Foreign and Political Department have taken no exception to the abolition of such allowances as Nos. 2, 4 and 8 on pages 18 and 19 of Colonel Spence's letter, for the continuance to whom the same arguments as for the continuance of D, E, and F could be used.]

* As modified by the continuance of Rs. 101 to Mussammat Aday Sadozai on page 18 of Colonel Spence's letter, in which matter we may defer to their recommendation.
F. W. JOHNSTON.

F. W. JOHNSTON,—19-6-14.

W. S. M[EYER],—19-6-14.

Foreign and Political Department.

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[NOTES IN THE FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.]

* * * * * * * * * * * *

Owing to the death of Sardar Ayub Khan, it is necessary to alter the name of the Yakub and Ayub Khan Agencies and the designation of Khan Sahib Ghulam Murtaza Khan, Assistant Political Officer with the late Sardar. This will be done as soon as the new designations have been settled. The question is being taken up by Frontier Branch, which may be asked to expedite it.

A. S.,—29-4-14.

H. B. ST. JOHN,—30-4-14.

It has been decided not to make any change in the status or constitution of the Ayub and Yakub Khan Agencies ; only the designation of the Political Officer has been changed from "Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan and in charge of the ex-Amir" to "Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir."

The designations of the two Assistant Political Officers of the Agencies will consequently have to be changed, otherwise there may be confusion if they are both called Assistant Political Officers in charge of the ex-Amir. The pay of the post of the Assistant Political Officer of the Ayub Khan Agency is Rs. 200—10—300, and the pay of the post of the Assistant Political Officer

Est. B., October 1913, Nos. 177—180.

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with the ex-Amir is Rs. 225 per mensem. The former may be called the "1st Assistant to the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir", and the latter the "2nd Assistant to the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir".

J. W. S. I.,—1-6-14.

The foregoing suggestion appears suitable—but we should await the return of the file from Finance Department; we can then suggest as above to Colonel Spence in our letter sanctioning the allowances.

1-6-14. A. H. GRANT.

1-6-14. P. Z. COX.

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Dated Mussoorie, the 12th June 1914.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL P. T. SPENCE, I.A., Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir,

To—A. H. GRANT, Esq., C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

I enclose for your information a note, with enclosures, which I have just received from my Assistant from Lahore.

I think you will agree with me in the view that Colonel Melville's letter to the young Sardar is very indiscreet. The youth has an absurdly inflated idea of his own importance as it is and such a letter as Colonel Melville has written is admirably calculated to encourage the boy in his folly. I may mention that on the very day of his father's death Sardar Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi informed me that he was far from satisfied with his accommodation at Lahore and wished to move into what he considered a suitable house with an electric installation.

I replied that it appeared to me that what had been good enough for his father and the rest of the family for so many years past should be good enough for the young man and that in any case he should remain where he was until Government passed orders on the report which I was about to submit.

Since then he has again approached me on the subject, but I have told him to await the receipt of orders from Government, as I am doing. Now comes the representation which I enclose.

Provided Government see no objection to the acquisition by the young Sardar's wife by purchase of a house at Lahore I think it would be a very good thing to allow the young man to move into it with his wife and his mother.

I have reported that this youth is on bad terms with the rest of the family and I should be very glad to see him and his belongings housed apart. If Government see no objection I will tell him that he may move into the house which his wife proposes to purchase provided such purchase is approved and Government are in no way committed.

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Political Officer.

Sardar Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi has again approached me about the question of his living out of the houses which are at present occupied by him and the other members of the late Sardar's family. He has produced the two enclosed papers and asked me to submit them to you. One of them is a letter written to him by Colonel Melville, I.M.S., and the other is a certificate given to him by Dr. Bal Kishen. He says that he would have liked very much to visit some hill station but that as no orders have yet been received from Government about him and the other members of the family of his late father and besides as he cannot go alone and must take his wife and mother with him, which he cannot afford to do, he will not go anywhere. He said that he would however be very grateful to you if you would very kindly give him permission to get out, as he has been advised by Colonel Melville, of the present houses. He is afraid, he says, that he might catch infection from the widow of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan who is suffering from tuberculosis and is living in the same house which is occupied by him.

He says that his wife is purchasing for herself a house in Lahore with the money which she has inherited from her father, the late Sardar Hashim Khan, and that his mother, his wife, and he will all live in that house and will have to pay no rent.

10-6-14. G. M.

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[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

Dated Lawrence Road, Lahore, the 14th May 1914.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL H. G. MELVILLE, I.M.S., Professor of Materia Medica, Medical College, Lahore,

To—SARDAR ABDUL KADIR KHAN,

In answer to your queries regarding your health, raised at our interview to-day, I do not think that you have any organic disease, but your manner of life, studious habits, and rather sensitive nature make you unduly thoughtful and anxious—and when to this is added the shock caused by His Highness's sad death, I can quite understand that you feel worried and anxious, and cannot sleep or digest your food properly and suffer from insomnia and palpitation.

What I should recommend for you is a complete change. Go away to Simla, which stands high and from where you can make excursions to Kulu—up the Hindustan-Tibet Road—and round to Mussoorie—and later on you might be able to carry out your project of going to Europe—and you might put in some study at Oxford and look at European Civilizations, Turkey, and the States of the North of Africa, all healthy climates comparatively and all absorbing for the mind.

You want your mind taken out of yourself and your surroundings and one way to do this is to get out of your present houses—and let them get thoroughly overhauled. I am afraid that unless this is done you may have outbreaks of tuberculosis in the families living there.

I have given you a medicine of the nature of a tonic—but your best medicine is really fresh air and change of air.

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Certified that Sardar Abdul Kadir Effendi, son of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, has not been keeping well for the last four months and that I do not think he could stand the heat of Lahore without seriously injuring his health. I therefore recommend that he may be permitted to go to the hills for the summer.

LAHORE :
*The 7th May 1914.*

BALKISHAN KAUL,
*Senior Assistant Surgeon.*

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This matter stands as follows :—The late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan was provided with house accommodation at Lahore at the expense of Government. The Sardar and his family occupied three houses, the rent of which was paid by Government. In addition to this, the Sardar rented a fourth house for a part of his family at his own expense. We have, for the reasons given by Colonel Spence, agreed to bear the cost of the fourth house also, for the accommodation of the late Sardar's family. Sardar Abdul Kadir Khan now wishes to remove to the house which his wife proposes to purchase at Lahore. There appears to be no objection to his doing so on the conditions specified by Colonel Spence.

C. K.,—17-6-14.

18-6-14. A. H. GRANT.

18-6-14. P. Z. COX.

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[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

Dated Simla, the 20th June 1914.

From—A. H. GRANT, Esq., C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL P. T. A. SPENCE, I.A., Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir, Mussoorie.

In reply to your demi-official letter dated the 12th instant, I am desired to say that we see no objection to Sardar Abdul Kadir Khan being permitted to reside in the house which his wife proposes to purchase at Lahore provided that the Punjab Government raise no objection and that it is clearly understood that Government is in no way committed. You should yourself ascertain from the Punjab Government that there is no local objection to the proposal.

G. M. Press, Simla.—No. 229 F.D.—10-7-14.—21.—E.A.

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We suggested that half the allowances aggregating Rs. 1,446-8-0 a month, mentioned in statements D, E and F, be continued proportionately to near relatives and old and valued servants of the late Sardar, and it was certainly not the intention to continue the allowances to Babu Chatterjee, who had entered the Sardar's service only a few months ago as a tutor, or to Messrs. Dina Nath and Sheo Parshad and S. Chiragh Din and Sons, house- owners, for the upkeep of the garden, etc.

A draft to Colonel Spence is submitted for approval, which His Excellency the Viceroy may see before issue. After issue, a despatch to Secretary of State will be prepared regarding the payment of the debts and funeral expenses, etc., and the remaining points will be taken up also.

C. K.,—26-6-14.

28-6-14. A. H. GRANT.

The draft is for Your Excellency's approval.

29-6-14. P. Z. COX.

7-7-14. H[ARDINGE].

LETTER TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 360-F., DATED THE 8TH JULY 1914.

*Sanctions certain proposals in respect of allowances to be paid to the members of the family of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, and calls for a list of the names of near relatives and old and valued servants for whom he would recommend the grant of allowances. States that orders in regard to the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar, and the proposed reduction of the police guard attached to the Agency at Lahore, will be communicated later. Adds that the status of the joint Agency will remain the same and makes certain enquiries regarding the designation of his Assistants at Lahore and Dehra Dun.*

ENDORSEMENT TO THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT, NO. 383-F., DATED THE 21ST JULY 1914.

*Forwards copy of the correspondence.*

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A draft of a despatch to the Secretary of State is submitted for approval. Finance Department may see before issue.

C. K.,—24-7-14.

27-7-14. A. H. GRANT.

27-7-14. P. Z. COX.

Finance Department.

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Seen in the Finance Department.

30-7-14. F. W. JOHNSTON.

Foreign and Political Department.

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DESPATCH TO HIS MAJESTY'S SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA, NO. 101-F., DATED THE 13TH AUGUST 1914.

*Requests sanction to the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan being defrayed by Government.*

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The proposal to reduce the police guard may now be taken up. In this connection please read paragraph 12 of Colonel Spence's letter No. 78, dated the 30th April 1914, paragraph 11 of the office note, dated the 23rd May 1914, with Deputy Secretary F.'s marginal note thereto and paragraph 4 of our letter No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914.

C. K.,—15-8-14.

16-8-14. A. H. GRANT.

TO THE PUNJAB GOVERNMENT, NO. 481-F., DATED THE 19TH AUGUST 1914.

*Requests that a reduction may be made in the strength of the police force with the* ex-*Amir.*



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ENDORSEMENT TO THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT, NO. 482-F., DATED THE 19TH AUGUST 1914.

*Forwards copies of foregoing correspondence.*

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FROM THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 144, DATED THE 21ST (RECEIVED THE 25TH) SEPTEMBER 1914.

*Forwards a copy of a letter from the Accountant-General, Punjab, and requests that the Accountant-General may be authorised to continue the payment of the house rent allowances enjoyed by the followers of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

We have decided that the allowances granted by Government to the late Sardar's followers will continue to be paid, as the death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan has not affected their claims.

The house rent allowances in question are enjoyed by the followers of the late Sardar, and it follows that they should be continued. Sanction to their continuance was clearly omitted by oversight.

A draft to the Accountant-General, Punjab, is submitted for approval. Finance Department may see before issue.

C. K.,—29-9-14.

30-9-14. A. H. GRANT.

Finance Department.

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We may concur; in our notes we accepted Colonel Spence's proposals, of which this was a part.

G. J. P.,—7-10-14.

7-10-14. F. W. JOHNSTON.

Foreign and Political Department.

TO THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB, NO. 606-F., DATED THE 10TH OCTOBER 1914.

*Informs him that the house rent allowances enjoyed by the followers of the late Sardar prior to his death should be continued.*

ENDORSEMENT TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 607-F., DATED THE 10TH OCTOBER 1914.

*Forwards a copy of the foregoing correspondence.*

ENDORSEMENT TO THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT, NO. 608-F., DATED THE 10TH OCTOBER 1914.

*Forwards a copy of the foregoing correspondence.*

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[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

No. 158, dated Lahore, the 17th October 1914.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL C. H. PRITCHARD, I.A., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir,

To—A. H. GRANT, Esq., C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

With reference to paragraph 4 of letter No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, from the Foreign and Political Department, would you kindly let me know when orders may be expected regarding the payment of Rs. 8,692 in connection with the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar Ayub Khan; and also regarding the reduction of the special police guard attached to the Agency at Lahore?

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We addressed the Secretary of State and the Punjab Government on the 13th and 19th August last, respectively, requesting the former to sanction the sum of Rs. 8,692-2-4, for

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payment of the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar, and the latter to reduce the special police guard attached to the Lahore Agency, and are awaiting their replies. We need not remind them.

C. K.,—22-10-14.

We might perhaps also remind the Punjab Government if this has not been done.

23-10-14. H. BOLTON.

This is hardly necessary. The matter is not urgent.

23-10-14. A. H. GRANT.

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[DEMI-OFFICIAL.]

Dated Simla, the 26th October 1914.

From— H. BOLTON, Esq., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL C. H. PRITCHARD, I.A., Political Officer in Charge of the *ex*-Amir, Lahore.

In reply to your demi-official letter, dated the 17th instant, I am desired to inform you that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has been requested to sanction the sum of Rs. 8,692-2-4 for the payment of the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar, and the Punjab Government have been requested to reduce the special police guard attached to the Lahore Agency. Replies are still awaited in regard to both points and you will be communicated with as soon as they are received.

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FROM THE PUNJAB GOVERNMENT, NO. 369-POL., DATED THE 23RD (RECEIVED THE 26TH) OCTOBER 1914.

*Intimates that the police guard sanctioned to safeguard the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan has been reduced by 1 sub-inspector, 1 head constable, and 15 constables.*

Please see notes above, also paragraph 4 of our letter to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, and our letter No. 481-F., dated the 19th August 1914, to the Punjab Government.

C. K.,—27-10-14.

27-10-14. H. BOLTON.

TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 645-F., DATED THE 30TH OCTOBER 1914.

*Informs him that the Punjab Government have reduced the police guard attached to the Lahore Agency.*

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FROM HIS MAJESTY'S SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA, NO. 117-POLITICAL, DATED THE 9TH OCTOBER (RECEIVED THE 2ND NOVEMBER) 1914.

*Sanctions the payment of the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar Muhammed Ayub Khan.*

Seen by His Excellency.

2-11-14. J. H. DUBOULAY.

3-11-14. B. D[UFF].

3-11-14. R. W. C[ARLYLE].

4-11-14. S. H. B[UTLER].

5-11-14. S. A. I[MAM].

5-11-14. W. H. C[LARK].

5-11-14. R. H. C[RADDOCK].

5-11-14. W. S. M[EYER].

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To the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 98-D., dated the 10th November 1914.

*Informs him that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has been pleased to sanction the proposal that the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar should be defrayed by Government.*

Endorsement to the Finance Department, No. 99-D., dated the 10th November 1914.

*Forwards a copy of the foregoing correspondence for necessary action.*

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From the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 1, dated the 4th (received the 8th) January 1915.

*Reports that the sum of Rs. 8,692-2-4 has been drawn and paid to various creditors, whose receipts have been obtained.*

Please see our letter to the Political Officer dated the 10th November 1914. For information only.

C. K.,—12-1-15.

13-1-15. J. L. Maffey.

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From the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 186, dated the 10th (received the 23rd) December 1914.

*Submits revised proposals regarding arrangements to be made consequent on the death of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

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From the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 16, dated the 1st (received the 5th) February 1915.

*Reports that the widow of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan died on the 23rd January 1915, and as she has left no survivors, her allowance lapses to Government with effect from the date following that of her death.*

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In our letter No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir was asked to submit proposals regarding the grant of allwances to the late Sardar's near relatives and old and valued servants, who enjoyed allowances from the Sardar himself, but were not in receipt of any allowance from Government. Colonel Pritchard, however, has submitted complete revised proposals including his recommendations in regard not only to the above allowances, but also to the allowances already sanctioned by us in connection with the arrangements made on the death of Ayub. He has done so because he has satisfied himself that there are certain inequalities and inadequacies in the allowances already sanctioned which need rectifying. His revised proposals may be dealt with *seriatim* :—

Statement C.

*Wives.*—1—5. The Political Officer does not recommend any increase to their allowances, their cases do not therefore require re-consideration.

*Concubines.*—1—5. The first four were in receipt of allowances of Rs. 36, 33, 30 and 25 *per mensem*, respectively, from the late Sardar. No 5 received no allowance. Colonel Spence in submitting his proposals for the redistribution of the allowances, recommended an allowance of Rs. 30 *per mensem* each for 1—3 and Rs. 25 *per mensem* each for Nos. 4 and 5. Colonel Pritchard recommends an allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem* each for all five.

*Sons.*—Nos. 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 are in receipt of allowances of Rs. 200, 200, 100, 250, 150, 100, 75 and 30 each *per mensem*, respectively. Colonel Pritchard recommends that these allowances be readjusted to the following amounts, *viz.*, Rs. 300, 250, 250, 250, 250, 250, 250, and 250 each *per mensem*, respectively.

*Daughters.*—5, 6 and 7, are in receipt of allowances of Rs. 30 each *per mensem*. Colonel Pritchard recommends an allowance of Rs. 50 each *per mensem* for all three. No. 2 is not in receipt of any allowance, but Colonel Pritchard recommends an allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem* for her also.

*Other relatives.*—Nos. 5, 6, and 7 are in receipt of allowances of Rs. 10 each *per mensem*. Colonel Pritchard recommends an allowance of Rs. 30 each *per mensem* for all three. Nos. 2

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4 and 8 are not in receipt of any allowances, but Colonel Pritchard recommends an allowance of Rs. 50, 100 and 30 each *per mensem*, respectively.

No. 3. Her case does not require reconsideration, as she died on the 23rd January 1915.

For the reasons given in column 6 of the above statement, we may, perhaps, support the proposals.

*Statement D.*—We may support the Political Officer's recommendations.

*Statement E.*—We may agree with the Political Officer.

*Statement F.*—We may support the Political Officer's recommendations.

2. We may invite the concurrence of the Finance Department to the whole of Colonel Pritchard's proposals, which have been framed after careful consideration of each individual case, with a view to ensure a liberal and yet reasonable treatment of the grantees in question. The proposals, if sanctioned, will involve an increase of Rs. 19,476* *per annum* over and above the amount, *viz.*, Rs. 47,592†, already sanctioned by Government, and make the total allowances proposed for the family and relations, followers and servants, of the late Sardar up to Rs. 67,068, *per annum*.

*Excluding the additional allowance of Rs. 15 *per mensem* recommended for No. 3 (other relatives) in Statement C, who has since died.

†Excluding the allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem sanctioned in our letter No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914 for No. 3 (other relatives) who has since died.

H. K. M.

3. With reference to the last paragraph of Colonel Pritchard's letter, attention is invited to the office note dated the 1st June 1914. We may accept his suggestion.

4. As regards his second letter, the Political Officer will no doubt inform the Accountant-General *re*: this lapse.

H. K. M.,—26-2-15.

C. K.,—1-3-15.

Colonel Pritchard has gone beyond the suggestions put forward in our letter in the revision of Colonel Spence's figures.

2. We had definitely accepted statement C (allowances paid by the late Sardar to his wives, sons, daughters and other relations), but Colonel Pritchard has found reasons for revising some of the items, with the result that the monthly total is Rs. 5,421 as against Rs. 4,001 as proposed by Colonel Spence.

3. These items (Rs. 1,420 per mensem) furnish Rs. 17,040 out of the total annual increase of Rs. 19,656 now proposed as compared with Colonel Spence's figures.

4. Statements D, E, F, which were the ground over which we intended Colonel Pritchard to work, provide the following increases only :—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | | |
| Statement D .. .. .. .. | 196 | per mensem. | |
| „ E .. .. .. .. | *nil* | „ | |
| „ F .. .. .. .. | 22 | „ | |
| Rs. .. | 218 | „ | 2616 per annum. |

the proposal as regards D, E, F, are moderate and reasonable and we may ask for sanction, without discussion.

5. As regards *statement C* I have compared Colonel Pritchard's figures with Colonel Spence's and in every case good reasons have been advanced for the increases proposed by the former. Some time having elapsed since the Sardar's death, it has been possible for Colonel Pritchard to deal with each claim in the light of a fuller experience than was possible for Colonel Spence.

We may invite the concurrence of the Finance Department in Colonel Pritchard's proposals.

Other points in the letter may be dealt with later.

J. L. MAFFEY,—1-3-15.

1. We need have no hesitation in asking Finance Department to agree to the proposals in statement D, E, F.

2. As regards statement C, however, we must be a little more diffident. It is a great pity that Colonel Pritchard finds reason to differ from Colonel Spence's original proposals, which seemed to us at the time quite adequate. At the same time Colonel Pritchard has obviously gone into the case very thoroughly and very sympathetically and we have not sufficient detailed



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knowledge of the circumstances of each case to critise his proposals severally. It is certainly desirable to be reasonably generous in a case of this kind, both for political reasons and in equity. We can therefore only forward the statement C to Finance Department for a favourable consideration as they can give it, without unduly pressing the proposals.

4-3-15. A. H. GRANT.

Finance Department.

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We may agree to the proposals in statements D, E and F.

2. As regards statement C, the Political Officer and the Administrative Department concerned are best in a position to decide as to the inadequacy or otherwise of the provisions of that statement as it originally stood. Colonel Pritchard, however, proposes a revision which the Foreign and Political Department are somewhat diffident in supporting inasmuch as it involves an extra expenditure of over 19,000 rupees *per annum* to Government. It is, no doubt, highly desirable to secure a final and equitable settlement of the claims in question and as the Officer on the spot, having gone carefully into the matter, thinks that this cannot be done for anything less than he suggests, this Department will probably be disposed to agree to the proposals in revised statement C. The new condition of affairs which have been in force* for some time have proved inadequate in actual experience and reason given for increasing the allowances in question seems to be sufficient.

*Article 277 (III) (8) note Civil Account Code, Volume I.

3. No reference to the Secretary of State is necessary.

S. M.,—18-3-15.

Our previous notes on pages 11 and 12 *ante* may be read. We agreed to the payment of Rs. 4001 out of Rs. 4,549 allowed by the late Sardar to some of his relations out of the monthly pension of Rs. 7,500 drawn by him from Government. The Political Officer proposed that the pensions shown in statements D,E and F, should be discontinued. The Foreign and Political Department wanted to suggest that half these latter pensions should be continued. We did not agree, but wanted each case to be considered on its merits. The Political Officer was accordingly asked to prepare revised lists.

2. The latter has now done this. We are not in a position to criticise his proposals on this account and may agree. But the Political Officer has gone further and proposes that the list C already sanctioned should be revised with the result that the amount of monthly disbursements *viz.*, Rs. 4,001 will be increased to Rs. 5,421. As regards this I think that, as far as possible we should try to keep the total within the limit of the amount actually disbursed by the late Sardar *viz.*, Rs. 4,549. It may be true that some of the recipients benefited otherwise when the Sardar was alive, and the cash they got was in the nature of pocket money. But it does not follow that Government should compensate them for the loss of these benefits. When the head of a family dies a certain amount of reduction in the scale of expenditure is inevitable. We may therefore stipulate that, except in cases where there is an overwhelming reason to the contrary, the allowances to be sanctioned ought not to be in excess of the amounts disbursed by the late Sardar. For example, taking item 9 on page 31 in Colonel Pritchard's letter No. 186, dated 10th December 1914, a mere statement that Rs. 150 a month " is hardly enough " for Sardar Abdul Samad Khan's " maintenance now that he will have to support himself " appears hardly adequate for raising the allowance to Rs. 250 which is Rs. 100 more than what he was receiving from the late Sardar. As another example we may take items 5, 6 and 7, page 38 of his letter. We have only to read the grounds of recommendation to admit readily that the proposed increase from Rs. 30 to Rs. 90 is justifiable and very necessary. It is a pity that we are precluded from re-arranging the allowances in the old statement C already agreed to. But we are not bound to listen to arguments like the one employed in item 7 page 30 in his letter, for instance, that a certain allowance should be increased because another man is getting more.

3. If this is agreed to, we may say that an increase of Rs. 1,420 a month is excessive and that the Political Officer should prepare a revised list, keeping down the increased expenditure to Rs. 548 a month. There may be inequalities as between men similarly situated. But this cannot be helped if the orders already passed on the old recommendation are to be final.

19-3-15. N. VIJAYARAGHAVAN.

The notes in this Department at page 12 *ante* will recall the case. The letter to the Political Officer, dated the 8th July 1914, his reply, and the notes from page 18 may also be read.

2. We may at once agree about the revision of the allowances in statements D, E and F.

3. As regards statement C, there are two courses open to us—

(1) To accept the proposals, which have obviously been framed with great care, as they stand.

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(2) To ask Foreign and Political Department to examine them in detail with a view to effecting such further economies as may be possible. I submit that this Department has not the requisite knowledge to submit each item to scrutiny and decide whether it should be accepted or whether the amount should be reduced. Mr. Grant remarks, in his note dated 4th March 1915, that his Department also has not sufficient detailed knowledge of the circumstances of each case to criticize Colonel Pritchard's proposals severally. He therefore commends them to our sympathetic consideration, without unduly pressing them.

Pages 19 and 20.

4. While I do not agree with Additional Assistant Secretary that it is necessary that these allowances should be limited to the sums which the late Sardar gave, I think that it should be possible for the Foreign and Political Department to examine them (some attempt has indeed been made in their office-note) and advise which of the proposals should be accepted and which rejected. I have examined Colonel Pritchard's recommendations and think that in a few cases they possibly err on the side of generosity. Additional Assistant Secretary in his note indicates certain cases in which the proposals require, *primâ facie*, further justification. I suggest therefore that the case be remitted to the administrative department for fuller examination of the detailed proposals, with the object of effecting further economies ; and I think that we may undertake to give sympathetic consideration to their final recommendations if they seem based on valid grounds.

I think so, too.
W. S. M[EYER].

21-3-15. G. FELL.

I agree. We don't want to be unduly niggardly in regard to these matters, but we cannot, on the other hand, be unduly generous at the cost of the tax-payer.

23-3-15. W. S. M[EYER].

Foreign and Political Department.

G. M. Press, Simla.—No. 773 F.D.—13-4-15.—21—S N.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

Pro No 30

OFFICE MEMORANDUM FROM THE OFFICE OF THE PRIVATE SECRETARY TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY, No. 597, DATED THE 9TH (RECEIVED THE 10TH) APRIL 1915.

*Transfers a petition from the sons and family members of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, stating that they are anxiously awaiting orders on their petition, dated the 10th December 1914, praying for adequate family provisions.*

12-4-15. J. L. MAFFEY.

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In accordance with the wishes of the Finance Department, Colonel Pritchard's recommendations have been examined. It is not possible to deal with them with individual knowledge of each case, but with a view to effecting economies, certain principles can be applied. We may regard it as a suitable arrangement—

(*a*) that the children of the late Sardar should be secured against penury, whether born in wedlock or not ;

(*b*) that children born in wedlock should receive preferential treatment as compared with the children of concubines ;

(*c*) that those who do not belong to the Sardar's party or whose claims are connected, not with the Sardar, but with the *ex*-Amir, should not be considered at the present time.

| | Amount saved per month as compared with Colonel Pritchard's recommendations. |
|---|---|
| | Rs. |
| 2. *Concubines.*—Applying these principles, we may deal firstly with the concubines, five in number. Colonel Pritchard has suggested an all-round rate of Rs. 50 per month in each case. In view of Colonel Spence's recommendations on a lower scale and of the fact that where there are children* who have claims they are receiving separate consideration, Rs. 40 per month in each case would be sufficient .. | 50 |
| 3. *Sons.*—Nos. 3, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11 and 12 have to be considered. Applying the principle that sons born in wedlock should receive more generous treatment than the sons of concubines, we may accept Colonel Pritchard's recommendations as regards sons numbered 3, 6 and 7. Serial No. 8 gives us the standard, as we have Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan, the son of a concubine, receiving Rs. 250 per month, and this enables us to accept Colonel Pritchard's recommendations in the case of the legitimate sons numbered 6, 7, 10 and 11. He has, however, perhaps been unnecessarily generous in the case of Nos. 9 and 12, sons of concubines, for whom Rs. 150 per month seems adequate. This allowance is less than that accorded to No. 8, also the son of a concubine, but we are here following the system adopted by the late Sardar, which seems a just arrangement .. .. .. .. .. | 200 |
| 4. *Daughters.*—Serial No. 2. We may agree with Colonel Spence that as the wife of Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan is married to a man who gets Rs. 200 from Government, she is not justly entitled to any allowance, and may reject Colonel Pritchard's recommendation .. .. .. | 50 |
| 5. No. 5, the daughter of a concubine, aged nine. She certainly should not get more than her mother (concubine No. 3). Rs. 30 per month, until marriage, is sufficient .. .. .. .. .. .. | 20 |
| No. 6 should receive the same as No. 5 .. .. .. .. | 20 |
| No. 7, a daughter born in wedlock, aged about eight. Rs. 50 per month is a fair allowance until marriage. We may accept Colonel Pritchard's figure. | |
| 6. *Other relations.*—We have to consider the case of Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8. | |
| No. 2 does not belong to the Sardar's party at all, but to that of the *ex*-Amir. We may agree with Colonel Spence and differ from Colonel Pritchard, making no allowance in this case .. .. .. .. | 50 |
| No. 3 is dead .. .. .. .. .. .. | 50 |
| No. 4. This Sardar was related in some way to the late Sardar, but his real status at Dehra Dun is that he is the husband of a daughter of the *ex*-Amir. He should undoubtedly be treated as a member of the *ex*-Amir's party and we may again agree with Colonel Spence and make no allowance .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. | 100 |

* Sons 8, 9 and 12.
Daughters 5 and 6.

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| | Amount saved per month as compared with Colonel Pritchard's recommendations. Rs. |
|---|---|
| Nos. 5, 6 and 7. These are granddaughters of the *ex*-Amir. The Sardar intended to marry them off to his sons and therefore gave them pocket money to the extent of Rs. 10 each. The continuance of this allowance has been sanctioned by Government and we may reject Colonel Pritchard's recommendation for an increase, as the first claim naturally lies against the *ex*-Amir. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. | 60 |
| No. 8 is not a member of the Sardar's party and again we may agree with Colonel Spence and reject the proposed allowance .. .. .. | 30 |
| Total .. | 630 p. m. |

| Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Proposed by Colonel Pritchard. | Now proposed. |
|---|---|---|
| Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 4,001 p. m. | 5,421 p. m. | 4,791 p. m. |

Finance Department may be asked to concur.

20-4-15. J. L. MAFFEY.

21-4-15. A. H. GRANT.

Finance Department.

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When we saw this case in March last, we accepted the proposals in Statements D, E and F attached to Colonel Pritchard's letter No. 186, dated the 10th December 1914, but, as regards Statement C, the Foreign and Political Department were asked to examine the detailed proposals fully with a view to effecting further economies. This has now been done. The principles stated in paragraph 1 of Mr. Maffey's note, dated the 20th April 1915, which have been applied by the Administrative Department in examining the question, appear to be suitable and the net result is a reduction of Rs. 630 per mensem in the total amount of the allowances.

The proposals as now amended by the Foreign and Political Department appear to be reasonable and may be accepted in this Department.

2. No reference to the Secretary of State is necessary.

S. M.,—27-4-15.

28-4-15. B. N. MITRA.

29-4-14. W. S. M[EYER].

Foreign and Political Department.

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A draft to Colonel Stratton is submitted for approval. Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan have since misconducted themselves, and the question of their allowances is under separate consideration. It is not necessary to do more than refer to the point as in paragraph 5 of the draft.

C. K.,—7-5-15.

10-5-15. J. L. MAFFEY.

I think that this should stand over until the enquiry into the conspiracy against the Amir is finished. We shall then see how far the whole family was involved. It would be a mistake at the present moment, when a cloud of suspicion hangs over the family, to sanction the increase in a number of the allowances. We shall have to reconsider the whole case in the light of the result of the investigation which is about to take place. In the meantime the papers should be printed up.

13-5-15. A. H. GRANT.

G. M. Press, Simla.—No. 118 F. D.—31-5-15.—21—B. A.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

* * * * * * * * * * *

Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan are the sons of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan by his second wife, Bibi Hajira, a Muhammadzai. They are in receipt of allowances of Rs. 400 and Rs. 200 *per mensem*, respectively, from Government. Their mother, Bibi Hajira, is also in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 300 *per mensem* from Government. Colonel Pritchard submitted a revised proposal recommending that the allowance of Rs. 200 *per mensem* enjoyed by Muhammad Azam Khan might be raised to Rs. 300 *per mensem*. The proposal is under consideration. The Sardars are 22 and 19 years old, respectively.

C. K.,—27-4-15.

28-4-15.

* * * * * * * * * * *

TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER WITH THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 31-F. C., DATED THE 3RD MAY 1915.

*Calls for proposals for subsistence allowances for the Sardars.*

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FROM THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 133 (CONFIDENTIAL), DATED THE 6TH (RECEIVED THE 7TH) MAY 1915.

*Submits his proposals for subsistence allowances for Sardars Muhammad Akram and Muhammad Azam and their three followers while confined in the Central Jail at Lahore.*

* * * * * * * * * * *

Colonel Stratton's proposal that daily expenses amounting to Rs. 6 a day may be allowed for the two Sardars and their three followers while confined in jail appears suitable and may be sanctioned. No reference to Finance Department seems necessary as the expenditure will be met from the allowances of the refugees.

C. K.,—8-5-15.

* * * * * * * * * *

LETTER TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 118-F. (CONFIDENTIAL), DATED THE 10TH MAY 1915.

*Conveys orders as to the expenditure to be incurred on the daily expenses of Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan and their three followers while confined in the Lahore Jail.*

* * * * * * * * *

LETTER FROM THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 149, DATED THE 17TH (RECEIVED THE 18TH) MAY 1915.

*Recommends suspension of the allowance of Rs. 300 per mensem enjoyed by the mother of Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam, and the grant to her and the wife and two children of the former Sardar of a subsistence allowance of Rs. 2 per diem for each lady and Re. 1 per diem for the two children, while the case is under enquiry.*

* * * * * * * * * *

Orders may perhaps be passed on the proposal to reduce the allowance of the mother of the two young men under arrest—which is made in Colonel Stratton's letter No. 149, dated the 17th May 1915. * * * There seems no necessity to take action in the matter till the investigation is further advanced.

C. K.,—20-5-15.

2. The draft to Colonel Stratton is for consideration. *Primâ facie* Colonel Stratton's proposals that the allowance should be reduced appear justified. On the other hand, there may be good reason for not reducing the women of the party to a condition of poverty which would excite sympathy.

29-5-15. J. L. MAFFEY.

30-5-15. A. H. GRANT.

* * * * * * * * *



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LETTER TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, No. 63-F. C., DATED THE 2ND JUNE 1915.

*Informs him that the Government of India desire to defer consideration of his proposal as to the suspension of the present allowance of the mother of Sardars Akram Khan and Azam Khan, until it has been definitely decided to what extent (if any) the lady was implicated in the recent conspiracy, and that in the meantime the allowance should be paid as before.*

* * * * * * * * * *

LETTER FROM THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, No. 165-CONFIDENTIAL, DATED THE 29TH (RECEIVED THE 31ST) MAY 1915.

*Submits proposals for subsistence allowances for the four followers of the late Sardar Ayub Khan, whose arrest and confinement in jail were reported in his letter No. 161-Confidential, dated the 27th May 1915.*

* * * * * * * * * * *

LETTER TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, No. 68-F. (C.), DATED THE 4TH JUNE 1915.

*Approves his proposal to fix the daily expenses of four followers of the late Sardar Ayub Khan who have been arrested and interned in the Central Jail at Lahore in connection with the conspiracy case at the same rate as was sanctioned for the three followers of Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan.*

* * * * * * * * * * *

LETTER FROM THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, No. 169, DATED THE 1ST (RECEIVED THE 4TH) JUNE 1915.

*Proposes that the house-rent allowances of certain followers of the late Sardar Ayub Khan now confined in the Central Jail at Lahore, in connection with the Afghan conspiracy case, should, for the present, be continued until the Government of India pass final orders in the matter.*

We may agree to house-rent being continued to the persons referred to, as proposed by Colonel Stratton.

C. K.,—5-6-15.

6-6-15. J. L. MAFFEY.

6-6-15. A. H. GRANT.

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LETTER TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, No. 70-F. (C.), DATED THE 7TH JUNE 1915.

*Agrees to the continuance of house-rent to certain followers of the late Sardar Ayub Khan while confined in jail pending final orders in the case.*

* * * * * * * * * * *

As regards the disposal of the accused, I propose that, if the Local Government concerned agree, we should send—

(1) Sardar Akram Khan and three or four followers to Ootacamund.

(2) Sardar Azam Khan and two or three followers to Bhamo or some other suitable place in Burma.

* * * * * * * * * * *

The Sardars and their followers should merely be detained under police surveillance and allowed to live on their present allowances.

* * * * * * * * * * *

The question of the removal of the remainder of Ayub Khan's family from Lahore, of providing employment for the sons, and of the future allowances to be drawn by the families will be considered later when the main question has been disposed of.

23-6-15. A. H. GRANT.

23-6-15. H[ARDINGE].

* * * * * * * * * * *

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TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BURMA, No. S.-601, DATED THE 24TH JUNE 1915.

*Enquires whether there is any objection to Sardar Azam Khan and two or three followers being detained under Regulation 3 of 1818 at Bhamo or other suitable place up-country.*

* * * * * * * * * * *

TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS, No. 606-S., DATED THE 24TH JUNE 1915.

*Similar enquiry as to detention of Sardar Akram Khan and two or three of his followers at Ootacamund under Regulation 3 of 1818.*

* * * * * * * * * * *

TELEGRAM FROM THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT, No. 890, DATED 3RD JULY 1915.

*Recommends Kodaikanal as the place of residence of Akram Khan. States that no suitable house can be obtained for less than Rs. 100 per mensem.*

* * * * * * * * * * *

We may now consider the further action required on this file with reference to :—

(1) Arrangements for the disposal of Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan and followers.

(2) Colonel Stratton's letter about the jail charges of the followers detained in the Lahore jail and the subsistence allowance of their dependents.

(3) The petition from the two Sardars dated the 26th May 1915, forwarded by Mr. Petrie.

2. As regards (1), the Madras and Burma Governments, respectively, have agreed to the arrangements indicated in paragraph 4 of Foreign Secretary's note dated the 23rd June 1915, except that the former prefer Kodaikanal to Ootacamund as the place of residence of the Sardar and followers to be made over to them, while the latter consider Taunggyi, in the Southern Shan States, as the most suitable place for the detention of the Sardar and followers to be sent to them. We may accept the recommendations of the Local Governments in both cases, although the rent of Rs. 100 a month which will at present have to be paid for a suitable house at Kodaikanal seems rather too much for Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan to meet out of his allowance of Rs. 400 a month. In view of the fact that these Sardars and their followers enjoyed free house accommodation at Lahore, and that the houses leased there for them by Government will probably be rented when the Lahore Colony is broken up, it is a question whether the rent of the houses occupied by the Sardars and their followers at the places where they may be detained should not be paid by Government.

* * * * * * * * * * *

In his note of the 25th June, Foreign Secretary directed that the allowances of the followers named below should be looked up. These allowances are as follows :—

| | Monthly allowances. Rs. |
|---|---|
| Yakub Ali Khan .. .. .. .. .. .. | 155 |
| Abdul Hakim Khan .. .. .. .. .. .. | 27 |
| Behram Khan .. .. .. .. .. .. | 80 |
| Mir Afzal Khan .. .. .. .. .. .. | 10 |

Haji Abdul Karim apparently is not a follower of the late Sardar Ayub Khan and does not draw an allowance from Government, as his name is not included in the lists of followers who enjoy allowances from Government or who received such from the late Sardar. As this man has not yet been arrested, his case can be disposed of separately when, and if, he is caught.

* * * * * * * * * * *

C. K.,—11-7-15.

I spoke to Deputy Secretary (Finance) on the telephone to-day and explained the case briefly and said that we proposed to address Finance Department as soon as we know how we stand. It is most important not to delay the disposal of the case further.

12-7-15. A. H. GRANT.

The two young Sardars are to go with Nazir Ghulam Jan to the Madras Presidency. Kodaikanal may be accepted as a suitable residence. There is no reason why more than one house should be provided for the party. The Madras Government may be asked to take the house at Rs. 100 *per mensem* suggested.

Yes. But they should be asked if possible to secure a slightly cheaper house later on.
A. H. GRANT.

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The united incomes of the two Sardars are Rs. 600 and as Government provided quarters in Lahore it should continue to do so now. It is not desirable to reduce the Sardars to poverty.

The house-rent question is complicated, but when the party have been moved out of Lahore there will possibly be a saving under this head and we can approach the Finance Department with a clear statement of the case and ask for sanction to our arrangements.

Yes. This will be best.

A. H. GRANT.

* * * * * * * * * * *

Yakub Ali Khan and four others may go to Taunggyi in Burma. They are not men of any standing. Their allowances are sufficient to maintain them and they should make their own arrangements for quarters.

They must be also allowed to take their families, which Political Officer must arrange.

A. H. GRANT.

* * * * * * * * * * *

We may approve the proposals made by Colonel Stratton in his letter dated 26th June for the period of the pensioner's incarceration. This involves no extra cost. Colonel Stratton can adjust the charges from the fixed allowances.

Yes.

A. H. GRANT.

Colonel Stratton may now be informed of the arrangements now in train with regard to the Sardars and others involved in the case.

Yes. We should write fully to him and make it clear that he is to make all arrangements.

A. H. GRANT.

15-7-15.

J. L. MAFFEY.

A. H. GRANT.

* * * * * * * * * * *

LETTER TO THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE *ex*-AMIR, NO. 119-F. (C.,) DATED THE 16TH JULY 1915.

*Informs him of the steps being taken for the disposal of the persons arrested in connection with the recent Afghan conspiracy at Lahore, and directs him to proceed at once to Lahore and personally make all the arrangements in this connection in direct consultation with the officials of the Punjab Government.*

* * * * * * * * * *

TELEGRAM FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS NO. 970, DATED THE 16TH JULY 1915.

*States that three houses are available at Kodaikanal at Rs. 40 per mensem each.*

* * * * * * * * * * *

The case of Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan, Muhammad Azam Khan and others has been finally settled (*vide* pages 24—27 of notes and 102-6 of correspondence). The persons implicated in the conspiracy and drawing allowances from Government are :—

1. Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan.
2. Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan.
3. Nazir Ghulam Jan.
4. Yakub Ali Khan.
5. Abdul Hakim Khan.
6. Behram Khan.
7. Mir Afzal Khan.

2. S. Nos. 1—3, are in receipt of allowances of Rs. 400, Rs. 200* and Rs. 70† *per mensem* respectively. They have been sent to Kodaikanal in the Madras Presidency, they will draw their full allowances,‡ and Government will pay for their house accommodation (presumably three houses have been engaged§ at Rs. 40 *per mensem* each).

*Pages 67-68 of correspondence.

†Page 9 of correspondence. Serial No. 3 also receives house-rent at Rs. 6-8-0 *per mensem*. (Page 104 of correspondence).

‡Pages 105-106 of correspondence.

§Page 106 of correspondence.

S. Nos. 5—7 have been sent to Taunggyi in Burma. S. No. 4 is at present owing to illness unable to travel, but will follow the others to Taunggyi.

S. Nos. 4—7 are in receipt of allowances of Rs. 155, Rs. 27, Rs. 80, and Rs. 10 *per mensem* respectively. They will also continue to draw their full allowances (including house rent‖ as already sanctioned) but will have to make their own arrangements for accommodation.

Pages 9—11 of correspondence.

‖Serial Nos. 5 and 6 also receive house-rent at Rs. 3 and 6 *per mensem* respectively. No. 4 draws Rs. 27 house-rent jointly with his two brothers. He will therefore receive Rs. 9 *per mensem* as house-rent (page 104 of correspondence).

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3. As regards Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan (S. No. 2) we decided on Colonel Pritchard's recommendation to raise his allowance from Rs. 200 *per mensem* to Rs. 300 *per mensem*. No official orders have however issued *re* this, and it is now submitted for orders whether, in view of his recent conduct and of Foreign Secretary's note of 13th May 1915, his allowance should be raised to Rs. 300 *per mensem* or allowed to remain at Rs. 200.

Page 22 of notes.

Page 23 of notes.

4. As to the cost of defraying the house-rent at Kodaikanal, please see page 5 of correspondence. The late Sardar was provided with house accommodation at Lahore at the expense of Government. The Sardar occupied 3 houses, the rent of which (Rs. 412-8-0 *per mensem*) was paid by Government. A fourth house at a monthly rental of Rs. 65 was rented by the Sardar himself. At the death of the Sardar, and on the recommendation of the Political Officer, we agreed to pay for the rent of the fourth house also. The leases of the 3 houses (which were rented for a term of ten years commencing from the 22nd January 1908) will expire on the 22nd January 1918. Now that the Sardars with their families have left Lahore, the Political Officer can sublet their quarters.* There will thus be a saving under this head, and we can ask the Finance Department to sanction the house-rent to be paid at Kodaikanal.

*A separate reference has been made to him in this connection.
C.K.,—1-9-15.

5. As soon as orders are passed *re* Sardar Muhammad Azam's allowance, the draft will be modified. (The allowance of the sons and followers of the late Sardar, will, in future, be paid through the Governments of Madras and Burma.)

H. K. M.,—1-9-15.

C. K.,—1-9-15.

This case may now go forward. Finance Department agreed to our proposals, but although the Lahore Conspiracy case has caused delay we need not apply for retrospective sanction.

2. The quesion of house-rent at Kodaikanal will be dealt with separately. The Political Officer is arranging to sublet the vacated houses at Lahore and there should be a saving.

3. The draft is for consideration. The only point of importance is the decision to be made regarding Sardar Muhammad Azam, the younger of the two brothers implicated in the conspiracy. He is aged 19. We hold sanction to increase his allowance from Rs. 200 *per mensem* to Rs. 300 in order to raise his financial status (as a son born in wedlock) above that of the sons of concubines ; who draw Rs. 250.

4. The family have been heavily punished and the Sardars have been exiled with their families to a distant province where they will find it none too easy to maintain themselves in decency.

It is thought that the proposed increase should be allowed to stand.

J. L. MAFFEY,—3-9-15.

I agree. But I have added a paragraph making it clear that the increase in Muhammad Akram's allowance does not mean that we regard his offence lightly. Issue with this addition.

3-9-15. A. H. GRANT.

G. M. Press, Simla.—No. 466 F.D.—29-9-15.—21.—S.N.

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To the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir, No. 356-F., dated the 8th September 1915. — Pro. No. 45

*Issue orders, re the allowances to be paid to the family, followers and relations of the late Sardar Ayub Khan.*

Endorsement to the Finance Department, No. 357-F., dated the 8th September 1915. — Pro. No. 46

*Forwards a copy of the foregoing letter for information and necessary action.*

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Telegram from the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir, No. 326, dated (and received) the 15th September 1915. — Pro. No. 47

*Refers to our letter No. 356-F., dated the 8th September 1915, and enquires from what date the revised allowances are to come in force.*

The Political Officer may be told that the revised allowances are to come in force from the date of the letter sanctioning the allowances, *i.e.*, 8th September 1915. (It was agreed on the notes that there was no necessity to give these allowances with retrospective effect.)

C. G.,—16-9-1915.

A. H. Grant,—17-9-1915.

Telegram to the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir, No. 379-F., dated the 17th September 1915. — Pro. No. 48

*Informs him that revised allowances are to come in force from the 8th September 1915.*



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PROCEEDINGS OF THE

# FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT, OCT. 1915.

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**Death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. Re-distribution of allowances among his family, relatives and followers.** [Pro. No. 1

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## DEATH OF SARDAR MUHAMMAD AYUB KHAN. PAYMENT OF THE LATE SARDAR'S DEBTS AND FUNERAL EXPENSES BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. RE-DISTRIBUTION OF ALLOWANCES AMONG HIS FAMILY, RELATIVES, AND FOLLOWERS.

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NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

Pro No 1

Telegram No. 66, dated Lahore, the 7th April 1914.

From—The Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan, Lahore,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department.

Much regret to report Sardar Ayub Khan died last night. Details follow by letter. Addressed Foreign with Viceroy. Repeated Foreign, Simla.

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Pro No 2

Telegram No. 115-F., dated Simla, the 7th April 1914.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

To—To the Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan, Lahore.

Greatly regret to learn of death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. Please offer my condolences and sympathy to family of the late Sardar.

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Pro No 3

Telegram dated Simla, the 7th April 1914.

From—His Excellency the Viceroy (Foreign and Political Department), Simla.

To—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, London, *viâ* Eastern.

Regret to report death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, Afghan Refugee, 6th April, at Lahore.

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Pro No 4

Telegram No. 116-F., dated Simla, the 7th April 1914.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla,

To—The Political Agent, Khyber, Landi Kotal.

Please transmit the following message to His Majesty the Amir with the least possible delay. *Begins.* Much regret to report death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan on 6th instant at Lahore. Burial of late Sardar will take place in Peshawar, signed Hardinge, Viceroy and Governor-General. *Ends.*

*Kharita No. 10-P. O.-A., dated 14th April 1914.*

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Pro No 5

Telegram dated Peshawar, the 7th April 1914.

From—The Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, Peshawar,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Political Agent with Sardar Ayub Khan telegraphs dated 7th April. *Begins* 67. Sardar Ayub Khan died last night. Family wish to remove remains to Peshawar for burial. Please telegraph urgently whether this may be done. I have replied that there is no objection on my part.

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Pro No 6

Telegram No. 114-F., dated Simla, the 7th April 1914.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla,

To—The Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, Peshawar.

Your telegram 277 of to-day. No objection to burial of late Sardar Ayub Khan at Peshawar ; addressed North-West Frontier Province, repeated Political Yakub, Lahore.

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Pro No 7

Telegram No. 69, dated Lahore, the 8th April 1914.

From—The Political Officer, with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan, Lahore,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Ex-Amir telegraphs he wishes to pay visit of condolence to family of late Sardar. Family of late Sardar very anxious ex-Amir should come. Owing to urgency of case and exceptional circumstances I have authorised ex-Amir to leave Dehra Dun to-day with Assistant Political Officer for Lahore and trust my action will be approved.

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Pro No 8

Telegram No. 120-F., dated Simla, the 8th April 1914.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Political Officer, with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan, Lahore.

Viceroy has heard with great regret of death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan and desires that his condolences be offered to family of late Sardar.

Addressed Political, Yakub, repeated to Private Secretary, Viceroy, Viceroy's Camp.

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Pro No 9

Telegram No. 121-F., dated Simla, the 8th April 1914.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Yakub Khan, Lahore.

Your telegram No. 69, April 8th. Ex-Amir's visit to late Sardar Ayub Khan's family. Your action is approved. Please inform Punjab Government.

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Pro No 10

No. 311-P., dated Peshawar, the 24th April 1914.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. J. S. Donald, C.S.I., C.I.E., Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province,

To—The Foreign Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department.

I have the honour to forward for record a copy of the Persian* translation of the message to His Majesty the Amir of Afghanistan communicated to the Political Agent, Khyber, in Foreign and Political Department telegram of 7th April 1914, regarding the death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan which occurred at Lahore on the 6th April 1914.

* Not printed.

G. M. Press, Simla.—No. 117 F. D.—23-5-14.—44—C.W.M.

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No. 78, dated Lahore, the 30th April 1914.

From—Lieutenant-Colonel P. T. Spence, I.A., Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

My telegram No.* 66, dated the 7th April 1914, reported to the Government of India the sad news of the death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. I have now the honour to submit the following report in connection with the arrangements which I recommend for sanction in consequence of this occurrence.

2. I enclose printed statements marked A and B, showing the monthly allowances paid to the late Sardar up to the date of his death as well as to his followers with the sanction of the Government of India.

It is unnecessary to recapitulate the circumstances in which the allowance sanctioned for the late Sardar himself originally stood at the figure of Rs. 5,000 a month and finally reached the figure of Rs. 8,500 a month shown in statement A. It will suffice for present purposes to state that up to the date of his death the late Sardar persisted in his refusal to draw the final addition of Rs. 1,000 a month sanctioned in the letter from the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No.† 134-F., dated the 2nd May 1913. Up to and for the month of March 1914, therefore, the late Sardar continued to draw Rs. 7,500 a month as his personal allowance.

3. It remains to determine what provision is now to be made for the family of the deceased Sardar out of the monthly allowance of Rs. 8,500 sanctioned for him for the four years preceding his death. In this connection I attach 4 statements marked C, D, E and F, of the monthly allowances which the late Sardar paid to the various members of his family, certain of his followers, servants and dependents.

A reference to statement C will show that the monthly allowances granted by the late Sardar to his wives, children and other relatives aggregated Rs. 4,549 per mensem. Before proceeding to attempt an analysis of the individual allowances set out in this statement, it may be well to invite a reference to the prayers contained in the enclosed petition addressed to His Excellency the Viceroy by the sons of the late Sardar. This petition was made over by the petitioners to the ex-Amir on the occasion of his departure from Lahore at the termination of his visit of condolence to the family of the late Sardar. The ex-Amir handed the petition over to me personally on his return to Dehra Dun.

It will be seen that the sons, as representing the family of the deceased Sardar, pray that their father's sanctioned allowance of Rs. 8,500 a month may be continued to the family in full, that house accommodation both for winter and summer be provided for them at the expense of Government, and that the addition of Rs. 1,000 a month sanctioned to the late Sardar's allowance but not drawn by him be paid to them with retrospective effect from the date from which it was sanctioned, *i. e.*, the 1st April 1910.

4. Having regard to the liberality of the individual allowances contained in statement C, as well as to the fact that the aggregate of the various allowances detailed in statements C, D, E and F, represents a grand total of Rs. 5,995 a month, I can but characterise the prayer of the family, as contained in their petition, as being extravagant and excessive.

It is to be remembered that the bulk of the allowances detailed in statements D, E and F may reasonably be classed as charitable and personal to the late Sardar. Most, if not all, of these latter should, in my opinion, cease with the Sardar's death. The allowances made to the immediate members of his family by the late Sardar, as detailed in statement C, aggregate Rs. 4,549 a month, *i.e.*, Rs. 299 a month in excess of a half of the allowance finally sanctioned for him by Government.

In this statement, as originally received by me from the family of the late Sardar, no allowance appeared against the names of Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan, his sister

Saadat Sultan, Sardars Muhammad Sarwar Khan and Muhammad Umar Khan. The two full brothers of the first named Sardar, *viz.*, Sardars Sultan Ahmad Khan and Sher Ahmad Khan are shown in the statement to be in receipt of allowances of Rs. 322 per mensem and Rs. 230 per mensem, respectively. Sardars Muhammad Sarwar Khan and Muhammad Umar Khan are full brothers but their mother alone is shown to be in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 210 a month. As I can find no reasonable ground for the exclusion of the above-mentioned children of the late Sardar from the favour enjoyed by the remainder of the family, I have ventured to recommend the following allowances as shown against their names :—

| | Rs. | |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan .. .. .. | 100 per mensem. | |
| 2. Saadat Sultan (sister of above) .. .. | 30 „ „ | until marriage. |
| 3. Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan .. .. | 100 „ „ | |
| 4. Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan .. .. | 75 „ „ | |

As a set-off against this increase I have recommended the discontinuance of certain allowances paid by the late Sardar to " other relatives " as shown at the end of statement C, for reasons stated in the column of remarks.

S.F. Sour. 1909 Nos. 1–10 Corrs: pp. 16–17.

5. In accordance with the foregoing suggestions my recommendation is that, out of the personal allowance of Rs. 8,500 a month sanctioned for the late Sardar, monthly, allowances aggregating Rs. 3,900 be sanctioned for the individual members of the late Sardar's family in accordance with statement C as modified by me.

After full consideration I find myself compelled to recommend the discontinuance in their entirety of the allowances detailed in statements D, E and F. In making this recommendation I have only to observe that I can find no justification for suggesting that Government should undertake a burden which appears to me to have been strictly personal to the late Sardar. I cannot find that Government are in any way pledged in this respect and it seems to me that it is obviously for the family of the late Sardar to take up this burden or such portion of it as may be deemed fitting or necessary hereafter.

After making the foregoing recommendation, concerning the discontinuance "*in toto*" of the several allowances made by the late Sardar himself to the various recipients enumerated in statements D, E and F, I was approached by certain of the said recipients who appealed to me to consider their cases as well as those of their fellows on the ground that Government had sanctioned the continuance of allowances paid in similar circumstances by the late Sardar Hashim Khan. The petitioners' main contention was that during his lifetime Sardar Hashim Khan paid several allowances to his relatives and followers out of the monthly allowance which Government granted to him personally. On the death of Sardar Hashim Khan, so say the petitioners, Government continued the allowances paid by him to his relatives and followers in full or in part irrespective of whether such relatives and followers were or were not already in receipt of allowances from Government.

F.A. Aug. 1903 Nos. 26–51 Corrs: p. 18.

As to the accuracy of this statement I am unable to speak for the reason that I have no records bearing on the point. But I have no doubt that the Government of India will be able without difficulty to verify it. For the rest I have only to observe that such information as I have leads me to the view that the cases of Sardar Hashim Khan and Sardar Ayub Khan cannot well be compared. Apart from the fact that the former is reputed to have had only 1 wife, 1 son, 1 daughter, and a limited number of followers, the latter had 5 wives, 5 concubines, 12 sons, 7 daughters and several other relatives, to say nothing of a very large number of followers and dependents. While, therefore, I can fully sympathise with and appreciate the personal hardship which the discontinuance of charitable and sentimental allowances made by the late Sardar to a host of relatives and dependents may involve, I adhere to the view that it is for the surviving members of the late Sardar's family and not for Government to undertake the relief of those affected by the death of their benefactor.

6. With regard to the allowances enjoyed by the late Sardar's followers as shown in the printed statement marked A, I presume that these allowances, which

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were originally sanctioned when the late Sardar was in Persia, will not be affected in any way by the late Sardar's death.

The payment of these allowances, with the exception of item No. 1, which has been dealt with separately, will therefore be continued to the grantees as heretofore.

Similarly, the payment of the subsistence allowances enjoyed by the relations of certain paid followers of the late Sardar as shown in the printed statement marked B, will also, I presume, be continued.

During the late Sardar's lifetime these allowances were, in accordance with the agreement made with him, handed over to him for disbursement among his followers. As the agreement has now terminated with the death of the Sardar, I have the honour to recommend that the disbursement be made in future by this office and a separate receipt obtained from each payee. For reasons which will be explained later I consider it imperative that all allowances sanctioned for the family, dependents or followers of the late Sardar should be disbursed in the manner suggested.

7. The late Sardar was provided with house accommodation at Lahore at the expense of Government at a monthly cost of Rs. 412-8-0 (which included the rent of the Political Officer's office) as sanctioned by Government in their letter No. 228-F., dated the 22nd January 1908. The late Sardar and his family occupied three houses the rent of which was paid by Government. A fourth house, adjoining the other houses and in the same enclosure with them, was rented by the late Sardar himself at a cost of Rs. 65 per mensem for the accommodation of a part of his family. These houses were leased for a term of ten years commencing from the 22nd January 1908 on the terms set forth in the agreement entered into with the owners of the houses which were submitted to Government with the letter from this Office No. 182, dated the 15th August 1908. Of this term a period of about six years has elapsed while a period of about four years remains to run before the leases expire. I would recommend, therefore, that the late Sardar's family may be allowed to continue to occupy at the expense of Government all of the four houses in which they are at present accommodated.

× F.B. Aug. 1908 nos. 331–332.

† F.B. Aug. 1908 nos. 437–439

My reason for recommending that, in addition to the rent of the three houses already paid by them, Government shall also pay the rent of the fourth house formerly paid by the late Sardar is that it would be obviously unfair to require the occupants of the said house to pay for its rent while the occupants of the other three houses were relieved of such a charge. I may explain that it would be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to apportion the share of the rent of the four houses between the various occupants, and it is for this reason in particular that I have felt myself compelled to recommend that Government shall bear this charge.

8. The late Sardar, in the letter from the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 538-F., dated the 24th February 1902, was also granted a sum of Rs. 4,450 per annum for accommodation in the hills for which he made his own arrangements. The Government of India are aware that the late Sardar's attitude in respect of visiting the hill stations during the summer was distinctly unstable. It is common history that he had no predilection for Dalhousie, having a marked preference for Murree and Kashmir. Last summer he was allowed to visit Kashmir where he intended to proceed again this summer. But I have ascertained that on the occasion of his visits to the hills the late Sardar never took more than a very limited portion of his family with him, and that those of his wives and children who did not actually accompany him were required to meet the cost of their own summer arrangements from the monthly allowances which they received from the Sardar. I may note that had the Sardar lived to visit Kashmir this year it was his intention to require Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan and his mother to pay their own expenses including accommodation in Kashmir. Similarly, Sardar Sultan Ahmad, his brothers and mother, were to be required to do the same, while Sardar Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi and his mother were to visit Poona for the hot weather at their own expenses. I give this information in order to show that the allowance which the late Sardar made to his family were designed and intended to cover such expenses, and I accordingly recommend that

† F.B. March 1902 nos. 42–43.

§ F.B. April 1913. nos. 101–102.

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Government require the family to meet all expenses of this nature from such allowances as they may now be pleased to sanction.

In making this recommendation I would suggest that from the sum of Rs. 4,450 per annum, which was allowed to the late Sardar on this account, a sum of Rs. 780 per annum may in future be devoted to the payment of the rent of the fourth house at Lahore to which reference was made at the end of the preceding paragraph.

9. I enclose a copy of a letter which had been addressed to me by Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi, the eldest son of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, in which his chief requests are that, being the eldest son of the late Sardar, he may be accorded more favoured treatment than his brothers and that he may be regarded as the head of the family. In this connection I would explain that, owing to the family dissensions consequent upon the late Sardar's partiality to individual wives and sons as well as to the fact that there is so slight a difference of age between several of the sons of late Sardar, it would in my judgment be in the last degree impolitic to attempt to recognise the eldest son formerly as the head of the family. He can be so regarded merely nominally, but I cannot recommend too strongly the necessity for reserving to the Agency the duty of disbursing whatever allowances may be sanctioned to individual members of the late Sardar's family and of obtaining their individual receipts therefore. To adopt any other course would, in my opinion, assuredly lead to endless trouble, inconvenience and complaints. Evidences are not lacking to show that considerable dissensions and rivalry already exist between the members of the family, and for this reason alone I am not prepared in present circumstances to consider the question of any possible change in the present status or constitution of the Agency.

10. Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi is an extremely pushing and conceited youth far more like a young Indian student of the advanced type than a young Afghan Sardar of the type of his father. His present idea evidently is that he will now take the place of his father in the eyes of Government and that he will receive precisely similar status and treatment to that shown to the late Sardar. In point of fact his father disliked him, and it is evident that there is no love lost between him and his brothers. In spite of very strenuous efforts he has failed to prevail upon his brothers to sign an undertaking that they will henceforward regard him as the head of the family. All of the greybeards, including the ex-Amir himself, have exhorted me most solemnly in the best interests of the family to use all my influence to prevent any formal recognition of the eldest son as head of the family for the sake of peace and harmony. I may, however, observe that no such exhortation was necessary as family jealousies alone would have rendered it most impolitic to recommend any course other than that which I have suggested.

Khan Sahib Ghulam Murtaza Khan, the Assistant Political Officer at Lahore, had won the full confidence and friendship of the late Sardar with the result that he is much respected by the family. It follows that he has acquired an intimate and unique knowledge of the affairs of the family. Being possessed of considerable commonsense, tact and patience, I feel confident that his presence at Lahore in close proximity to the family will contribute very materially to the maintenance of harmony and to the settlement of the numerous petty questions which are bound to crop up until the family have become resigned to the new order of things. While, therefore, I am unable to suggest any present change in the constitution or status of the joint Agency, I think that in view of the late Sardar's death it would be gratifying to the ex-Amir if Dehra Dun and Mussoorie were to be made the official headquarters of the joint Agency. With the death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan the political importance of Lahore as headquarters has in my opinion ceased to exist. The ex-Amir on the other hand is growing old and I think it would be a great salve to his injured feelings if the suggested measure were taken. Seeing that the transfer would in effect be nothing more than a paper one, I trust that it will be found possible to sanction it, the more so as I consider that the continued location of headquarters at Lahore will but tend to exaggerate the importance of the late Sardar's family at the expense of the dignity of the aged ex-Amir.

11. The late Sardar's family in their petition addressed to His Excellency the Viceroy pray that the accumulated arrears represented by the increase of

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Rs. 1,000 made to the late Sardar's allowance in 1909 may be made over to them for the purpose *inter alia* of meeting the debts of the late Sardar. I have ascertained from the family that these debts (including funeral expenses) amount to Rs. 8,692-2-4 in all.

I would recommend that this amount be paid to the Sardar's family and debited to the sum provided in the budget of this Agency for the current year on account of the late Sardar's allowance. Seeing that the accumulated arrears of the addition sanctioned to this allowance represented half a lakh of rupees in round figures at the date of the Sardar's death, I think it would be a gracious and generous act if Government were to relieve the family in the manner suggested.

12. On the arrival of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan at Rawalpindi in 1888 and up to 1893 the duty of keeping watch and ward over him and his party was performed by the Police of that district. In 1893, however, in accordance with the sanction conveyed in the letter from the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1553-F, dated the 17th June 1893, to the address of the Chief Secretary to the Government of Punjab, a copy of which was forwarded to this Agency under endorsement No. 1554-F dated the 17th June 1893, a special police guard consisting of 1 Inspector, 2 Head constables and 19 constables was placed entirely under the orders of this Agency for duty connected with the late Sardar and his followers.

With regard to the incidence of the cost of this increase in the Punjab Police force, the Government of India held that the charge was a provincial one falling under head " 20—Police " and that it could not, therefore, be debited to the expenditure connected with this Agency.

On the late Sardar's removal to Lahore in 1902, the police arrangements which existed at Rawalpindi were continued at Lahore, and the duties which were entrusted to the guard consisted in guarding the Sardar's house at night and watching the movements of his followers at the Lahore railway station and a few other adjacent railway stations. With the Sardar's death the necessity for maintaining this police guard at its present strength has disappeared. It is, however, desirable to retain a small portion of it to help this Agency in controlling the late Sardar's followers and to utilise in police cases and any conflicts which may arise between these followers and the townsfolk. I would, therefore, recommend that the police guard attached to this Agency may now be reduced to strength of 1 Head constable and 4 constables, and that the services of the remainder consisting of 1 Inspector, 1 Head constable and 15 constables may be replaced at the disposal of the Inspector-General of Police, Punjab.

13. To sum up, my proposals, as contained in the foregoing paragraphs, may be briefly stated as follows :—

(1) That from the allowance sanctioned for the late Sardar, individual allowances aggregating Rs. 3,900 a month be paid to the members of his family as recommended in statement C.

(2) That the allowances shown in statement A (excluding item No. 1) and aggregating Rs. 4,931-2-8 a month be continued.

(3) That the allowances shown in statement B, aggregating Rs. 76 a month, be continued.

(4) That the allowances shown in statements D, E, and F be discontinued "*in toto.*"

(5) That whatever allowances may now be sanctioned by Government, be disbursed by this office to the individual grantees whose receipts therefore shall be obtained.

(6) That the houses previously rented at the expense of Government, both for the accommodation of the late Sardar and his family and for the office continue to be so rented.

(7) That the additional house rented by the late Sardar himself continue to be rented for the accommodation of the present occupants and that Government bear the cost.



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(8) That the cost of renting the house referred to in the foregoing proposal be met from the annual grant of Rs. 4,450 made to the late Sardar on account of summer accommodation and that the balance of the said grant be discontinued.

(9) That the present status and constitution of the joint Agency remain unchanged, but that the headquarters be now made Dehra Dun and Mussoorie.

(10) That the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar aggregating Rs. 8,692 be paid by Government, and the expenditure met from the allotment provided in the current year's budget on account of the late Sardar's allowance.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Debts .. .. .. | 7,276 |
| Funeral expenses .. .. | 1,416 |
| Total .. | 8,692 |

(11) That the special police guard attached to this Agency at Lahore be reduced to a strength of 1 Head constable and 4 constables, the services of the remainder being placed at the disposal of the Inspector-General of Police, Punjab.

The financial effect of these proposals is shown in statement G, from which it will be seen that they are calculated to bring about a saving of Rs. 4,905-13-4 a month or Rs. 58,870 a year, as compared with pre-existing arrangements.

This saving does not take into account the non-recurring item of Rs. 8,692 which I have recommended for payment to the family on account of the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar.

14. In conclusion, it may be well to explain briefly the general principles by which I have been guided in making the modifications suggested in the various personal allowances set forth in statement C.

In the case of widows Nos. 1 to 3 I have acted on the principle of uniformity coupled with a suggested reduction which I hold will leave these three ladies a provision, at the same time suited to their position and sufficient for their requirements. For widows Nos. 4 and 5 I have been guided by the same general principles but without recommending so large a reduction as in the case of widows Nos. 1 to 3.

In respect of concubines Nos. 1 and 2, I have suggested small reductions in order to bring them on a level with concubine No. 3.

In the case of concubine No. 5, who was unprovided for, I have suggested an allowance similar to that enjoyed by concubine No. 4 during the late Sardar's lifetime.

Turning to the allowances of the sons of the late Sardar, I may explain that both in order to afford some slight recognition of the eldest son and also to improve the position of Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan, I have suggested a slight reduction in the allowance of Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan (No. 2) with a corresponding increase in the allowance of Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan (No. 3).

In the case of the allowances of the remaining sons the modifications suggested by me are either explained in the body of this report or are such as do not call for explanation.

The explanations contained in the statement itself concerning the cases of the daughters and " other relatives " do not appear to call for amplification.

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A.

*Statement of allowances of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan and his followers for the month of March 1914.*

| No. | Name. | Sanctioned amount. | | | Amount paid. | | | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. | A. | P. | Rs. | A. | P. | |
| 1 | Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan .. .. | 8,500 | 0 | 0 | 7,500 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2 | Daughter of the late Sardar Fateh Muhammad Khan. | 40 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3 | Sister of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, mother of Mir Abdul Qadir Khan. | 600 | 0 | 0 | 600 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4 | Mir Abdul Qadir Khan .. .. | 100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5 | Sister of Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan .. | 100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6 | Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan .. .. | 200 | 0 | 0 | 200 | 0 | 0 | |
| 7 | Sardar Abdul Rasul Khan .. .. | 50 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8 | Widow of the late Colonel Shahrukh Khan | 70 | 0 | 0 | *Nil.* | | | Died on 30th November 1913. |
| 9 | Sardar Fateh Muhammad Khan .. | 600 | 0 | 0 | 600 | 0 | 0 | |
| 10 | Nazir Ghulam Jan .. .. .. | 70 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 0 | |
| 11 | Abdul Qadir Khan's widow .. .. | 12 | 8 | 0 | 12 | 8 | 0 | |
| 12 | Nur Muhammad Khan .. .. | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | |
| 13 | Qutb-ud-din, son of the late Khair-ud-din Khan. | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | |
| 14 | Ahmad Khan .. .. .. | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | |
| 15 | Sardar Nazar Muhammad Khan .. | 200 | 0 | 0 | 200 | 0 | 0 | |
| 16 | Sardar Sher Muhammad Khan, brother of Sardar Amir Muhammad Khan. | 200 | 0 | 0 | 200 | 0 | 0 | |
| 17 | Ghulam Muhammad, son of the late Lala Sarwar. | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | |
| 18 | Widow of the late Lala Sarwar .. .. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | |
| 19 | Mama Yar Muhammad Khan, maternal uncle of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. | 100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | |
| 20 | Abdul Aziz Khan, maternal cousin of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. | 100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | |
| 21 | Widow of the late Yar Muhammad .. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | |
| 22 | Agha Mir Sarwar .. .. .. | 59 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 0 | |
| 23 | Widow of the late Haji Yar Muhammad Khan. | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | |
| 24 | Daughter of the late Haji Yar Muhammad Khan. | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | |
| 25 | Ghulam Siddiq Khan .. .. .. | 50 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | |
| 26 | Abdul Hakim Khan .. .. .. | 27 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | |
| 27 | Qazi Nur-ud-din Khan .. .. | 110 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Carried over .. | .. | | | .. | | | |

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| No. | Name. | Sanctioned amount. | Amount paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| | Brought forward .. .. | .. | .. | |
| 28 | Agha Mir Raza .. .. .. | 50 0 0 | *Nil* | Died on 1st October 1913. |
| 29 | Akhtar Muhammad Khan, *Shahghasi* .. | 80 0 0 | 80 0 0 | |
| 30 | Muhammad Sarwar, son of the late Nazir Ghulam Husain Khan. | 16 10 8 | 16 10 8 | |
| 31 | Muhammad Hashim, son of the late Nazir Ghulam Husain Khan. | | | |
| 32 | Bahram Khan .. .. .. | 80 0 0 | 80 0 0 | |
| 33 | Sarfraz Khan .. .. .. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | |
| 34 | Yaqub Ali Khan .. .. .. | 155 0 0 | 155 0 0 | |
| 35 | Sher Jan Khan .. .. .. | 100 0 0 | 100 0 0 | |
| 36 | Nadir Khan .. .. .. .. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | |
| 37 | Ghulam Sarwar Khan, son of the late Naib Ghulam Haidar Khan. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | |
| 38 | Ghulam Raza, son of the late Naib Ghulam Haidar Khan. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| 39 | Daughter of the late General Mir Fakir Khan. | 40 8 0 | 40 8 0 | |
| 40 | Widow of the late General Mir Fakir Khan's maternal uncle. | 6 0 0 | 6 0 0 | |
| 41 | Daughter of the late General Mir Faqir Khan's uncle. | 6 0 0 | 6 0 0 | |
| 42 | Murtaza, son of the late General Mir Faqir Khan's sister. | 7 0 0 | 7 0 0 | |
| 43 | Daughter of the late General Mir Faqir Khan's sister. | 7 0 0 | 7 0 0 | |
| 44 | Muhammad Siddiq, son of the late Mir Sikandar Shah Khan. | 7 8 0 | 7 8 0 | |
| 45 | 'Abdul Rahman, son of the late Brigadier Amir Jan. | 15 0 0 | 15 0 0 | |
| 46 | Ata Muhammad Khan, son of the late General Taj Muhammad Khan. | 100 0 0 | 100 0 0 | |
| 47 | Jan Muhammad Khan, son of the late General Taj Muhammad Khan. | 100 0 0 | 100 0 0 | |
| 48 | General Wali Muhammad Khan .. | 200 0 0 | 200 0 0 | |
| 49 | Widow of the late Baba Mir Khan .. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| 50 | First daughter of the late Baba Mir Khan .. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| 51 | Second daughter of the late Baba Mir Khan. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| 52 | Widow of the late Colonel Kiamurz Khan | 45 0 0 | 45 0 0 | |
| 53 | 'Abdul Hamid, son of the late Colonel Isfandyar Khan. | 18 0 0 | 18 0 0 | |
| | Carried over .. | .. | .. | |

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| No. | Name. | Sanctioned amount. | Amount paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| | Brought forward .. | .. | .. | |
| 54 | Widow of the late Colonel Mir Haidar Khan | 4 0 0 | 4 0 0 | |
| 55 | Said Muhammad 'Umar, son of the late Colonel Gul Khwaja. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 56 | Muhammad Amir, son of the late Risaldar Sher Ahmad Khan. | 4 0 0 | 4 0 0 | |
| 57 | Muhammad 'Umar, son of the late Risaldar Sher Ahmad Khan. | 4 0 0 | 4 0 0 | |
| 58 | Widow of the late Mir Abu Talib, son of the late Brigadier Mir 'Abdul 'Ali Khan. | 7 8 0 | 7 8 0 | |
| 59 | Sister of the late Mir 'Abu Talib .. | 7 8 0 | 7 8 0 | |
| 60 | Risaldar Mehr 'Ali Khan .. .. | 30 0 0 | 30 0 0 | |
| 61 | Safdar 'Ali Khan, son of the late Lala Haidar Khan. | 65 0 0 | 65 0 0 | |
| 62 | Daughter of the late Shad Muhammad Khan | 7 0 0 | 7 0 0 | |
| 63 | Haji Muhammad, son of the late Khalifa Muhammad Hasan. | 30 0 0 | 30 0 0 | |
| 64 | Muhammad Qasim Khan .. .. | 45 0 0 | 45 0 0 | |
| 65 | 'Abdul Jabbar, son of the late 'Abdul Raúf Khan. | 5 0 0 | 5 0 0 | |
| 66 | Widow of the late 'Abdul Raúf Khan .. | 15 0 0 | 15 0 0 | |
| 67 | Ghulam Naqshband, nephew of 'Ali Ahmad, Shikari. | 17 8 0 | 17 8 0 | |
| 68 | Widow of the late Loi Lala .. .. | 5 0 0 | 5 0 0 | |
| 69 | Muhammad Aslam, son of the late Loi Lala | 6 0 0 | 6 0 0 | |
| 70 | Muhammad Anwar, son of the late Loi Lala | 4 0 0 | 4 0 0 | |
| 71 | Ghulam Rasul, brother-in-law of Akhtar Muhammad Khan. | 15 0 0 | 15 0 0 | |
| 72 | Muhammad Aslam Khan .. .. | 60 0 0 | 60 0 0 | |
| 73 | Taza Gul .. .. .. | 25 0 0 | 25 0 0 | |
| 74 | Usta 'Ata Husain .. .. .. | 60 0 0 | 60 0 0 | |
| 75 | Mirza 'Abdul Manam .. .. .. | 50 0 0 | 50 0 0 | |
| 76 | 'Ata Muhammad .. .. .. | 12 0 0 | 12 0 0 | |
| 77 | Lala 'Abdul Hamid .. .. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | |
| 78 | Muhammad 'Umar .. .. .. | 15 0 0 | 15 0 0 | |
| 79 | Haji Mehtar .. .. .. | 15 0 0 | 15 0 0 | |
| 80 | Farrash Bashi Baba Khan .. .. | 70 0 0 | 70 0 0 | |
| 81 | Hasan .. .. .. .. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | |
| 82 | Mir Afzal .. .. .. .. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| 83 | Mir Ghiyas .. .. .. .. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| 84 | Widow of the late Pir Muhammad .. | 5 0 0 | 5 0 0 | |
| 85 | Widow of the late Muhammad 'Umar .. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| 86 | Khwaja Nur Khan .. .. .. | 50 0 0 | 50 0 0 | |
| 87 | Sheru .. .. .. .. | 35 0 0 | 35 0 0 | |
| 88 | Shakar Khan .. .. .. | 25 0 0 | 25 0 0 | |
| | Carried over .. | .. | .. | |



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| No. | Name. | Sanctioned amount. | Amount paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| | Brought forward .. | .. | .. | |
| 89 | Muhammad Rahim .. .. .. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | |
| 90 | Widow of the late Muhammad .. .. | 2 8 0 | 2 8 0 | |
| 91 | Muhammad Qayum, son of the late Muhammad. | 2 8 0 | 2 8 0 | |
| 92 | Sister of Muhammad Qayum .. .. | 2 8 0 | 2 8 0 | |
| 93 | Nik Muhammad .. .. .. | 11 0 0 | 11 0 0 | |
| 94 | Khan Muhammad, son of late Taj Muhammad. | 7 8 0 | 7 8 0 | |
| 95 | Shah Wali .. .. .. .. | 11 0 0 | 11 0 0 | |
| 96 | Jaras .. .. .. .. | 11 0 0 | 11 0 0 | |
| 97 | Muhammad Sharif .. .. .. | 11 0 0 | 11 0 0 | |
| 98 | Widow of the late Taj Muhammad .. | 5 8 0 | *Nil.* | Died on 3rd December 1913. |
| 99 | Mullah Khushdil Khan.. .. .. | 16 0 0 | 16 0 0 | |
| 100 | Ghulam Haidar Khan .. .. .. | 30 0 0 | 30 0 0 | |
| 101 | Saleh Muhammad .. .. .. | 17 0 0 | 17 0 0 | |
| 02 | Widow of the late Mullah Taj Muhammad | 4 8 0 | 4 8 0 | |
| 103 | Muhammad 'Azam, son of the late Jalal-ud-din Khan. | 12 8 0 | 12 8 0 | |
| 104 | Muhammad Aslam Khan .. .. | 14 0 0 | 14 0 0 | |
| 105 | Gul Muhammad .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 106 | Saleh Muhammad .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 107 | 'Ali Khan .. .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 108 | Haji Muhammad .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 109 | 'Abdul Qadir .. .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 110 | 'Abdul Habib, son of the late 'Abdul Ghiyas | 4 8 0 | 4 8 0 | |
| 111 | Muhammad Husain .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 112 | Sher Muhammad .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 113 | Barat 'Ali, son of the late Sohrab .. | 4 8 0 | 4 8 0 | |
| 114 | Khair Muhammad .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 115 | Muhammad Nabi, son of the late Ghulam Jan | 3 0 0 | 3 0 0 | |
| 116 | Widow of the late Ghafur .. .. | 4 0 0 | 4 0 0 | |
| 117 | Shah 'Alam .. .. .. .. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | |
| 118 | Aghar Khan .. .. .. .. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | 12,431 2 8 |
| 119 | Widow of the late Nurakhur Raúf .. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | 7,500 0 0 |
| 120 | Hakim 'Abdur Rauf Khan's nephew named Muhammad Askar Khan. | 37 8 0 | 37 8 0 | |
| | | | | 4,931 2 8 |
| | Total .. | 13,594 2 8 | 12,431 2 8 | |

LAHORE :
*Dated the 1st April 1914.*

P. T. SPENCE, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
*Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

B.

*Statement of Subsistence Allowances of the relations of certain paid followers of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, sanctioned in Foreign Department letters Nos. 78-F.* and 3022-F.† respectively, the 7th January and the 29th July 1895, for the month of March 1914.*

*F.A. Aug 1895 nos. 68–80 Corres: p 20

†F.A. Aug 1895 nos. 68–80 Corres: p 36.

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount sanctioned. | Amount paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 1 | Widow of the late Yusuf 'Ali Khan, brother of Mehr 'Ali Khan. | 2 0 0 | *Nil.* | Died on 2nd December 1913. |
| 2 | Widow of Muhabbat 'Ali Khan, brother of Mehr 'Ali Khan. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 3 | Daughter of Muhib 'Ali Khan, brother of Mehr 'Ali Khan. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 4 | Second daughter of ditto ditto. .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 5 | Daughter of Ahmad 'Ali Khan, brother of Mehr 'Ali Khan. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 6 | Sister of the late Khalifa Hasan .. .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 7 | Daughter of Khalifa Hassan's sister .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 8 | Wife of Khalifa Karim, son of Khalifa Hassan's sister. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 9 | Daughter of Malik 'Abbas Khan's sister .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 10 | Second daughter of Malik 'Abbas Khan's sister. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 11 | Daughter of the sister of Pir Muhammad, son of Malik 'Abbas Khan's uncle. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 12 | Sister of Aghar Khan .. .. .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 13 | Widow of the late A'bdullah, son of Hussain Khan. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 14 | Grand-daughter of Aghar Khan's uncle .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 15 | Second grand-daughter of Aghar Khan's uncle. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 16 | Wife of Khan Gul, son of Aghar Khan's uncle. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 17 | Daughter of Khan Gul .. .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 18 | Wife of 'Alum-ud-din, son of Aghar Khan's uncle. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 19 | Mother of Asmatullah, son of Aghar Khan's sister. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 20 | Wife of Asmatullah .. .. .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 21 | Daughter of Asmatullah .. .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 22 | Daughter of Ghulam Rasul Khan's sister .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 23 | Second daughter of ditto .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 24 | Widow of the late Gul 'Alam Khan, brother of Abdul Hakim Khan. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 25 | Daughter of 'Abdul Hakim Khan's brother Gul 'Alam Khan. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| | Carried over .. | .. | .. | |

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount sanctioned. | Amount paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| | Brought forward .. | .. | .. | |
| 26 | Grand-daughter of A'dbul Hakim Khan's uncle. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 27 | Second grand-daughter of ditto .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 28 | Wife of 'Abdul Hakim Khan's uncle .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 29 | Daughter of 'Abdul Hakim Khan's uncle .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 30 | Wife of Ahmad Gul .. .. .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 31 | Mother of Ahmad Gul .. .. .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 32 | Sister of Muhammad Yusuf Khan .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 33 | Second sister of Muhammad Yusuf Khan | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 34 | Third sister of ditto .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 35 | Wife of Ahmad 'Ali, brother of Shah Wali Khan. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 36 | Second wife of ditto .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 37 | Daughter of Ahmed 'Ali, brother of Shah Wali. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 38 | Second daughter of ditto .. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| 39 | Mother of Khair Ahmad, son of General Taj Muhammad Khan's uncle. | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | |
| | Total .. | 78 0 0 | 76 0 0 | |

LAHORE :
*Dated the 1st April 1914.*

P. T. SPENCE, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
*Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

C.

*Statement of allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to his wives, sons, daughters and other relations.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed to be paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | *Wives.* | Rs. | Rs. | |
| 1 | Mother of Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. | 400 | 300 | Her name is Farrukh Taj. She is a Muhammadzai by birth. She is the daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Aslam Khan, son of the late Amir Dost Muhammad Khan. Thus she was a first cousin of the late Sardar. She is about 60 years of age. She was married to the late Sardar at Kabul during his father's lifetime. She has only one son, Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi, who is the eldest son of the late Sardar. She has a brother named Sardar Amir Muhammad Khan, who was formerly in the late Sardar's party. But in 1905 he quarrelled with the late Sardar and the allowance of Rs. 1,000 per mensem which he received from Government was stopped at the Sardar's request. She has also another brother named Sardar Sher Muhammad Khan, who is still in the late Sardar's party and receives an allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem from Government.<br><br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 100 per mensem. |
| 2 | Mother of Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan. | 410 | 300 | Her name is Hajira. She is also a Muhammadzai. Her late father, Sardar Abdus Sami Khan, a descendent of Amir Dost Muhammad Khan's brother, lived with the late Sardar when he was at Rawalpindi and received a private allowance from him. The late Sardar married her in 1890. She is about 45 years of age. She and No. (3) were the two favourite wives of the late Sardar. She has the following issue :—<br><br>1. Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan (about 22).<br>(2) Sardar Mahammad Azam Khan (about 19).<br>(3) Sardar Muhammad Akbar Khan (borne in Kashmir on 20th September 1913).<br><br>Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan were the favourite sons of their father, especially Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan.<br><br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 110 per mensem. |
| 3 | Khwahar-i-Khan (or the Khan's sister). | 400 | 300 | She is known as the Firozkohi wife of the late Sardar. Her name is Shirin. Her father was a chief of the Firozkohi tribe, Herat. She had a brother in Afghanistan named Sadaat Khan, Firozkohi. She was married to the Sardar at Kabul. She is about 50 years of age. She has no children of her own, but she has brought up Sardar |
| | Carried over .. | .. | .. | |



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed to be paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Brought over .. | Rs. .. | Rs. .. | |
| | | | | 'Abdul 'Aziz Khan (son No. 8) who is by a slave girl who belonged to her. Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan (son No. 11) is also by a slave girl belonging to her. She was one of the two favourite wives of the late Sardar. It is said that some years ago the late Sardar entrusted her with Rs. 1,60,000 which he had saved. Of this sum Rs. 20,000 was expended by the late Sardar on the marriage of his sons. It is not known what has become of the balance.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 100 per mensem. |
| 4 | Mother of Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan. | 221 | 200 | She is known as the Circassian wife of the late Sardar. Her name is Nazuk. When the late Sardar was on his way from Persia to India she was purchased by him from a high Turkish official at Baghdad, named Sulciman Pasha, for about Rs. 12,000. She has the following issue :—<br>1. Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan (about 24 years).<br>2. Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan (about 22 years).<br>3. Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan (about 19 years).<br>4. Daughter named Saadat Sultan (about 8 years).<br>It is not known whether the Sardar performed any "Nikah" ceremony in taking her as his wife, but she was treated as a married wife.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 21 per mensem. |
| 5 | Mother of Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan. | 210 | 200 | She is the daughter of Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan, a follower of the late Sardar.<br>The Sardar married her at Rawalpindi about 20 years ago. Her name is Amina. She has two sons :—<br>1. Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan (about 20 years).<br>2. Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan (about 18 years).<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 10 per mensem. |
| | *Concubines.* | | | |
| 1 | Mother of the late Sardar Ghulam Muhammad Khan. | 36 | 30 | She is a Firozkohi slave. She came with the late Sardar's Firozkohi wife (No. 3). She is about 60 years of age. She has two daughters, the elder of whom, who is the eldest child of the late Sardar, is married to Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, and the younger ismarried to Sardar Abdul Rahim Khan, one of the ex-Amir's sons.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 6 per monsem. |
| | Brought over .. | .. | .. | |

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed to be paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Brought over .. | Rs. .. | Rs. .. | |
| 2 | Mother of Sardar Abdul Samad Khan. | 33 | 30 | She is a Chitrali slave. Her name is Rabeli. She is about 50 years of age. Formerly she was a slave girl in the household of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan. When she went to Persia with the late Madar-i-Waliahd (widow of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan) she was taken over by the late Sardar as a concubine. She has only one son, Sardar Abdus Samad Khan. I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 3 per mensem. |
| 3 | Mother of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan. | 30 | 30 | Her name is Sahib Jan. She is a Sistani slave. She is about 45 years of age. She has had several children, but now only two daughters remain. Her grown-up son, Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan, who was married to one of the ex-Amir's daughters, died about 3 years ago. Her elder daughter is married to Sardar Abdul Karim Khan, one of the ex-Amirs' sons. The younger, named Zebun-nisa, aged about 9 years, is with her mother. |
| 4 | Gulab .. .. .. | 25 | 25 | She is a Persian Kurdish slave. She was purchased by the late Sardar in Tehran. She has no issue. She together with the foregoing 3 concubines were the late Sardar's personal attendants in the harem. |
| 5 | Mother of Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan. | *Nil.* | 25 | She received no allowance from the late Sardar. Her son, Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan, received an allowance of Rs. 30 per month. She is a Persian slave. Her name is Zarafshan. She was purchased by the late Sardar in Persia. She is about 45 years of age. She has no other children. I recommend the grant of an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem as the lady is not otherwise provided for. |
| | *Sons.* | | | |
| 1 | Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. | 500 | 500 | Son of widow No. 1. He was born at Baghdad when the late Sardar was on his way from Persia to India. He was therefore given the Turkish appellation of Effendi. He is 26 years of age. He knows English and has studied a large number of English books. He has written a biography of his father, which he is very anxious to publish, but the late Sardar was always against its publication. He is married to a daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Hashim Khan. She inherited Rs. 46,000 from her father. Of this sum Rs. 20,000 was deposited in the Burma Bank, which afterwards failed, and only Rs. 10,000 was recovered. After the recovery Rs. 36,000 was left, to which was added another sum of Rs. 3,000 by sale of jewellery, and the whole amount (Rs. 39,000) was invested in landed property in the wife's name. Sardar Abdul Kadir Khan has a young son, about 3 years old, named Sham-ud Din. |
| 2 | Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan. | 500 | 400 | Son of widow No. 2. He and his younger brother, Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan, were the two favourite sons of the late |
| | Carried over | .. | .. | |

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar | Amount proposed to be paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. | Rs. | |
| | Brought forward .. | .. | .. | |
| | | | | Sardar. He knows English. He is about 22 years of age. He is married to a neice of Nawab Sir Muhammad Aslam Khan of Peshawar. Has two sons named Muhammad Afzal (about 3 years old), Muhammad Ali (about 2 months old).<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 100 per mensem, Rs. 95 out of which I think should be added to the allowance of son No. 3. |
| 3 | Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan. | 105 | 200 | He is full brother of Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan (No. 2 above). The late Sardar was very fond of him. He has been learning English with an Indian tutor at home. He is betrothed to one of the daughters of the ex-Amir, a full sister of Sardar Abdur Rahman Jan. Her name is Nur Jahan.<br>I recommend an addition of Rs. 95 per mensem to this allowance. |
| 4 | Sardar Muhammad Akbar Khan (an infant). | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | The above two brothers have a younger brother named Sardar Muhammad Akbar Khan, who was born in Kashmir on 20th September 1913. |
| 5 | Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan | 322 | 300 | Son of widow No. 4. He is about 24 years of age. He knows English. He is married to one of the ex-Amir's daughters by a concubine. He has one son named Sultan Muhamman Khan, aged about two years. He has two younger brothers Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan and a Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan and a sister named Saadat Sultan.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 22 per mensem. |
| 6 | Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan .. | 230 | 200 | Son of widow No. 4 and full brother of Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan (No 5 above). He is about 22 years of age. He is married to one of the daughters of the ex-Amir by a concubine. He has been educated at home and knows English.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 30 per mensem. |
| 7 | Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan .. | *Nil.* | 100 | Son of widow No. 4 and full brother of Nos. 5 and 6 mentioned above. He lived with his mother and received no allowance from his father. The late Sardar proposed to betroth him to a granddaughter of the ex-Amir, 3rd daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan. He is being educated at home and knows English.<br>An allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem recommended for reasons stated in my report. |
| 8 | Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan .. | 250 | 250 | His mother, who is dead, was a slave of the Firozkohi wife of the late Sardar (No. 3). He is about 23 years of age. He is |
| | Carried over | .. | .. | |

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed to be paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Brought forwarded .. | Rs. .. | Rs. .. | |
| | | | | married to a daughter of the ex-Amir by a concubine. He has two infant sons; one, named Abdul Aziz, is about two years old and the other, Abdul Ghafur, is about 6 months old. He has been educated at home and knows English. |
| 9 | Sardar Abdus Samad Khan | 150 | 150 | Son of concubine No. 2. He is about 21 years old.<br>He is betrothed to a daughter of the ex-Amir by a concubine. He is being educated at home and knows English. |
| 10 | Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan. | *Nil.* | 100 | Son of widow No. 5. He is about 20 years of age. He is being educated at home and knows English. The late Sardar proposed to betroth him to a grand-daughter of the ex-Amir, 1st daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan. He received no separate allowance from the late Sardar and lived with his mother.<br>An allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem recommended for reasons explained in my reports. |
| 11 | Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan. | *Nil.* | 75 | Son of widow No. 5 and a full brother of No. 10 above. He is about 18 years of age. He is being educated at home and knows English. The late Sardar proposed to betroth him to a grand-daughter of the ex-Amir, 2nd daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan.<br>An allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem recommended for reasons explained in my report. |
| 12 | Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan | 30 | 30 | He is son of concubine No. 5. He is about 15 years of age. He is being educated at home. |
| | *Daughters.* | | | |
| 1 | Wife of Sardar Abdul Ali Khan. | 101 | *Nil.* | Sardar Abdul Ali Khan is a son of the ex-Amir. Her mother, a Muhammadzai, died when the Sardar was at Rawalpindi.<br>I recommend the discontinuance of this allowance on the ground that the recipient is married and lives with her husband at Dehra Dun. |
| 2 | Wife of Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan. | 70 | *Nil.* | She is by concubine No. 1. She was born in Persia and is the eldest child of the late Sardar. The allowance of Rs. 70 per mensem was fixed for her by the late Sardar when he was in Persia. She is married to Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, who receives an allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem from Government. (No. 6 on printed pay list.) Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan is a nephew (son of sister) of the late Sardar. His mother was by a concubine.<br>I recommend the discontinuance of this allowance as the recipient's husband gets an allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem from Government. |
| | Carried over .. | .. | .. | |



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed to be paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. | Rs. | |
| | Brought forward .. | .. | .. | |
| 3 | Sardar Abdur Rahim Khan's wife. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | She is younger sister of No. 2 above. She is married to Sardar Abdur Rahim Khan, son of the ex-Amir by a concubine. She received no allowance from the late Sardar. |
| 4 | Sardar Abdul Karim Khan's wife. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | She is by concubine No. 3. She is married to Sardar Abdul Karim Khan, son of the ex-Amir by a concubine. She received no allowance from the late Sardar. |
| 5 | Zeb-un-Nisa .. .. | 45 | 30 | She is younger sister of No. 4 above. Her age is about 9 years.<br>I recommend the reduction of this allowance by Rs. 15 per mensem. The allowances reduced to cease on marriage. |
| 6 | Zuhra .. .. .. | 35 | 30 | She is about 10 years old. Her mother is dead. She lives with concubine No. 4.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 5. per mensem. |
| 7 | Saadat Sultan .. .. | *Nil.* | 30 | Daughter of widow No. 4. Her age is about 8 years. She received no allowance but lived with her mother.<br>I recommend the grant of an allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem till marriage. |
| | *Other relatives.* | | | |
| 1 | Aday Saddozai .. .. | 101 | *Nil.* | She is a widow of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan and a step-mother of the late Sardar. She is a half-sister of Nawab Sir Muhammad Aslam Khan and lives at Peshawar. She is about 65 years old. The late Sardar fixed an allowance for her when he came to India.<br>Recommended that this allowance be discontinued as the grantee does not belong to the Sardar's party. |
| 2 | Sister of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan, son of the ex-Amir. | 80 | *Nil.* | She is married to Sardar Abdul Ali Khan, grandson of the late Sardar Muhammad Ali Khan, eldest son of Amir Sher Ali Khan. He receives an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem from Government. She lives with her husband at Abbottabad.<br>Recommended that this allowance be discontinued as the grantee does not belong to the Sardar's party and her husband is in receipt of an allowance from Government. |
| 3 | Widow of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan, who was a son of the late Sardar. | 70 | 35 | She is a daughter of the ex-Amir and a younger sister of No. 2 above. She lives with her mother-in-law (concubine No. 3) in the Sardar's house. She is about 22 years old.<br>Recommended that this allowance be reduced to Rs. 35 per mensem as her mother-in-law receives an allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem. |
| | Carried over .. | .. | .. | |

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed to be paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Brought forward .. | Rs. | Rs. | |
| 4 | Sardar Shah Zaman Khan, son of Sardar Shahbaz Khan and son-in-law of the ex-Amir. | 128 | *Nil.* | This allowance is for him and his mother. He is a near relative of the late Sardar. He lives with the ex-Amir at Dehra Dun. He is about 30 years old. Recommended that this allowance should be discontinued as the recipient lives at Dehra Dun, where he is married to a daughter of the ex-Amir. |
| 5, 6 & 7 | Three daughters of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan, son of the ex-Amir. | 30 | 30 | They are living in the Sardar's house at Lahore. The Sardar proposed to betroth them to three of his sons :— 1. Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan (No. 7). 2. Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan (No. 10). 3. Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan (No. 11). Recommended that this allowance be continued until marriage. |
| 8 | Mother of the late Sardar Muhammad Rahim Khan. | 37 | *Nil.* | She is a sister of the late Sardar's widow No. 1. She is a widow and lives at Quetta with her daughter, who is married to Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan. Recommended that this allowance be discontinued as the recipient does not belong to the Sardar's party. |
| | Total .. | 4,549 | 3,900 | |

P. T. SPENCE, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
*Political Officer.*

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

## D.

*Statement of allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to persons who were not in receipt of any allowances from Government.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. Rs. A. P. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Daughter of the late Naib Hafizullah Khan. | 50 0 0 | Her father was in receipt of an allowance from Government, but she was given none. She is married to one Abdur Rasul Khan, an unpaid follower of the late Sardar. She is about 40 years of age. |
| 2 | Bibi Chadarshani .. .. | 3 0 0 | She is a Saiyid and widow of a late follower of the late Sardar. She is about 70 years of age. |
| 3 | Survivers of the late Hakim Abdur Raú'f Khan. | 80 0 0 | They consist of a widow, a daughter and a nephew. The late Hakim Abdur Rau'f Khan was the late Sardar's physician. He was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 75 from Government and the late Sardar paid him another allowance of Rs. 181 per mensem from his own pocket. He died at Bombay in January last when returning from a pilgrimage to Mecca. At the Sardar's recommendation one half of his Government allowance was continued to his nephew; and out of Rs. 181 which the Sardar paid himself Rs. 80 was continued by the Sardar to the late Hakim's survivors. The daughter is married to Ata Muhammad, Khan, son of the late General Taj Muhammad Khan who is in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem from Government. The late Sardar did not recommend any Government allowances for the widow as he has come to know that she was preparing to leave for Kabul. |
| 4 | Saiyid Ghulam Nabi Jan Badshah. | 15 0 0 | He is a cousin (son of the maternal aunt) of the late Sardar. He lives at Lahore. |
| 5 | Mama Muhammad Azim Khan. | 15 0 0 | He is a brother of Mama Abdul Aziz Khan (No. 4 in statement E.) and a cousin (son of maternal uncle) of the late Sardar. He lives at Lahore. |
| 6 | Mirza Abdul Ghayas Khan | 30 0 0 | He is a writer to the late Sardar's eldest son, Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan, Effendi. His father, the late Mirza Ghulam Ghaus Khan, was the late Sardar's Mirza or Secretary. Some years ago he misappropriated some money belonging to the Sardar and fled to Baghdad. After some time he came back. The Sardar pardoned him and fixed an allowance for him. |
| 7 | Muhammad Umar Khan, son of the late Majid Khan, Alikozai. | 25 0 0 | His father was a paid follower of the late Sardar. When the father died Muhammad Umar was in Afghanistan. Therefore no part of his father's allowance was continued to him. He came to India some time after his father's death and the Sardar himself gave him an allowance. He lives at Quetta. |
| 8 & 9 | Two sons of the late Abdul Zahir Khan. | 15 0 0 | Abdul Zahir Khan was a brother of Muhammad Umar Khan (No. 7 above). After his death the Sardar fixed an allowance of Rs. 15 for his two sons who are living at Quetta with their uncle. |
| 10&11 | Mazullah Khan and Sardar Khan, sons of the late Malik Bahadur Khan | 27 0 0 | The late Malik Bahadur Khan was a follower of the late Sardar. When the Sardar was on his way from Persia to India the late Malik Bahadur Khan remained at Baghdad. After some years, however, he came to India and joined the Sardar's party. He was given an allowance by the Sardar, who after his death continued it to his sons. |
| | Carried over .. | .. | |

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. Rs. A. P. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Brought forward .. | .. | |
| 12 | Khalifa Jan Muhammad .. | 34 0 0 | He is an old servant of the late Sardar and of his late sister who was known as "sister of the late Sardar Muhammad Ali Khan," son of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan, and lived at Peshawar. He acted as the Sardar's Mirza or Secretary. |
| 13 | Jalal Khan, grand-son of a maternal uncle of the late Sardar. | 17 0 0 | He together with other maternal relations of the late Sardar were expelled from Afghanistan by the late Amir Abdur Rahman Khan. He joined the Sardar in India and was given an allowance by him. |
| 14 | Haji Sultan Muhammad Khan | 27 0 0 | He was the Sardar's "sandukdar" or treasurer. His father was tea-bearer to the late Amir Sher Ali Khan. He left Kabul with the family of the ex-Amir, whom he served for several years at Dehra Dun. On the late Sardar's arrival in India he left Dehra Dun and joined the Sardar at Rawalpindi. He was a trusted servant of the late Sardar. |
| 15 | Taj Muhammad Khan .. | 47 0 0 | He was "Mirakhor" or "Master of the Horse" to the late Sardar. He is a brother of Haji Sultan Muhammad Khan (No. 14 above). He also came from Kabul with the ex-Amir's family, and on the Sardar's arrival in India came from Dehra Dun and joined the Sardar at Rawalpindi. He was also a trusted servant of the late Sardar. |
| 16 | Abdul Ahad Khan.. .. | 10 0 0 | He is a cousin of Kazi Nur-ud-din Khan, father of the late Sardar's widow No. 5. He is a tutor "Zala" to the late Sardar's sons, and Sardars Muhammad Sarwar Khan and Muhammad Umar Khan. |
| 17 | Mir Ahmad .. .. | 10 0 0 | His late father was a personal attendant of the late Sardar. Mir Ahmad Khan serves as a personal attendant to the late Sardar's son, Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan. |
| 18 | Saiyid Abdur Rahim, Herati | 5 0 0 | He was expelled from Afghanistan by the late Amir Abdur Rahman Khan on account of the late Sardar. On his arrival in India he was given an allowance by the late Sadar. He lives at Sukkur and Quetta. |
| 19&20 | Sons of Sahibzada Fazal-i-Hak | 7 0 0 | Their names are Abdul Hadi and Muhammad Umar. They received this allowance from the late Sardar as a charity. They live at Peshawar. |
| 21 | Master Ahmad Bux | 60 0 0 | He is a graduate (B.A.) of the Allahabad University and English tutor to the Sardar's sons. The Sardar got him in 1900, by special request from the Aligarh College, to teach his sons. He is still teaching some of the younger boys. He also acted as English Secretary to the late Sardar. He has now been in the late Sardar's service for about 14 years. He also receives an allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem from the Sardar's eldest son, Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. |
| 22 | Babu Chatterjee .. .. | 40 0 0 | He is second English tutor to the Sardar's sons. He entered the Sardar's service only a few months ago in place of another man who had left. |
| 23 | Muhammad Sharif, Kakari .. | 9 0 0 | He came with the late Sardar from Persia. As he received no allowance from Government, the Sardar gave him one himself. |
| | Carried over .. | .. | |



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | |
| | Brought forward .. | .. | |
| 24 | Asiam known as "Sarkar" | 9 0 0 | He came with the Sardar from Persia. As he received no allowance from Government, the Sardar gave him one himself. |
| 25 | Imam Din, tailor .. .. | 10 0 0 | He is an Indian tailor who worked for the Sardar at Rawalpindi and came with him to Lahore. This allowance was given to him in addition to his wages. |
| 26 | Zulfikar, son of the late Gul Muhammad Khan. | 10 0 0 | Zulfikar was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem from Government till 1st July 1912, when it was stopped on his attaining the age of 18 years. After that the Sardar himself fixed an allowance of Rs. 10 for him. |
| 27 | Muhammad Siddik, son of the late Shad Muhammad Khan "Abdar." | 10 0 0 | Muhammad Siddik was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem from Government till 1st July 1912, when it was stopped on his attaining the age of 18 years. After that the Sardar himself fixed an allowance of Rs. 10 for him. |
| 28 | Abdullah, son of Taj Muhammad Khan, "Mirakhor" (No. 15 on this list). | 3 0 0 | The Sardar gave him this allowance as a playmate to his grandson Afzal. |
| | Total .. | 568 0 0 | |

P. T. SPENCE, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
*Political Officer.*

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

E.

*Statement of allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to persons who are in receipt of allowances from Government as well.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | |
| 1 | Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan | 130 0 0 | He receives Rs. 200 per mensem from Government (No. 6 on pay list). He is nephew (sister's son) and son-in-law of the late Sardar. He (and before him his father) was in charge of the Sardar's followers and worked as his Private Secretary. Until recently he was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 17 only from the late Sardar, who, however, promised to increase his allowance whenever a saving was effected. Hakim Abdur Raúf Khan died in January last. He was in receipt of Rs. 181 per mensem from the Sardar ; Rs. 80 was continued by the Sardar to the deceased's daughter and the balance of Rs. 101 was saved. There was a further saving of Rs. 12 on account of the allowances which the Sardar paid to the sons of some of his followers who had left. These savings amounting to Rs. 113 were given by the late Sardar to Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan with effect from the month of Jauary last. |
| 2 | Sardar Abdur Rasul Khan .. | 40 0 0 | He receives Rs. 50 per mensem from Government (No. 7 on pay list). Sardar Abdur Rasul Khan is son of the late Sardar Abdulla Khan and nephew of the late Sardar Sikandar Khan, who lived in Persia. The late Amir Sher Ali Khan's sister was Sardar Abdur Rasul Khan's grand mother. |
| 3 | Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan .. | 70 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 110 per mensem from Government (No. 27 on pay list). He is the late Sardar's father-in-law. Father of widow No. 5. |
| 4 | Mama Abdul Aziz Khan .. | 35 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem from Government (No. 20 on pay list). He is a cousin (son of materal uncle) of the late Sardar. |
| 5 | Yakub Ali Khan .. .. | 20 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 155 per mensem from Government (No. 34 on pay list). He acted as "Zala" or tutor to the late Sardar's sons, Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan. |
| 6 | Bahram Khan, Tagahi .. | 15 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 80 per mensem from Government (No. 32 on pay list). He is one of the important followers of the late Sardar. |
| 7 | Abdul Hakim Khan .. | 10 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 27 per mensem from Goverment (No. 26 on pay list). |
| 8 | Nadir Ghulam Muhammad Khan. | 14 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 70 from Government (No. 10 on pay list). He acted as steward to the late Sardar. He entered the Sardar's service when he was a boy. |
| 9 | Muhammad Kasim Khan .. | 6 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 45 from Government (No. 64 on pay list). He acted as "Zala" or tutor to the late Sardar's eldest son Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. |
| | Carried over .. | .. | |

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| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | |
| | Brought over .. .. | .. | |
| 10 | Shah Wali Khan .. .. | 5 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 11 per mensem from Government (No. 95 on pay list). He acted as "Zala" or tutor to the late Sardar's son Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan. |
| 11 | Ahmad Khan .. .. | 10 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem from Government (No. 14 on pay list). He acted as "Zala" or tutor to the late Sardar's sons Sardars Sultan Ahmad, Sher Ahmad and Nur Ahmad Khan. |
| 12 | Ghulam Muhammad, son of the late Zala Sarwar. | 12 0 0 | He receives on allowance of Rs. 6 from Government (No. 17 on pay list). He acted as a shoe-bearer to the late Sardar.<br>He is a young man of about 25 years of age. |
| 13 | Safdar Khan, son of the late Zala Haidar. | 1 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 65 from Government (No. 61 on pay list). |
| 14 | Mir Samundar Shah .. | | His real name is Shah Alam as it appears in the pay list. He receives an allowance of Rs. 9 per mensem from Government (No. 117 on pay list). He was a peshkhidmat or personal servant of the late Sardar. |
| 15 | Khair Muhammad.. .. | 5 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 9 per mensem from Government (No. 114 on pay list). He was a pehskhidmat or personal servant of the late Sardar. |
| 16 | Shakar Khan .. .. | 10 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem from Government (No. 88 on pay list). He acted as a door-keeper to the harem of the late Sardar. |
| 17 | Haji Sohbat .. .. | 6 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 15 from Government (No. 79 on pay list). He was the late Sardar's personal groom and horse trainer. In the pay bill his name is down as Haji Mehtar (groom). |
| 18 | Muhammad Umar .. | 8 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 15 from Government (No. 78 on pay list). He is an old Afghan sepoy. |
| | Total .. | 403 0 0 | |

P. T. SPENCE, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
*Political Officer.*

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## F.

*Statement showing the pay of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan's servants such as cooks, coachmen, syces, water-carriers, sweepers, and others, and some miscellaneous expenses.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount given. Rs. | A. | P. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Ghulam Haidar .. .. | 8 | 0 | 0 | He worked us "rikabdar" or keeper of crockery, etc. |
| 2 | Abdulla Khan .. .. | 12 | 0 | 0 | Acted as Mirza or writer to Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan for correspondence connected with the late Sardar's party. |
| 3 | Maula Bakhsh .. .. | 20 | 0 | 0 | Indian coachman. |
| 4 to 13 | Ten syces .. .. | 85 | 0 | 0 | |
| 14 | Dost Muhammad .. .. | 9 | 0 | 0 | He is an old Afghan servant of the late Sardar with whom he came from Persia. He was with the Sardar in Afghanistan also. |
| 15 | Jahangir .. .. | 16 | 0 | 0 | Cook. |
| 16 | Imam Din .. .. | 12 | 0 | 0 | Cook. |
| 17 and 18 | Two Assistant cooks at Rs. 6 each. | 12 | 0 | 0 | |
| 19 and 20 | Two sons of the late Ustad Fateh, gold-smith. | 3 | 0 | 0 | The late Ustad Fateh was gold-smith to the Sardar's mother at Kabul. He was expelled from Afghanistan and joined the late Sardar at Rawalpindi. He was given an allowance by the Sardar, and after his death a part of it was continued to his sons. |
| 21 | Yakub .. .. .. | 11 | 0 | 0 | "Farrash." He is a Hazara. He came with the Sardar from Persia. He is an old servant of the late Sardar whom he has been serving since he was a boy. He did not receive any allowance from Government but was paid by the Sardar himself. |
| 22 | Hasan .. .. .. | 8 | 0 | 0 | He is also a "Farrash," He also came with the Sardar from Persia, and is an old servant. He was also paid by the Sardar himself. |
| 23 | Dhobi .. .. .. | 8 | 0 | 0 | |
| 24 to 34 | Eleven "Pahradars" or sentries at Rs. 4. each. | 44 | 0 | 0 | |
| 35 to 54 | Twenty "Pahradars" or sentries at Rs. 5. each. | 100 | 0 | 0 | |
| 55 and 56 | Two water-carriers .. | 17 | 0 | 0 | |
| 57 | Wheel tax on carriages paid to the Municipality. | 4 | 0 | 0 | |
| 58 | Paid to S. Chiragh Din and sons, house-owners for up keep of garden. | 30 | 0 | 0 | |
| 59 | Paid to Messrs. Dina Nath and Sheo Parshad, house-owners for upkeep of garden. | 20 | 0 | 0 | |
| 60 | Hire of conveyance for bringing pay from Treasury. | 3 | 8 | 0 | |
| 61 | Water-tax .. .. | 25 | 0 | 0 | |
| 62 | Barber .. .. | 8 | 0 | 0 | |
| 63 and 64 | Two sweepers, Males .. | 10 | 0 | 0 | |
| 65 and 66 | Two sweepers, females .. | 10 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Total .. | 475 | 8 | 0 | |

P. T. SPENCE, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
*Political Officer.*

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*Statement showing the financial effect of the proposals submitted to the Government of India in connection with allowances recommended for the survivors of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.*

| Serial No. | Heading. | Monthly amount sanctioned. | Amount proposed to be paid monthly in future. | Increase per mensem. | Decrease per mensem. | Increase per annum. | Savings per annum. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 1 | Allowance to Sardar Ayub Khan for himself and family .. | 8,500 0 0 | 3,900 0 0 | *Nil.* | 4,600 0 0 | *Nil.* | 55,200 0 0 | |
| 2 | House rent for Sardar Ayub Khan and his family for their winter residence. | 349 13 4 | 414 13 4 | 65 0 0 | *Nil.* | 780 0 0 | *Nil.* | |
| 3 | House rent for Sardar Ayub Khan and his family for their summer residence. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | 4,450 0 0 | This allowance was granted annually. Out of this Rs. 780 per mensem is now proposed to be added to the rent of the winter residence for the late Sardar's family. |
| 4 | Allowance to Sardar Ayub Khan's followers .. .. | 4,931 2 8 | 4,931 2 8 | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 5 | Allowances at Rs. 2 per mensem per head .. .. | 76 0 0 | 76 0 0 | *Nil.* | *Nrl.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 6 | Bed Mushk's allowance .. .. .. .. | 5 0 0 | 5 0 0 | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 7 | House rent for Sardar Ayub Khan's followers .. .. | 328 5 4 | 328 5 4 | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 8 | Office rent .. .. .. .. .. .. | 62 10 8 | 62 10 8 | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| | | | | | Total .. | 780 0 0 | 59,650 0 0<br>780 0 0 | |
| | | | | | | | 58,870 0 0 | Net savings per annum. |

P. T. SPENCE, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
*Political Officer*

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Encl. 1
Pro. No. 11

Dated Lahore, the 19th April 1914.

From—Mohammad Abdul Kadir Effendi,

To—Colonel, P. T. A. Spence, I.A., Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.

I most respectfully beg to bring to your kind notice the following facts relating to my humble-self as a surviving son of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan which I venture to presume would be thought fit to be favourably considered when the question arises of the appointment of the Government pensions among the respective members of the deceased Sardar's family :—

1. I am the *eldest* son of the deceased Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.
2. My mother is the grand-daughter of Amir Dost Muhammad Khan of Afghanistan being the first cousin of my late father Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. She is thus the *most* highly connected and of the purest Muhammadzai blood of all the ladies who claim to be the wives of my father.
3. My father took particular care and made special arrangements for my bringing up and education ; so much so that I was taught to write English and speak French besides other branches of studies such as History, Geography, *etc., etc.* I am the auther of my father's *biography* named "*An Afghan Prince in Exile*" the publication of which was deferred at the instance of your predecessor, Colonel Stratton, who remarked that it would be more suitable to publish it after the Sardar's death. The facts contained in this book, which is originally written in English, were personally related to me and varified by my late father.
4. When the Imperial Indian Government deported my father to Japan in the year 1907 and he was absent from Lahore for three months he appionted me at the head of the party and I was specially instructed by Major Whyte, the then Political Officer, to look after and control my late father's followirs left here in Lahore.
5. When my father was away from Lahore from time to time either in *Shikar* or on some other business he left the management of his affairs to me and thus impliedly recognised me as his heir and successor.
6. My late father lived during the whole of his life in the same house with my mother and myself.
7. Imbued with keen desire for learning and refined society as I am my needs are decidedly greater than any other of my younger brothers.

The aforesaid points, I beg to repeat will be taken into consideration when you undertake the distribution of the allowance among the surviving sons of the late Sardar.

Hoping to be excused for the trouble.

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Encl. 2.
Pro. No. 11

Dated Lahore, the 15th April 1914.

From—Mohammad Abdul Kadir Effendi (Sirdar) and others,

To—His Excellency Lord Hardinge of Penshurtst, P.C., G.C.B., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.V.O., I.S.O., Viceroy and Governor General of India.

(Through the Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan).

We, the undersigned being the sons of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, beg to lay before Your Excellency the following humble petition for Your Excellency's favourable consideration.

1. Your petitioners' father Sardar Muhamman Ayub Khan died suddenly on the morning of 7th April 1914. He has left no property immovable or movable except a few horses and some household furniture. Besides he has left an outstanding debt the exact amount and details of which will be submitted in due course. The only source of maintenance of his family and himself was the monthly allowance which he received from Your Excellency's Imperial Government. By the demise of our father therefore we his sons and all other surviving members of his family and other dependents have been left without any means of support and subsistence.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

2. We the humble petitioners have to live together with the family and dependents of our deceased father under the benign protection of Your Excellency's Government and have no other place to go to.

3. Your petitioners may with Your Excellency's permission take this opportunity to submit that ever since our father's surrender to the British Government at Meshed he has been loyal to the Government and as far as we are aware the Government has had *no occasion* to find any fault with his conduct as a faithful refugee under the British protection. Since his taking asylum in India Your Excellency's Government has always extended a kind and generous treatment towards him, a fact of which he was deeply sensible, and as the only proof he could give of his grateful appreciation of these favours he most faithfully kept up to the moment of his death to the word to which he was in honour bound in accordance with his compact.

4. Your petitioners' further venture to presume that Your Excellency's Government reposed much confidence in our deceased father and the very expression of " England's most honoured guest " used regarding him by the Imperial Government is to our mind an unmistakable indication of the unique favours he enjoyed and high esteem in which he was held by Your Excellency's Government.

5. As far as we are aware Your Excellency's Government fully realised that owing to the increased number of his family and dependents it had become impossible for the deceased Sardar to make the two ends meet and in consequence Your Excellency's benign Government having regard to his growing necessities and out of unique kindness and generosity towards him granted in 1909 a further increase of Rs. 1,000 per mensem in his allowance. This sum our deceased father could not see his way to accept not because he was not fully conscious of and highly grateful for Your Excellency's continued favours, but because he found this sum, as it really was inadequate to meet the growing needs of his large family. This offer of Rs. 1,000 per mensem as Your petitioners understand continued to be held out to the deceased Sardar by Your Excellency's benign Government up to his last moment and the arrears which have accumulated since the grant of the said increment are still lying in the Imperial Treasury awaiting disbursement whenever the Sardar could be persuaded to accept the said increase. However he was fully confident that Your Excellency's benign Government would not disappoint him and either by raising this sum to Rs. 2,000 or by making a munificent grant of landed property make necessary provision for his family.

6. The *personal* needs of our deceased father were few and simple not involving any high expense, and practically the whole of his allowance was consumed in providing for his large family, dependents and adherents. Consequently by his death the needs of his family remain as they were during his life time.

7. In view of the circumstances which Your petitioners have taken the liberty to detail above and very much as Your petitioners count on the generosity and large-heartedness of the Imperial Government, Your petitioners respectfully approach Your Excellency with a humble prayer as follows :—

(*i*) That the allowance which our deceased father Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan received may be continued to be paid in full (including house-rent both for winter and summer accommodation) without any reduction for the support and maintenance of the surviving members of his family and his other dependents.

(*ii*) That the extra grant of Rs. 1,000 per mensem which Your Excellency's gracious Government made to meet the growing needs of our deceased father's family as referred to above may be paid.

(*iii*) That the amount of arrears as explained in paragraph of this petition may be paid in gross to pay off the debts and to succour the bereaved family in this their extreme affliction.

In the end Your humble petitioners most earnestly request that the issues involved in this petition being of a most urgent nature inasmuch as they relate to the provision of daily livelihood of a very large number of homeless dependents of the deceased Sardar Your Excellency will graciously give it a prompt consideration which as we all hope will be favourable to our expectations.

G. M. Press, Simla,—No. 81 F.D.—15-5-14.—44.—A.G.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

Translation of a letter from His Majesty the Amir* of Afghanistan, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., to the address of His Excellency the Viceroy, No. 190, dated the 10th Jamadi-us-Sani 1332 Hijra, corresponding to the 6th May 1914.

*After compliments.*—I have received and perused Your Excellency's friendly letter, dated the 17th Jamadi-ul-Awal 1332 Hijra, corresponding to the 14th April 1914, in which Your Excellency very kindly informed me that Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan died at Lahore on the 6th April 1914, corresponding to the 9th Jamadi-ul-Awal 1332 Hijra, and that his remains would be taken to Peshawar and interred there. I have understood this. May Almighty God, exalted be His power, forgive his sins. But as regards his survivors who are refugees under Your Excellency's Government, it is apparent that up to the lifetime of the deceased Sardar, they were in receipt of allowances from the (British) Government. Now that the said Sardar is dead, I hope that his survivors will not be deprived of the generosity and kindness of the exalted British Government and that allowances will be sanctioned by that illustrious Government for their maintenance, so that they may continue to live happily under the protection and supervision of Your Excellency's Government as before. Such friendly attentions of Your Excellency will give me much pleasure.—*Usual conclusion.*

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* Amir Habibulla Khan.

Foreign & Political Dept. Press—No. 203—19-5-14—44.

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No. 360-F.

FROM

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
IN THE FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

To

THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE EX-AMIR.

*Dated Simla, the 8th July 1914.*

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter No. 78, dated the 30th April 1914, regarding the arrangements to be made consequent on the death of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, I am to convey the sanction of the Government of India to such of your proposals as are detailed below —

(1) that, from the allowances sanctioned for the late Sardar, individual allowances, aggregating Rs. 3,900 a month, be paid to members of his family, as recommended in Statement C accompanying your letter under reply;

(2) that the allowances shown in your statement A (excluding item No. 1), aggregating Rs. 4,931-2-8 a month, be continued;

(3) that the allowances shown in your Statement B, aggregating Rs. 76 a month, be continued;

(4) that whatever allowances may now be sanctioned by Government be disbursed by your office to the individual grantees, whose receipts therefor shall be obtained;

(5) that the houses previously rented, at the expense of Government, both for the accommodation of the late Sardar and his family and for the office, continue to be so rented;

(6) that the additional house rented by the late Sardar himself continue to be rented for the accommodation of the present occupants, and that Government bear the cost; and

(7) that the cost of renting the house referred to in the foregoing proposal be met from the annual grant of Rs. 4,450 made to the late Sardar on account of summer accommodation, and that the balance of the said grant be discontinued.

2. In your letter under reply you also recommended the discontinuance of certain of the allowances shown in your Statement C. In this recommendation the Government of India concur, except that they are of opinion that the allowance of Rs. 101 a month, paid to Aday Saddozai, widow of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan, should be continued to her until her death.

3. You further proposed that the allowances paid to the persons mentioned in your Statements D, E and F might be discontinued *in toto*. There seems no reason why the majority of these allowances should not be discontinued; but the Government of India are inclined to think that some perhaps of the allowances paid by the



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late Sardar himself should be continued by Government to certain of his near relatives and old and valued servants, who are not already in receipt of allowances from Government ; and I am therefore to request you to reconsider the matter in this light and to submit a detailed statement showing the persons, if any, whom you would recommend for such allowances, the amount you would propose for each of them, and the claims to consideration of each person recommended.

4. Your proposals regarding the payment of Rs. 8,692 in connection with the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar, and also regarding the reduction of the special police guard attached to the Agency at Lahore, are still under consideration, and orders on these points will be communicated to you in due course.

5. As regards the question of the status and constitution of the joint Agency, I am to state that the Government of India agree with you that there should be no change in this respect, and that the official headquarters of the Agency should, in future, be located at Dehra Dun and Mussoorie. I am to add that the joint Agency should now be designated the " Yakub Khan Agency " and the Political Officer in charge styled " the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir." In regard to your two Assistants, I am to enquire whether you consider it suitable to designate the Assistant at Lahore " the First Indian Assistant to the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir " and the Assistant at Dehra Dun " the Second Indian Assistant to the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir " or what other designations you would suggest for the two appointments.

6. In conclusion I am to express an appreciation of the careful and lucid manner in which you have presented this case for the consideration of the Government of India.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

(Sd.) P. Z. COX,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

No. 383-F., dated Simla, the 21st July 1914.

Endorsed by the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department.

1. To the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914.
2. Telegram from the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 66, dated the 7th April 1914.
3. Telegram to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 115-F., dated the 7th April 1914.
4. Telegram to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India dated the 7th April 1914.
5. Telegram to the Political Agent, Khyber, No. 116-F., dated the 7th April 1914.
6. Telegram from the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, dated the 7th April 1914.
7. Telegram to the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, No. 114-F., dated the 7th April 1914.
8. Telegram from the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 69, dated the 8th April 1914.
9. Telegram to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 120-F., dated the 8th April 1914.
10. Telegram to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 121-F., dated the 8th April 1914.
11. From the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, No. 311-P., dated the 24th April 1914.
12. From the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 78, dated the 30th April 1914, with enclosures.
13. From His Majesty the Amir of Afghanistan, No. 190, dated the 6th May 1914.

A copy of the marginally noted letters is forwarded to the Finance Department for information and such further action as may be necessary.



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

No. 101 of 1914.

Pro. No. 15

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

FRONTIER.

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To

THE MOST HON'BLE THE MARQUESS OF CREWE, K.G.,
*His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.*

SIMLA, *the 13th August 1914.*

MY LORD MARQUESS,

We have the honour to refer to our Foreign and Political Department telegram, dated the 7th April 1914, reporting the death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, an Afghan Refugee, on the 6th April 1914, at Lahore.

2. We have arranged for the continuance to the family and near dependants of the late Sardar of a portion of the allowances granted to them by him during his lifetime from his own allowance, and as these sums can be met from the sanctioned allowance, it is not necessary to trouble Your Lordship with the details of the re-distribution we have sanctioned. The family of the late Sardar have, however, submitted a petition in which they pray that the debts and funeral expenses of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, which amount to Rs. 8,692-2-4, may be defrayed by Government. The Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan's party has suggested that it would be a gracious and generous act if Government were to relieve the family of these expenses. As it seems correct to regard this sum as an item of extra expenditure, which should be treated as independent of the savings which will be effected in the current year's budget on account of the allowances sanctioned for the Sardar, Your Lordship's sanction to the expenditure is necessary.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

3. We accordingly support the recommendation, and trust Your Lordship will be pleased to sanction the proposal.

4. We enclose, for Your Lordship's information, a copy of the correspondence on the subject, as detailed in the accompanying list.

We have the honour to be,
MY LORD MARQUESS,
Your Lordship's most obedient, humble servants,

(Signed) HARDINGE OF PENSHURST.
" BEAUCHAMP DUFF.
" R. W. CARLYLE.
" HARCOURT BUTLER.
" S. A. IMAM.
" R. H. CRADDOCK.
" W. S. MEYER.
" R. W. GILLAN.

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List of Enclosures in despatch No. 101 (Frontier), dated the 13th August 1914, from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

| Serial No. | No. and date of communication. | From whom or to whom. |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Telegram, No. 66, dated the 7th April 1914. | From the Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. |
| 2 | Telegram, No. 115 F., dated the 7th April 1914. | To ditto ditto. |
| 3 | Telegram, No. 116 F., dated the 7th April 1914. | To ditto ditto. |
| 4 | Telegram, dated the 7th April 1914. | From the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General in the North-West Frontier Province. |
| 5 | Telegram, No. 114 F., dated the 7th April 1914. | To ditto ditto. |
| 6 | Telegram, No. 69, dated the 8th April 1914. | From the Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. |
| 7 | Telegram, No. 120 F., dated the 8th April 1914. | To ditto ditto. |
| 8 | Telegram, No. 121 F., dated the 8th April 1914. | To ditto ditto. |
| 9 | Letter, No. 311 P., dated the 24th April 1914. | From the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General in the North-West Frontier Province. |
| 10 | Letter, No. 78, dated the 30th April 1914 (with enclosures). | From the Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. |
| 11 | Translation of a letter No. 190, dated the 6th May 1914. | From His Majesty the Amir of Afghanistan. |
| 12 | Letter, No. 360 F., dated the 8th July 1914. | To the Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir. |

A. H. GRANT,

*Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.*

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Pro. No. 16.

No. 481-F., dated Simla, the 19th August 1914.

From—The Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Chief Secretary to the Government of the Punjab.

I am directed to refer to the correspondence ending with the letter from the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1553-F., dated the 17th June 1893, relating to the police guard that was sanctioned to safeguard the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan and to forward an extract (paragraph 12) of a letter from the Political Officer with the *ex*-Amir, No. 78, dated the 30th April 1914, recommending the reduction of the guard to the strength of 1 head constable and 4 constables, and the replacement of the remainder, consisting of 1 Inspector, 1 head constable and 15 constables, at the disposal of the Inspector-General of Police, Punjab.

2. I am to request that, if His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor sees no objection, the proposal may be given effect to, and the Government of India informed of the action taken.

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Pro. No. 17.

No. 482-F., dated Simla, the 19th August 1914.

Endorsed by the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department.

A copy of the marginally noted paper is forwarded to the Finance Department for information, in continuation of the endorsement from the Foreign and Political Department, No. 383-F., dated the 21st July 1914.

Despatch to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 101-Frontier, dated the 13th August 1914, (with list of enclosures).

Pro. No. 18.

No. 144, dated Lahore, the 21st September 1914.

From—Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. Pritchard, I.A., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department.

I have the honour to forward, herewith, a copy of a letter No. Cont.-P. A.-5-1064, dated the 31st August 1914, which has been received by this office from the Accountant-General, Punjab, saying that as there is no mention of the grant of house rent allowances to the followers of the *ex*-Amir (means the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan) in the orders conveyed in letter No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department to my address, he presumes that their continuance has not been sanctioned, and he requests me to obtain and furnish him sanction of Government in support of the charges already drawn by this office on this account after the death of the late Sardar, and further to discontinue to draw them in future.

Pro. [illegible]

2. In the statement "G" (Serial No. 7), which accompanied Colonel Spence's letter No. 78, dated the 30th April 1914, to the Foreign and Political Department, the sum of Rs. 328-5-4 is shown as the amount sanctioned as house rent allowances to the late Sardar's followers and which it was proposed to continue.

3. It would certainly seem desirable that these allowances should be continued, and as the Government of India have not expressly ordered the discontinuance of these allowances in their letter No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, I presume that they are to be continued and I would, therefore, request that the Accountant-General, Punjab, may be authorised to continue the payment of these allowances.

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Letter No. Cont.-P. A.-5-1064, dated the 31st August 1914.

From—The Accountant-General, Punjab,

To—The Political Officer with the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.

I have the honour to invite a reference to letter No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

to your address, sanctioning arrangements to be made consequent on the death of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, and to state that as there is no mention of the grant of house rent allowances to the followers of the *ex*-Amir in the orders quoted above, it is presumed that their continuance has not been sanctioned.

2. In the circumstances, I would request that you will be so good as to obtain and furnish sanction of Government in support of the charges drawn by you on this account after the death of the late Sardar and discontinue to draw them in future.

3. The matter may kindly be treated as urgent.

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Pro. No. 19.

No. 606-F., dated Simla, the 10th October 1914.

From—The Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Accountant-General, Punjab.

With reference to your letter No. Cont. P. A.-5-1064, dated the 31st August 1914, to the address of the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, I am directed to inform you that the Government of India have decided that the house-rent allowances, aggregating Rs. 328-5-4 per mensem, enjoyed, prior to his death, by the followers of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, should be continued to them.

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Pro. No. 20.

No. 607-F.

Endorsed by the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department.

A copy of the foregoing letter is forwarded to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, for information, with reference to his letter No. 144, dated the 21st September 1914.

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Pro. No. 21.

No. 608-F.

Endorsed by the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department.

A copy of the foregoing letter, and of the letter to which it is a reply, is forwarded to the Finance Department, in continuation of the endorsement by the Foreign and Political Department, No. 482-F., dated the 19th August 1914.

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Pro. No. 22.

No. 369-Pol., dated Lahore, the 23rd October 1914.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. C. A. Barron, C.I.E., Offg. Chief Secretary to Government, Punjab,

To—The Foreign Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department.

With reference to Mr. Grant's letter No. 481-F., dated the 19th August 1914, I am directed to intimate for the information of the Government of India that the police guard sanctioned to safe-guard the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan has been reduced by 1 sub-inspector, 1 head constable and 15 constables.

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Pro. No. 23.

No. 645-F., dated Simla, the 30th October 1914.

From—The Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, Lahore.

With reference to paragraph 4 of the letter from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, I am directed to inform you that the Punjab Government have reduced the police guard attached to the Agency at Lahore by 1 sub-inspector, 1 head-constable and 15 constables.

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Pro. No. 24.

INDIA OFFICE, LONDON,
*9th October 1914.*

Political,

No. 117.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MY LORD,

Having considered in Council your letter in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 101 of 13th August, I sanction the proposal that debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, amounting to Rs. 8,692-2-4 should be defrayed by Government.

I have the honour to be,

MY LORD,

Your Lordship's most obedient humble Servant,

(Sd.) CREWE.

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Pro. No. 25,

No. 98-D., dated Delhi, the 10th November 1914.

From—The Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, Dehra Dun.

With reference to paragraph 4 of the letter from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, I am directed to inform you that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has been pleased to sanction the proposal that the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, amounting to Rs. 8,692-2-4, should be defrayed by Government.

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Pro. No. 26.

No. 99-D., dated Delhi, the 10th November 1914.

Endorsed by the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department.

A copy of the marginally noted letters is forwarded to the Finance Department, for information and further necessary action, in continuation of the endorsement from the Foreign and Political Department, No. 608-F., dated the 10th October 1914.

1. Letter to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 98-D., dated the 10th November 1914.
2. Despatch from His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 117-Pol., dated the 9th October (received the 2nd November) 1914.

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Pro. No. 27.

No. 1, dated Lahore, the 4th January 1915.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. C. R. STRATTON, C.I.E., Political Officer, in charge of the *ex*-Amir,

To—The Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

With reference to your letter No. 98-D., dated the 10th November 1914, regarding the debts and funeral expenses of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, I have the honour to report that the sum of Rs. 8,692-2-4 has been drawn and paid to the various creditors, whose receipts for the liquidation of their claims in full have been obtained and placed on record in this office.



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No. 186, dated Lahore, the 10th December 1914.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL C. H. PRITCHARD, I.A., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir (Lahore Agency),

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department.

I have the honour to submit revised proposals in compliance with paragraph (3) of your letter No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914, regarding arrangements to be made on the death of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.

(2) *STATEMENT C.—Allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to his wives, sons, daughters and other relations.*

| | Petitions. |
|---|---|
| 1. Sons of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan .. | 2 |
| 2. Mother of the late Sardar Ghulam Muhammad Khan .. .. .. .. .. | 2 |
| 3. Wife of Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan (daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Khan .. .. | 2 |
| 4. Widow of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan, daughter of the *ex*-Amir .. .. .. | 1 |
| 5. Sister of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan, wife of Sardar Abdul Ali Khan .. .. | 1 |
| 6. Sardar Shah Zaman Khan, son-in-law of the *ex*-Amir .. .. .. .. .. | 1 |
| 7. Three daughters of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan .. .. .. .. | 1 |
| 8. Mother of the late Sardar Muhammad Rahim Khan .. .. .. .. .. | 1 |

As might be expected petitions, both written and verbal, have been received from grantees included in Statement C as to the inadequacy of the allowances sanctioned to them by Government. Copies of the written petitions received from the petitioners noted on the margin are enclosed.

I feel sure that it is the wish of Government that, any inequalities or inadequacy in the allowances granted should be respectfully brought to notice, as such inequalities or inadequacy often only becomes obvious after the orders issued have been actually applied; and I feel sure, that Government would wish to reconsider any order issued in order to rectify any such inequalities or inadequacy. I have, therefore, ventured to submit in column (7) of the new Statement C recommendations for allowances to certain grantees which carry the increases noted in column (8) of the same statement. The reasons which have induced me to make these revised proposals are set out in each case in column (6) of the same Statement, and I would venture to ask for their kind consideration by Government, with a view to ensure a liberal and yet reasonable treatment of the grantees in question, and at the same time to remove all cause for heart-burnings and petitionings in the future.

(3) *NEW STATEMENT C.—*

| *Serial No* | Increase proposed. | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Concubines.* | | | |
| 1. Mother of the late Sardar Ghulam Muhammad Khan .. .. .. | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 2. Mother of Sardar Abdul Samad Khan .. | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. Mother of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 4. Gulab .. .. .. .. | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| 5. Mother of Sardar Abdul Rashid Khan .. | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| *Sons.* | | | |
| 3. Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan .. | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 6. Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan .. .. | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| 7. Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan .. .. | 150 | 0 | 0 |
| 9. Sardar Abdus Samad Khan .. .. | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 10. Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan .. | 150 | 0 | 0 |
| 11. Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan .. | 175 | 0 | 0 |
| 12. Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan .. .. | 220 | 0 | 0 |
| *Daughters.* | | | |
| 2. Wife of Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan .. | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| 5. Zeb-un-Nisa .. .. .. | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 6. Zahra .. .. .. .. | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 7. Saadat Sultan .. .. .. | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| *Other relatives.* | | | |
| 2. Sister of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan, son of the *ex*-Amir .. .. | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. Widow of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan, who was a son of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan .. .. .. | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 4. Sardar Shah Zaman Khan .. .. | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 5, 6 and 7. Three daughters of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan, son of the *ex*-Amir | 60 | 0 | 0 |
| 8. Mother of the late Sardar Muhammad Rahim Khan .. .. .. .. | 30 | 0 | 0 |
| Total .. .. | 1,420 | 0 | 0 |

The increases proposed are noted in the margin. The total increase proposed comes to Rs. 1,420 per month and Rs. 17,040 per annum.



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(4) *STATEMENT D.—Allowanecs paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to persons who are not in receipt of any allowances from Government.*

Revised recommendations, with the reasons for the same are given in column (5) of the new Statement D, in respect to allowances paid by the late Sardar and their continuance by Government to the amounts noted in column (6) of the same Statement.

NEW STATEMENT D.

| Serial No. | *Relatives.* | Rs. | A. | P. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Saiyid Ghulam Nabi Khan Badshah .. | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Mama Muhammad Azim Khan.. .. | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Jalal Khan .. .. .. .. | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 4. | Abdul Ahad Khan .. .. .. | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| | *Servants and followers.* | | | |
| 9. | Muhammad Umar Khan .. .. | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| 12. | Mazullah Khan .. .. .. | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 13. | Sardar Khan .. .. .. | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 14. | Khalifa Jan Muhammad .. .. | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 15. | Haji Sultan Muhammad Khan .. | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 16. | Taj Muhammad Khan .. .. | 35 | 0 | 0 |
| 17. | Mir Ahmad .. .. .. | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 23. | Muhammad Sharif, Kakari .. .. | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 24. | Aslam, known as "Sarkar" .. .. | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total .. .. | 196 | 0 | 0 |

The allowances now recommended are noted in the margin.

The total amount of allowances proposed comes to Rs. 196 per month and Rs. 2,352 per annum.

(5) *STATEMENT E.—Allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to persons* who are in receipt of allowances from Government.*

*2 petitions from Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, dated 7th October 1914, and 6th November 1914, attached.

Each case has been carefully dealt with in column (5) of the new Statement E. For the reasons given against each case, and for the reason that if an allowance were continued to one, it must be continued to all, I have not recommended the continuance of any allowances to persons who are already in receipt of allowances from Government.

(6) *STATEMENT F.—Allowances ppaid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan† to servants and followers not in receipt of any allowances from Government.*

†Petition dated 18th November 1914, from the followers and servants of the late Sardar is attached.

Each case has been carefully dealt with in column (5) of the new Statement F and I recommend the continuance of the allowances noted on the margin.

New Statement F.

| Serial No. | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 29. | Ghulam Haidar .. .. .. | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 42. | Dost Muhammad .. .. .. | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 49. | Yakub .. .. .. .. | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total .. .. | 22 | 0 | 0 |

The total amount of allowances proposed comes to Rs. 22-0-0 per month and Rs. 264-0-0 per annum.

(7) The foregoing proposals may be summarised as follows :—

| —— | Per month. | Per annum. |
|---|---|---|
| (*i*) *New Statement C*— Additional allowances to wives, sons, daughters and other relatives. | 1,420 0 0 | 17,040 0 0 |
| (*ii*) *New Statement D*— Continuance of allowances to persons who are not in receipt of any allowances from Government .. | 196 0 0 | 2,352 0 0 |
| (*iii*) *New Statement E*— Continuance of allowances to persons who are in receipt of allowances from Government .. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* |
| (*iv*) *New Statement F*— Continuance of allowances to servants and followers not in receipt of any allowances from Government .. .. .. .. .. | 22 0 0 | 264 0 0 |
| Total .. .. | 1,638 0 0 | 19,656 0 0 |

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(8) The recommendations now submitted for the kind consideration of Government, involve an additional sum of Rs. 19,656-0-0 per annum as compared to the amount *viz.*, Rs. 48,012-0-0 already sanctioned by Government in your letter under reply, and make the total allowances proposed for the family and relations, followers and servants of the late Sardar up to Rs. 67,668-0-0 per annum as compared to the sum of Rs. 90,000-0-0 per annum, which was allotted by Government to the late Sardar during his lifetime.

(9) With reference to paragraph (5) of your letter under reply, I would venture to suggest that as there are not any European Assistants to the Political Agent, and as there are not likely to be any European Assistants, the two Assistants might perhaps be styled "First Assistant to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir and "Second Assistant to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir".

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Enclosure I.

*Copy.*

To

HIS EXCELLENCY LORD HARDINGE OF PENSHURST, P.C., G.C.B.,
G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.V.O., I.S.O.,
*Viceroy and Governor-General of India,*

(*Through the Political Officer with late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, Lahore*).

May it please Your Excellency,

We the undersigned being the sons of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan beg to approach Your Excellency with the following humble representation :—

1. In reply to our humble petition forwarded just after the death of our father, we have been verbally informed by the Assistant Political Officer that the allowances fixed for our maintenance are *the same* those sums which, as we were told, were provisionally arranged to be advanced to us pending the decision of Your Excellency's Government. This news, we beg to submit, has come to us as a shock; as for reasons to be given below, these sums are grossly inadequate for our support and maintenance.

2. It appears from the relative proportion of the sums granted to each of us that Your Excellency's Government has been mainly guided in the allotment of these allowances by the statement of private accounts of our late father. These accounts we make bold to point out have misled the Government in their inferences as the sums which are shown in the said accounts to have been paid to each of us by our late father was in most cases each person's *pocket money* while the main part of our necessaries such as food, clothing, horses, servants, etc., etc., were supplied by him from his own pocket. This fact may be substantiated by a closer examination of the methods which our late father employed in the management of his household affairs. With these small allowances therefore which we enjoyed as our *pocket money*, only a few months before, it is impossible for us to provide all the necessaries of life for ourselves and the family.

3. As we had the honour to refer in paragraph 6 of our petition, dated 15th April last, we have in the death of our father lost *one* person whose personal needs were few and simple not involving any high expense. Need we, therefore, say that we have very nearly the same expenses to maintain the family as were to be defrayed during the lifetime of our father.

4. We may, with your permission, further observe that a large number of the retinue of our late father who followed him from Persia are drawing more liberal allowances for their support as compared with ours; so that the one who is granted the highest pension among us is not even so well off as a middle-class adherent of our father, whereas

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the one who is allotted the minimum is not better off than a cook or other menial servant. What an irony of fate that those who have acted as our servants and whom we are accustomed to treat as such from our childhood should be in the enjoyment of handsome allowance with better means of subsistence and comfort and we being the *sons* of the late Sardar should be allowed to remain in such straits. We sincerely hope that Your Excellency's Government will not make us suffer so much degradation.

5. Under the above-mentioned circumstances we most humbly and respectfully pray that Your Excellency having regard to the loyalty of our late father and the dignity of his family will most graciously *reconsider* our petition of the 15th April last and distribute among us the *full amount* of our late father's allowance which was paid to him during his lifetime.

Encls. 1
Pol. No. 11.

6. Should the Government find itself unable to *fully* accede to the aforesaid prayer Your Excellency will be graciously pleased to cause our income to be supplemented by a munificent *grant of lands* on the Chinab or Jhelum canals in the Punjab or elsewhere, which favour, we earnestly hope, Your Excellency will not out of your wonted generosity withhold from us.

7. Your petitioners are also informed that the house rent for summer accommodation has been stopped altogether. In this connection we beg to submit that accustomed from our childhood as we are, we cannot but resort to the hills every year during summer months. This, of course, will require extra expenses. We therefore pray that the said house rent for summer accommodation which was yearly paid to our late father may be distributed among us, his eleven sons. We may refer to the case of Sardar Abdur Rahman Khan, son of the late Sardar Hashim Khan, as a precedent in this matter who notwithstanding his receiving a very liberal allowance of Rs. 2,000 per mensem was granted same amount as hill allowance as was paid to his father. These sums however small they may be in each case will be invaluable assistance to us in our embarrassed circumstances.

F. A. Aug 1903
Nos. 26–51

Trusting this humble petition will receive Your Excellency's favourable consideration

We have the honour to be,

Our Lord,

Your Excellency's most obedient Servants,

(Sd). (1) Muhammad Abdul Kadir Effendi. (2) Sultan Ahmad. (3) Abdul Aziz. (4) Sher Ahmad, (5) Mohamad Akram, (6) Abdul Samad, (7) Mohamad Azam. (8) Noor Ahmed. (9) Abdul Rashid.

*Dated Lahore, the 10th October 1914.*

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*Copy.*

Enclosure II.

To

COLONEL C. H. PRITCHARD,
*Political Officer in charge of Sons of the late*
*Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan,*
*Dehra Dun.*

SIR,

We beg to enclose, herewith, a petition for the perusal of His Excellency the Viceroy and the Governor-General of India, and confidently hope you will be good enough to forward to His Excellency for His Excellency's most kind and favourable consideration.

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We only beg to add that in view of the great consideration you have for us and the noble way in which you have treated us, you will, we hope, not spare means to endorse this petition with your noble suggestions and kind remarks.

We have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servants,

(Sd.) (1) MOHAMED SARWAR KHAN.

(Sd.) (2) MOHAMED UMAR KHAN.

LAHORE;

*The 30th October 1914.*

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*Copy.*

To

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE CHARLES BARON HARDINGE OF PENSHURST, P.C., G.C.B., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., I.S.O.

(*Through the Political Officer in charge of the Sons of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan*).

*The humble petition of the undersigned respectfully sheweth* :—

1. The allowances granted to Your Excellency's petitioners by Your Gracious Government, after the death of their father, the late Sardar Ayub Khan, *viz.*, Rs. 100 and Rs. 75 respectively are not in keeping with the dignity of their birth and are insufficient to meet the requirements of their position in life. A few morsels of bread only are required to keep one's body and soul together, but one who has the good fortune, or, as in your petitioners' case, the misfortune, to be born in a Royal family, has more things to attend to in life than his personal existence.

2. Your Excellency's petitioners are afraid that the allowances granted to them by Your Excellency's Goverrment do not shew that they have been prompted by a thorough conception of the dignity and responsibilities of their position. Hence Your Excellency's petitioners approach Your Excellency with this separate petition.

3. Their mother is a Durani and was regularly married by the late Sardar Sahib. A family in which she was born, is well known in Afghanistan. Her parental grandfather, the late Kazi Abdus-Salam Khan Sahib, received an allowance of Rs. 800 per month from Your Excellencys' Government at Rawalpindi all his life. Her father, Kazi Noor-ud-Din Khan Sahib, is still getting an allowance from the Government. Your Excellency's petitioners beg to bring to the notice of Your Excellency's Government that the petitioners' mother was actually allotted an allowanes of Rs. 400 by the late Sardar Sahib, who deducted Rs. 200 from it only with a view to pay the petitioners' mother back a lump sum, when her requirements would increase.

4. The late Sardar Sahib gave no special allowances to bachelors. Lately he had changed his mind and allotted a respectable sum for them and the sum of Rs. 1,000 which Your Excellency's Government had so kindly offered a few years ago, was to be utilised for this purpose. It is hoped Your Excellency's Government will respect his last wishes and utilise the contemplated amount for the help of these princes, who like your petitioners, are finding it extremely difficult to maintain their position on the allowances granted to them.

5. Even the other princes, who are granted greater allowances, find the arrangements made by Your Excellency's Government insufficient for their maintenance. But the allowances granted to Your Excellency's petitioners are not even worth mentioning, for Your Excellency's humble petitioners, as scions of a Royal family, cannot even think of living on the allowances granted



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to them, with expenses such as education, family, horses, etc., etc., on the necessary scale. Besides, Your Excellency's petitioners confidently hope that Your Excellency will also generously grant Your Excellency's humble petitioners some suitable lands and the hill allowances, without which it will be extremely difficult for them to live in the plains in summer.

6. Your Excellency's petitioners are fully confident that in view of the above facts Your Excellency will sympathise with their difficulties and do the the needful to remove them, for which act of justice and generosity Your Excellency's humble petitioners will ever pray for Your Excellency's long life and prosperity.

(1) MOHAMED SARWAR KHAN.
(2) MOHAMED UMAR KHAN.

LAHORE;
*30th October 1914.*

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Enclosure III. *Copy.*

To

THE POLITICAL OFFICER WITH THE LATE SARDAR MUHAMMAD AYUB KHAN LAHORE.

SIR,

I beg to state that I am one of the wives of late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. When he was alive he used to give me Rs. 36-0-0 per month in addition to clothes and food. Now that the Government has granted allowances to all the relatives and dependents I have been allotted a petty sum of Rs. 30 per month only.

It is so very difficult to live with a couple of servants on this allowance which is quite inadequate to meet my usual expenses. I am an old and helpless woman, so I request you to kindly reconsider my case and recommend it for a favourable consideration. My allowance, I hope, shall be increased so much so that I may be able to live a comfortable life.

I shall ever in duty bound pray.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

(Sd.) MOTHER OF SARDAR GHULAM MUHAMMAD KHAN AND WIFE OF LATE SARDAR MUHAMMAD AYUB KHAN.

*Dated Lahore, the 7th October 1914.*

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Enclosure IV. *Copy.*

To

THE POLITICAL AGENT WITH THE LATE SARDAR MUHAMMAD AYUB KHAN, LAHORE.

SIR,

In continuation of my previous petition and with reference to the grant of an allowance of Rs. 30 a month to me by Government consequent on the death of my husband, Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, I beg leave to submit my case as follows for the favourable consideration of your good self and of the just and benign Government of India.

1. My husband, Sardar Ayub Khan, used to give me during his lifetime a sum of Rs. 36 a month as pocket money and used to provide me with

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food and clothes besides, all of which if added together would amount to not less than Rs. 150 a month.

2. Now I beg to submit I have failed to see what at rate and on what grounds I have been allotted Rs. 30 a month only. It appears that some mistake has been made by some body and that the true state of affairs has not been explained to the illustrious Government of India.

3. Surely the kind and just Government do not expect me, the widow of a prince like Sardar Ayub Khan, to live on a small sum of Rs. 30 a month which they pay to their menial servants. It is impossible for me to live on this low amount.

4. I take the liberty of pointing out respectfully that the expenses of Sardar Ayub Khan, were made up of the expenses of his wives and children, etc., only the Sardar is dead the remainder are living. Consequently only the expenses belonging to the person of the late Sardar have ceased. The rest of the expenses are the same as before.

5. I would pray respectfully therefore that an adequate allowance commensurate with my needs may kindly be granted to me by the just and illustrious Government of India who are renowned for their justice and equity all the world over.

6. For this act of consideration and kindness I shall as in duty bound ever pray.

I beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most obedinet servant,

(Sd). MOTHER OF SARDAR GHULAM MUHAMMAD KHAN AND WIDOW OF LATE SARDAR MUHAMMAD AYUB KHAN.

*Dated Lahore, the 13th November 1914.*

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Enclosure V. *Copy.*

To

THE PRIVATE SECRETARY TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

(*Through the Political Officer with the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan of Lahore.*)

SIR,

Most submissively I beg to state as follows and trust that you will be kind enough to give my humble petition a favourable consideration :

1. I am the eldest daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. I was born in Afghanistan and accompanied my late lamented father from Persia. It is out of place to mention here how much he loved me. It is quite sufficient to say that he never spared anything for my comfort and maintenance. He used to grant me a pocket money of Rs. 70-0-0 per mensem since the time I was a mere child in Persia.

2. I am told that the Government has now sanctioned the allowances for the children of my late father. It is also said that although Rs. 101-0-0 which my father used to give to his step mother, the sister of Sardar Atta Ullah Khan, have been sanctioned in full, no allowance whatever is allotted to me. It is of course strange for me to hear this. At or even after the premature death of my father I had not the least idea that such will be the orders of the benign Government. No one among our family could ever believe this for a moment. The pay which my father used to grant me is dated as far back as the time when he was still in Persia whereas the allowances to Sardar Atta Ullah Khan's sister were begun to be paid to her only a few years since. The allowance of Rs. 70 was continued to be paid to me

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even after my marriage because of the fact that my husband, Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, is himself in receipt of a small pension quite insufficient to meet his expenses.

3. In view of the above circumstances I hope I shall not be deprived of my right to the same allowance which I used to receive from my late father and that my case in this respect will be generously reconsidered by the benign Government. The present news has shocked me exceedingly and has thrilled my heart, I therefore earnestly pray that you will be gracious enough to recommend me for the grant of my allowance of Rs. 70 per mensem in full and thus relieve me of the straitened state of my circumstances which is far beyond my power to bear.

4. I may in the end beg leave to point out that Sardar Muhammad Hashim Khan besides giving pocket expenses to other relations used to give an allowance from his own private pay to his step sister, which allowance is still continued to be paid to her by the Government. So I venture to hope that I being the real daughter of late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan my case deserves special consideration at the hands of His Excellency's kind Government.

For this act of kindness I shall ever remain grateful to you.

I beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

(Sd). Mother of Jamal-ud-Din Effendi
(the eldest daughter of late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan).

LAHORE ;

*The 7th October 1914.*

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*Copy.*

Enclosure VI.

TO—THE PRIVATE SECRETARY TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENRAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

SIR,

Allow me to lay the following few lines in continuation of my humble application already submitted for the favourable consideration of His Excellency the Viceroy.

1. We came to settle here under the kind protection of the benevolent and generous Government of India at its invitation and according to the agreement which on behalf of the British Government General Maclean made with my father, the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. It is clear that all of us will be treated honourably and will not suffer in any way whether the said Sardar was dead or alive.

2. The allowance of Rs. 70 which my father the late Sardar Ayub Khan used to give me was continued even after my marriage because the allowance of Rs. 200 given by the Government and of Rs. 130 given by my father to my husband, Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan was insufficient from wants owing to the increase of cost of living and additional expenses of our children. Now the sudden stoppage to my allowance without any reason or fault on my part has caused me a great anxiety and trouble.

3. I think that this was done under some misunderstanding as the generous Government would never tolerate that its honourable guests are put to any sort of trouble and discomfort over some trifling money matters.

4. It is a well known fact that Sardar Ayub Khan used to spend nearly all his allowance on us, *i.e.*, his children, wives and other relations, etc. He is dead but his expenses are in no way curtailed so any such wholesale reduction will be really great hardship.

5. I may also add that in addition to Rs. 70 my father used to give me presents in the way of clothings, etc. I very often used to dine at his table and so if all

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these things are put together they will amount to Rs. 150 a month, so I most humbly request His Excellency to continue the same cash allowance of Rs. 70 at least, and such favour has already been done in the case of Sardar Hashim Khan's survivors which I have already explained in my previous letter.

6. I entirely have myself at the mercy of His Excellency the Governor-General and to request him to be generous and gracious enough to continue the sum of Rs. 70 and thus to save me from unnecessary troubles.

7. I may also add that the late Sardar Hashim Khan used to give in his life-time Rs. 60 per mensem to his sister from his own pocket in addition to the allowance which his brother-in-law used to get from Government; after the death of Sardar Hashim Khan that allowance of Rs. 60 was allowed to his sister by the Government, which she is getting up to now.

Always heartily praying for the long life of His Excellency and the prosperity of the British Raj.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

(Sd.) The eldest daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan and wife of Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan.

LAHORE;

*The 6th November 1914.*

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*Copy.*

Enclosure VII.

To

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

*(through the Political Officer in charge of the* Ex-*Amir Muhammad Yakub Khan of Kabul).*

SIR,

Most humbly and submissively I beg to lay the following and trust you will be kind enough to forward it to the Government of India with your recommendations for their favourable consideration.

2. I am the daughter of the *ex*-Amir Muhammad Yakub Khan of Kabul and was married to the son of my uncle, the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. My husband died in 1911 and I was thus left at the sole mercy of my late father-in-law, who was so generous as in addition to food, clothing, servants and house, etc., used to grant me Rs. 60 per mensem for my private expenses only.

2. I am ill for the past six months and am regularly under medical treatment. I was advised to come to Abbottabad for a change of climate but have not recovered so far. My condition is becoming worse day by day. In such a bad state of my health I am informed that the Government has sanctioned a nominal sum of Rs. 30 per mensem only for my maintenance. This has shocked me exceedingly much.

3. It is needless for me to submit that in such a state when I am quite helpless this sum of Rs. 30 is altogether insufficient to meet even my ordinary expenses as I am now naturally compelled to employ my own servants, occupy a separate house on rent and manage for all other necessaries of life.

4. The Government has already sanctioned Rs. 101 per mensem for the step mother of the late Sardar Sahib despite the fact that she was not wholly dependent on him as I was. She herself is previously in receipt of a monthly pension of Rs. 100 while I have no other support.

5. I therefore beg to submit this humble petition with a firm belief that the Government will be gracious enough to consider it favourably and sanction for me



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at least the full allowance of Rs. 60 per mensem which my late father-in-law used to grant me.

6. For this act of generosity I shall ever pray for the prosperity of the British Government.

I beg to remain,

SIR,

Your most obedient humble servant,

(Sd.) Widow of Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan care of Sardar Abdul Ali Khan, Muhammadzai.

ABBOTTABAD,

KARIMPURA;

*The 16th October 1914.*

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*Copy.*

Enclosure VIII.

To

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

*(through the Political Officer in charge of the Ex-Amir Muhammad Yakub Khan of Kabul).*

SIR,

With due deference and profound respect your petitioner begs to submit this humble petition with a fervent hope that you will very kindly transmit the same to the Government of India with your recommendations for their favourable consideration.

2. Your petitioner is the daughter of the *Ex*-Amir Muhammad Yakub Khan of Kabul and is married to Sardar Abdul Ali Khan, the son of the late Sardar Ahmad Ali Khan. Since her marriage your petitioner has been under the kind patronage of her uncle the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.

3. As your petitioner's husband was in receipt of a scanty pension of Rs. 50 per mensem only, the late benevolent Sardar Sahib used to grant her Rs. 80 per mensem for her maintenance. This was the sole source on which your petitioner was wholly dependent.

Besides the irretrievable loss of her uncle which your petitioner was destined to sustain she has come to know that she is now deprived even of the above allowance—a still further grievous loss which is absolutely intolerable. This disappointing news could not be imagined before this even for a moment, as your petitioner had a firm belief in the benign Government's justice that it would kindly thoroughly inquire into the circumstances of those who were solely dependent on the late Sadar Sahib and will fully consider their claims.

4. Your petitioner has got four children whom their father, being himself of very small means, cannot support. According to the manners and habits of life of the family to which your petitioner relates it is exceedingly difficult to leave the children to play in the streets and grow uneducated, whereas under the existing conditions it is feared the case would be still worse.

5. To avoid the danger of the petition becoming lengthy your petitioner shuns from explaining her miserable condition more fully and feels confident in your own justice that you will be kind enough to go into this humble petition very carefully and will never deprive her of the allowances she enjoyed for so long and which are the only means of her livelihood. It is only your favour which will get your unfortunate humble petitioner rid of the distressed and deplorable condition.

6. As the allowances which the late Sardar Sahib used to give to his step mother have, notwithstanding the fact that she is previously in receipt of a monthly pension of Rs. 100, been sanctioned by the Government in full, your

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petitioner therefore trusts that her case will not be considered less favourably that is to say your petitioner will be graciously recommended for the grant of Rs. 80 per mensem in full to enable her to maintain herself and her children.

For this act of generosity your petitioner and her little children will ever pray for your long life and prosperity.

I beg to remain,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

(Sd.) Mother of Ali Ahmed, care of Sardar Abdul Ali Khan, Muhammadzai.

ABBOTTABAD,
KARIMPURA;
*The 6th October 1914.*

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Enclosure IX. *Copy.*

Through the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA IN THE FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT, SIMLA

SIR,

I beg to say that at the time, when British troops were in Kabul in 1880, my father, Sardar Shahbaz Khan, rendered great service to the British and was appointed by the British authorities Governor of Kohistan, to calm the people, who were troubling the British in Afghanistan, and he proved himself equal to the great task entrusted to him. The correspondence between the officers and my father, in which they have acknowledged my father to be their friend, are still in my hands. When the British troops were surrounded in Shairpur by *ghazis*, my father was with the British. The Ghazis being offended at this, looted all our property valued about one lakh of rupees.

2. When the British troops returned to India many of the Sardars went with them and got a handsome pension, but Mr. (afterwards Sir Lepel) Griffin asked my father not to go to India, as he regarded him the most reliable and honest friend in Afghanistan, and promised that he would recommend him to Amir Abdur Rahman Khan, who was then proclaimed the Amir of Kabul. His Highness, however, after a short time imprisoned my father and sent him to India, confiscating all his property.

3. General (Sir Frederick now Lord) Roberts recommended my father to be helped by the British Government, as a compensation for the property, valued at a lakh looted by the *ghazis*, only 10,000 rupees were offered to my father, and no pension was granted. In the meantime Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan Sahib came to India, and gave my father rupees 200 monthly, as a pension from his own pocket, and besides this, he always used to help us by all means. After the death of my father, he was good enough to continue the pension to me, by which I could support my family. Since his death I did not get anything.

4. It will not be out of place to mention here that the cause of not granting a pension by the British Government was said to be that all the pension fund had already been distributed.

Now when unfortunately for us the death of the Sardar Sahib has abruptly brought us in a state of destitution, I beg to lay my miserable condition before you for your kind consideration. How hard it is for me to support my family, consisting of more than 15 persons including children.

5. I therefore request the favour of your granting me the same pension which I used to get from Sardar Ayub Khan Sahib to enable me to keep my children off from starvation.

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6. In January or February 1910 I sent a petition to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, and I attached to my petition a letter from Lord Roberts to my father, which was the most important of the letters in my possession. That petition was not unfortunately answered. Of the letters in my possession I beg to submit a copy of some other letters in support of my statement, in addition to the letter referred to above, which may kindly be returned to me. I trust that the British Government who have always shown consideration to Afghan refugees, who had no claim on the Government, will be pleased to take into special consideration the case of the son of the man who was their staunchest supporter in Afghanistan and who incurred the enmity of the element hostile to the British in Afghanistan for his having espoused their cause, and lost his all for it.

7. Hoping that my humble request will be granted

I beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most humble and most obedient servant,

(Sd). S. Shah Zaman Khan, Afghan, son of the late Sardar Shahbaz Khan.

DEHRA DUN ;

*The 18th September 1914.*

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*Copy.*

*Translation of a letter dated the 18th Zilhaj 1296-H., from Sir Frederick (now Lord) Roberts, to the address of Sardar Shahbaz Khan.*

AFTER COMPLIMENTS,

I have received your letter and have understood its contents. The Chiefs of Kohistan have also arrived. This has pleased me. Please expedite sending straw (fodder) from Kohistan.

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*Translation of a letter, dated 27th March 1880, from Major Hastings to the address of Sardar Shahbaz Khan.*

AFTER COMPLIMENTS,

I have received your letter with a copy of the letters of Mir Bacha and Muhammad Musa Khan, etc., from Ghazni, and have read them. Before this I received similar news from Ghazni from other sources. Your letters have confirmed the news contained in the other letters. I hope that you will continue to inform me of your good health and of what is going on there.

---

*Translation of a letter dated the 3rd December 1879 from Major Hastings to Sardar Shahbaz Khan.*

AFTER COMPLIMENTS,

I have received your letter and understood its contents. I hope that you will continue to exert yourself and send me fresh news from Kohistan and its neighbourhood. Please make good arrangements about post and post-runners, and let me know what arrangements you have made and send me a report about post stations and the number of post carriers to enable me to appoint a Jemadar for the Dâk arrangements. The following men have arrived here :—

1. Mir Agha Sahibzada.
2. Khwaja Abdul Kadir.
3. Nawab Khan.
4. Muhammad Afzal Khan.
5. Saleh Khan.
6. Khoja Sultan Khan.
7. Muhammad Usman.
8. Muhammad Khan.
9. Fateh Muhammad Khan.

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*Translation of a letter dated the 4th December 1879 from Major Hastings to Sardar Shahbaz Khan.*

AFTER COMPLIMENTS,

I have learnt from your man, Muhammad Aziz Khan that you want levies. I, therefore, write to say that you may appoint two hundred " Khassadars " (levies) and send me a list of them for record in my office.

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*Translation of Major Hastings' letter dated the 12th April 1880 to Sardar Shahbaz Khan.*

AFTER COMPLIMENTS,

I regularly receive the letters that you address me. Kindly keep me informed of the doings of Mir Bacha Khan and others. Keeping yourself well aware of what goes on in Kohistan and Turkistan, please inform me of what comes to your knowledge. It is necessary that you should keep yourself well informed of what happens on your all sides. Whatever news reaches you, please communicate the same to me.

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*Translation of a letter dated the 1st February 1880, from Major Hastings to Sardar Shahbaz Khan.*

AFTER COMPLIMENTS,

I have received the letter which you addressed me from Babakoh and I have understood its contents. I have also communicated its contents to the General Sahib. The General Sahib authorises you, if you think it advisable to do so, to permit Mir Agha Sahibzadah, Mir Nabi Jan and Abdul Sami Khan to punish Mir Ghulam Kadir. For it appears from your letter that Mir Agha Sahibzadah, Abdul Sami Khan and Mir Nabi Khan desire that they would like to punish Mir Ghulam Kadir and his sons, if they are permitted to do so by the British Government. The General Sahib, therefore, permits you to punish Ghulam Kadir, if he continues to make mischief and refuses to listen to you. Kindly send me such news always and be very careful in what you do.

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*Translation of a letter dated the 4th December 1879, from Major Hastings to Sardar Shahbaz Khan.*

AFTER COMPLIMENTS,

I have received your last letter. Kindly keep me informed in this way in future also. Mir Bacha Khan has been addressed through Sardar Wali Muhammad Khan, that he should come of his own accord. The wish of the General Sahib is that the people of Kohistan and Kohdaman should be punished, unless they give up doing mischief and surrender themselves for overtures. You may also console the people. Muhammad Tahir Mirza has been ordered to present himself before you and he will do so. Kindly appoint the Khasadars as usual and advance them one month's pay, and then let us have a list of the men and the amount of their pay, etc.

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*Copy.*

Enclosure X.
To

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

(*through the Political Officer in charge of the Ex-Amir Muhammad Yakub Khan of Kabul*).

SIR,

With due submission and respect we three sisters, the daughters of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan, beg to submit this humble petition for favourable consideration of the Benign Government.



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2. We are sorry to say that we are orphans in a very deplorable state. We used to live under the kind patronage of our lamented grandfather, Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. During his lifetime he used to grant us Rs. 30 per mensem merely for our pocket expenses as we were altogether free from anxiety of our food, servants, and lodging, etc.

3. The Benign Government has so graciously sanctioned our allowances of Rs. 30 in full for which we are highly grateful and shall ever pray in future also, but as the conditions have altogether changed after the sad death of our grandfather and we are now to live wholly on our sanctioned allowances it is therefore exceedingly difficult to pull on with Rs. 30 only.

4. We won't bother the Government with details of our distressed condition and leave the matter to their own mercy which we believe will doubtlessly be aroused in reading this humble petition. We therefore trust that the Benign Government will not hesitate in sanctioning a suitable increase in our present allowances so that we be relieved of the existing indigent circumstances.

For the support and kindness we shall, as in duty bound, ever pray for the prosperity of the Benign Government.

We beg to remain,

SIR,

Your most obedient humble servants,

Daughters of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan
care of Sardar Abdul Ali Khan.

ABBOTTABAD, KARIMPURA;

*Dated 16th October 1914.*

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*Copy.*

Enclosure XI.

To

The POLITICAL OFFICER WITH THE LATE SARDAR
MUHAMMAD KHAN, LAHORE.

SIR,

I most respectfully beg to state that I am the widow of the late Sardar Shahbaz Khan and a daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Aslam Khan, one of the well known sons of Amir Dost Muhammad Khan of Afghanistan. I have ever since the death of my husband lived as a member of Sardar Muhammad Aybub Khan's family. The late Sardar Ayub Khan fixed for me a small allowance of Rs. 37 a month.

Now that the Sardar is dead I am left without any means of subsistence. I am an old and helpless woman and having no one to support me, I beg to request that you will very kindly forward this humble application to the Government of India with a recommendation that the same allowance may be granted for my support and maintenance

I shall, as in duty bound, ever pray.

I beg to remain,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

Mother of late Sardar Muhammad Rahim Khan.

LAHORE;

*The 10th October 1914.*

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*Copy.*

Enclosure XII.
To

The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council,

(*Through the Political Officer with the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan*).

Sir,

I most respectfully beg to submit the following few lines for your favourable consideration :—

1. I am the son of the late Sardar Sher Muhammad Khan. The late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan was my maternal uncle as well as father-in-law. Besides the above both my father and myself accompanied the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan from Persia and since then we both respectively used to serve him as his Private Secretaries particularly and in other capacities generally. I was brought up under the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan's personal care and patronage and the reliance he placed in me is quite manifest from the honour he had conferred on me by appointing me as his Private Secretary. I can safely say that the late Sardar Sahib used to love me much more than his own sons.

2. The benign Government so benevolently granted me a personal allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem but as this sum could hardly cover my expenses the late Sardar Sahib used to supplement it by Rs. 130 per mensem from his own pocket in addition to another sum of Rs. 70 which he paid to my wife separately. I used to enjoy his numerous favours by way of pecuniary assistance and otherwise because he knew full well that I could hardly meet my monthly expenses as at least half of my allowance was to be paid on account of house rent and the pay of the servants only. The servants both males and females I employ are only those who accompanied my father here from Persia and in view of this fact I am quite unable to dispense with any of them. At any rate during the lifetime of the late Sardar Sahib I lived a life of comfort and respectability.

3. I may mention here that not only did I serve the late Sardar Sahib honestly but whenever there occurred a Government matter I always performed my duties to the entire satisfaction of the Political Officers as well. Thus I have been fortunate enough to win the golden opinion both of the late Sardar Sahib as well as the Political Officers.

4. I have now come to know that the benign Government has been gracious enough to sanction the allowance for the descendants of the late Sardar Sahib. It has also come to be known that the Government has sanctioned Rs. 101 even for the step mother of the late Sardar Sahib but in spite of the fact that my case really deserves special consideration nothing has been sanctioned for me. She has no rights superior to those of mine.

5. There are concrete examples of the grant of such allowances which the British Government has made in the case of Sardar Hashim Khan who used to give allowances from his own pocket to his relations during his lifetime besides their pay, and which private allowances were continued to be paid to them by the Government after the death of the said Sardar Hashim Khan to his relations owing to the fact that they could not support themselves on the actual allowance granted by the Government. As the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan was thoroughly convinced of my short pay and large family expenses he had fixed a special allowance for me.

6. I have fully explained above the claims which I have for an allowance to be granted to me out of the pension of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. I further beg to submit that in this foreign country I have no other means of support except the Government pension. I do not see any reason that the Government will not extend its usual kindness and generosity in my case especially because I have rendered my personal services both to the late Sardar Sahib and the Government.

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7. I have a fervent hope that the benign Government will consider this humble petition favourably and will be kind enough to grant me the allowance asked for, *i.e.*, the same allowances which the late Sardar Sahib used to pay me during his life-time.

8. In conclusion I again beg leave to pray that I shall be favoured with a kind reply, for which act of generosity I shall ever, as in duty bound, pray for your long life and prosperity.

I beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

(Sd). SARDAR YAR MUHAMMAD KHAN, AFGHAN.

LAHORE,

*Dated the 7th October 1914.*

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*Copy.*

Enclosure XIII.

To

THE PRIVATE SECRETARY TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL.

(*Through the Political Agent in charge of the* Ex-*Amir of Kabul.*)

SIR,

In continuation of my former application, I most humbly beg to lay the following further points regarding my case before you for the favourable consideration of His Excellency that—

1. When my allowance of Rs. 200 was fixed some years before by General C. S. Maclean, everything of living was too cheap and everything has been gradually increasing, so much so that it is now three time dearer than it was then, and for this very reason the late Sardar Ayub Khan gave me a further allowance of Rs. 130, for it was hard for me to live on the allowance granted by the Government, and he also used to give regularly Rs. 70 to his daughter, my wife, for he could not see us living under any trouble and difficulty.

2. Sardar Ayub Khan used to spend all his personal allowance on his sons, daughters, relatives and servants for he could not see any one amongst us in trouble, for our coming to India was chiefly for his sake and at the invitation of British Government, and on account of the agreement made by General C. S. Maclean in Persia which showed that we will be treated honourably and will not be made to suffer in any way. (A copy of the same agreement is enclosed herewith for the perusal of His Excellency.)

3. I therefore most humbly beg to state that I do not know at all why my personal allowance which Sardar Ayub Khan used to give me is stopped, while I do not believe that the benign and gracious Government has any significance of this saving, specially when compared to the troubles and sufferings of its guests, who now entirely depend upon its generosity and charity, and this too I do believe that the generous Government will not at all take into consideration the sad event of Sardar Ayub Khan's death and will continue to show the same favours as were upon us during his lifetime.

4. Besides the sum of Rs. 130 which Sardar Ayub Khan used to give me, and besides Rs. 70 which he used to give his daughter, my wife, he used to help us often in every possible way which as a total sum reached to the average of Rs. 300 a month, exclusive of the allowances granted by the Government.

5. You will thus judge that when we have been living on over rupees four hundred a month it is very hard and troublesome to live on half the amount when even most economically we cannot curtail our expenses.

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6. I most respectfully request you for the grant of the sum of Rs. 130 as my personal allowance, as well as Rs. 70 my wife's allowance, which we used to take from Sardar Sahib, and it is enough loss for us to tolerate which we have sustained on Sardar Ayub Khan's death that our occasional donations are stopped.

In the end I do solemnly hope that the gracious and benign British Government will kindly take a favourable consideration of our case.

Praying always for the long life of His Excellency and prosperity of British Raj

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

YAR MUHAMMAD.

LAHORE;

*The 6th November 1914.*

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*Copy.*

To

SARDAR MUHAMMAD AYUB KHAN.

I, *BRIGADIER GENERAL C. S. MACLEAN*, on the part of the British Government, promise you the following conditions on the understanding that you will go to live in India.

1. *YOU* will receive from the British Government the same allowance as Amir Yakub Khan to support yourself, your family and your dependants, and any other necessary expenses included such as may arise on occasions of marriages, deaths, etc., etc.

2. *YOU* will be honourably treated as a noble and honoured guest and will be allowed to live in Rawalpindi.

3. *YOUR* travelling expenses will be paid and your journey through Persia will be facilitated as far as possible in the manner you desire.

4. Reasonable allowances will be granted to such of your adherents as elect to go with you to India, their allowances will be granted in your name and their disposal for the above purpose will rest with you.

5. *YOUR* rights over your own household will be respected so long as the laws of India are not broken. If any of your female or male servants run away or commit a fault the Government will make them over to you.

6. A suitable house with furniture will be provided for you in Rawalpindi and Murree Hills.

7. These conditions will prove that the British Government bear you no ill will but on the contrary desire your good.

MESHED; C. S. MACLEAN, *Brigadier-General.*

*The 7th November 1887.*

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*Copy.*

Enclosure XIV.

To

THE PRIVATE SECRETARY TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL

(*Through the Political Officer with the* Ex-*Amir of Kabul.*)

SIR,

WE the Afghan servants of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, most humbly and respectfully beg to bring to the kind notice of His Excellency the



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Viceroy, the following few lines that to which we trust His Excellency will graciously pay attention.

(1) We were brought to India with our master the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan on the explicit understanding, as were then arranged in Persia between our master and General C. S. Maclean representing the British Government that the said Sardar and his attendants will be treated as honourable guests and will be given every possible comfort.

(2) Our gracious and benevolent master (may peace be upon his soul), during his lifetime, treated us as his children and did all what he could to give us every sort of comfort and even sacrificed his own pleasures for our sake. He very often helped us with money, clothing, etc., whenever he saw us in such needs. Many of us, who had no Government allowance were regularly paid by him and those, whose Government allowances were insufficient to meet with their expenses owing to the dearness in everything on account of their big families, were also paid by him monthly regularly from his own personal allawance.

(3) The late Sardar used to spend all his allowance upon us besides those Rs. 1,500 which were monthly granted by the British Government for our support. He from time to time used to give us donations when we were in troubles and when he saw, our troubles were regular, he communicated with the Government for the grant of lands to us.

(4) Now to our utmost misfortune and misery such a noble and benevolent master is dead and our sources of income are cut short and we are left unsheltered and unsupported, those of us who have Government allowances cannot meet with their expenses owing to the dearness in everything and their allowances being too short even to allow them to live economically for their big families but they are less miserable than those who have no Government allowances at all and who entirely depended upon the late Sardar, who had fixed their monthly allowances and were regularly paid from his funds through his Financial Secretary Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, who still holds records of all such allowances and donations; and so Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan very kindly after the death of Sardar prepared a list of such allowances which were given in his lifetime and submitted to the Political Agent's office duly attested by the sons of the late Sardar and a copy of the same is enclosed herewith for perusal.

(5) We are so helpless and destitute that we have no other alternative than to request His Excellency and to the British Government to consider our case and to be gracious enough to fix up at least the same old allowances as were fixed by Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. Such generosity has been shown by the benign Government in many cases as in case of the :—

(6) Mother of *Ex*-Crown Prince of Kabul that the British Government used to give her through the late Sardar certain amount monthly and that very allowance after her death was distributed amongst her personal maid and male servants for their maintenance who had no Government allowances.

(7) And the latest generosity and pure kindness which the benign Government has shown is Rs. 101 (which sum was given to the sister of Ata Ulla Khan, the step mother of the late Sardar from the late Sardar's personal allowance) and which amount now has been sanctioned by the generous Government for her maintenance.

(8) There is one more example of such generosity which the British Government has shown in the case of the attendants of Sardar Hashim Khan, he and our master the late Sardar were brought to India on equal understandings and when Sardar Hashim Khan was dead his allowances were distributed amongst his servants whether those servants had or had not their allowances.

(9) Survivors of Sardar Sher Ali Khan Kandhari were given by the benign Government the same allowances after his death which he used to give them privately from his allowance during his lifetime.

(10) We need not mention under what troubles and difficulties we came here for the sake of our beloved master, and your special consideration and favour upon us, unsheltered people like us, will not only bring us under obligations for ever but will remove anxieties and sufferings from the soul of the deceased Sardar; it will be a special charity to save us from starvation and privations.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

Meanwhile we always pray for the long and peaceful life of His Excellency and wishing for ever for the Britsh Government every success and prosperity.

LAHORE ;
*Dated the 18th November 1914.*

We beg to remain,
Sir,
Your most obedient servants,

1. Yar Muhammad Khan. 2. Kazi Nur-Ud-Din Khan. 3. Abdur-Rasul Khan. 4. Jalal-Ud-Din Mama. 5. Sayed Ghulam Nobi Jan Badsha. 6. Abdul Ahad. 7. Zulfikar. 8. Nazir Ghulam Muhammad Khan. 9. Ghulam Muhammad. 10. Sardar Khan. 11. Mazulla Khan. 12. Muhammad Askar. 13. Widow of Hakim Abdur Rauf Khan. 14. Mirza Abdul Manan Khan. 15. Safdar Khan. 16. Haji Sultan Muhammad. 17. Ghulam Nakshband, 18. Khalifa Jan Muhammad. 19. Muhammad Umar. 20. Dost Mohammad Khan. 21. Ahmad Khan. 22. Mama Abdul Azim Khan. 23. Mama Yar Muhammad Khan. 24 Abdul Hakim Khan. 25. Mama Muhammad Azim Khan. 26. Lala Muhammad Kasim Khan. 27. Ahmad Khan. 28. Ghulam Haidar Khan. 29. Abdullah. 30. Lala Shah Wali Khan. 31. Khair Muhammad Khan. 32. Risaldar Mehr Ali Khan. 33. Khwaja Nur Khan. 34. Muhammad Siddik. 35. Muhammad Sharif, Kakri.

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*Statement showing the names of the late Sardar Ayub Khan Sahib's servants and their allowances as referred to in the accompanying application.*

| Serial No. | Names. | Government allowance. | Allowance fixed by Sardar Ayub Khan. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan .. .. | 200 | 130 | 330 |
| 2 | Wife of Yar Muhammad Khan .. .. | .. | 70 | 70 |
| 3 | Qazi Nur-ud-Din Khan .. .. .. | 110 | 70 | 180 |
| 4 | Sardar Abdur Rasul Khan .. .. .. | 50 | 40 | 90 |
| 5 | Mama Abdul Aziz Khan .. .. .. | 100 | 35 | 135 |
| 6 | Abdul Hakim Khan .. .. .. .. | 27 | 10 | 37 |
| 7 | Widow of Hakim Abdur Rauf Khan .. .. | .. | 80 | 80 |
| 8 | Nazir Ghulam Muhammad Khan .. .. | 70 | 14 | 84 |
| 9 | Lala Muhammad Kasim Khan .. .. | 45 | 6 | 51 |
| 10 | Lala Shah Wali Khan .. .. .. | 11 | 5 | 16 |
| 11 | Lala Ahmad Khan .. .. .. .. | 25 | 10 | 35 |
| 12 | Safdar Khan .. .. .. .. | 65 | 1 | 66 |
| 13 | Khair Muhammad .. .. .. .. | 9 | 5 | 14 |
| 14 | Lala Shakar Khan .. .. .. | 25 | 10 | 35 |
| 15 | Haji Sohbat .. .. .. .. | 15 | 6 | 21 |
| 16 | Ghulam Muhammad Khan .. .. .. | 6 | 12 | 18 |
| 17 | Sayad Ghulam Nabi Jan Badshah .. .. | .. | 15 | 15 |
| 18 | Mama Muhammad Azim Khan .. .. | .. | 15 | 15 |
| 19 | Mirza Abdul Ghias Khan .. .. .. | .. | 30 | 30 |
| 20 | Maz Ulla Khan .. .. .. .. | .. | 27 | 27 |
| 21 | Jalal Khan .. .. .. .. | .. | 17 | 17 |
| 22 | Haji Sultan Muhammad Khan .. .. | .. | 27 | 27 |
| 23 | Abdul Ahad Khan .. .. .. .. | .. | 10 | 10 |
| 24 | Mir Ahmad Khan .. .. .. .. | .. | 10 | 10 |
| 25 | S. Abdur Rahim Agha .. .. .. | .. | 5 | 5 |
| 26 | Muhammad Sharif, Kakri .. .. .. | .. | 9 | 9 |
| 27 | Zulfikar Khan .. .. .. .. | .. | 10 | 10 |
| 28 | Muhammad Sadiq Khan .. .. .. | .. | 10 | 10 |
| 29 | Abdulla, son of Abdur Rahim .. .. | .. | 12 | 12 |
| 30 | K. Jan Muhammad Khan .. .. .. | .. | 34 | 34 |
| 31 | Muhammad Yakub Khan .. .. .. | .. | 11 | 11 |
| 32 | Dost Muhammad Khan .. .. .. | .. | 9 | 9 |
| 33 | Ata Muhammad Khan .. .. .. | .. | 3 | 3 |
| 34 | Bibi Chadar Shavi .. .. .. .. | .. | 3 | 3 |

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Enclosure XV.

Dated Quetta, the 18th November 1914.

From—The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel J. Ramsay, C.S.I., C.I.E., Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan,

To—The Hon'ble Mr. A. H. Grant, C.I.E., Officiating Foreign Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

I have the honour to submit, for the favourable consideration of the Government of India, a proposal for an increase in the allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem sanctioned in letter No. 2943-C., dated the 4th December 1908, from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, to Muhammad Umar Khan, Alikozai, a refugee from Afghanistan.

2. A reference to Sir Henry McMahon's letter No. 5496, dated the 14th October 1908, will show that this allowance was granted to supplement one of a similar amount, received by the grantee from the late Sardar Ayub Khan, which was found to be insufficient for the maintenance of Muhammad Umar and his family. It has now been represented by Muhammad Umar Khan that since the death of Sardar Ayub Khan the allowance made to him by the latter has been stopped and that consequently he finds it difficult to maintain the large number of persons dependent on him.

3. The Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir reports that this allowance was paid by the late Sardar out of his personal allowance and that in making proposals to Government consequent on the death of the Sardar it has not been found possible to recommend the continuance of allowances to individuals outside the late Sardar's family and party at Lahore.

4. In view of the policy enunciated in Foreign Department letter No. 3301-F.A., dated the 2nd November 1903, with regard to these allowances, I would have refrained from moving in the matter, had it not been that Muhammad Umar Khan is an old man and apart from his wife and daughter, has also to maintain the widow, three minor sons, and two minor daughters of his deceased brother Abdul Zahir, as well as six followers, to do which, apart from his present allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem, he only possesses a small Muafi of Rs. 72 per annum in the Quetta-Pishin district.

5. If the proposal made in my letter No. 2266, of the 29th June 1914 is sanctioned there will remain a saving of Rs. 21-8-0 in the allotment for the refugee's allowances of this province, and I would recommend that a sum of Rs. 20 out of this amount be utilised in raising the allowance of Muhammad Umar Khan to Rs. 45 a month. The allowance will be subject to the usual conditions of loyalty and good behaviour and will remain in force so long as Muhammad Umar Khan resides in Baluchistan.

I trust that my recommendations will meet with the approval of the Government of India.

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No. 675-F., dated Simla, the 4th December 1914.

Endorsement by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department.

A copy of the undermentioned* paper is forwarded to the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, for consideration, with reference to paragraph 3 of the letter from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department. No. 360-F., dated the 8th July 1914.

*From the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan, No. 4035, dated the 18th November 1914.

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Enclosure XVI.

## STATEMENT C.

*Statement of allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to his wives, sons, daughters and other relatives, and of those sanctioned by Government according to the recommendations of Colonel Spence.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Particulars. (With recommendations of Colonel Spence.) | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared to amount sanctioned by Government (column 4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | *Wives.* | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 1 | Mother of Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. | 400 0 0 | 300 0 0 | Her name is Furrukh Taj. She is a Mhammadzai by birth. She is the daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Aslam Khan, son of the late Amir Dost Muhammad Khan. Thus she was a first cousin of the late Sardar. She is about 60 years of age. She was married to the late Sardar at Kabul during his father's lifetime. She has only one son, Sardar Mhuammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi, who is the eldest son of the late Sardar. She has a brother, named Sardar Amir Muhammad Khan, who was formerly in the late Sardar's party. But in 1905 he quarrelled with the late Sardar and the allowance of Rs. 1,000, per mensem which he received from Government was stopped at the Sardar's request, she has also another brother named Sardar Sher Muhammad Khan, who is still in the late Sardar's party and receives an allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem from Government.<br>I recommended that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 100 per mensem. | This lady has been sufficiently provided for, and her son, Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi (Serial No. 1 under "sons"), has been granted an allowance of Rs. 500 per mensem. Her case therefore, requires no reconsideration. | 300 0 0 | *Nil.* | No petition. |



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Names. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Particulars. (With recommendations of Colonel Spence). | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared to amount sanctioned by Governmen (column 4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 2 | Mother of Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan. | 410 0 0 | 300 0 0 | Her name is Hajira. She is also Muhammadzai. Her late father, Sardar Abdus Sami Khan, a descendant of Amir Dost Muhammad Khan's brother, lived with the late Sardar when he was at Rawalpindi and received a private allowance from him. The late Sardar married her in 1890. She is about 45 years of age. She and No. (3) were the two favourite wives of the late Sardar. She has the following issue :—<br>1. Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan (about 22).<br>2. Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan (about 19).<br>3. Sardar Muhammad Akbar Khan (born in Kashmir on 20th September 1913).<br>Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Mhammad Azam Khan were the favourite sons of their father, especially Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 110 per mensem. | This lady has also been treated well. Her case, therefore, does not need reconsideration.<br>Her elder son (the youngest, No. 3, is dead) has been given an allowance of Rs. 400 per mensem which is sufficient for him. The younger son's allowance of Rs. 200 is not quite sufficient. I am, therefore, recommending an increase in it at its proper place. | 300 0 0 | *Nil.* | No petition. |
| 3 | Khwahar-i-Khan (or the Khan's sister). | 400 0 0 | 300 0 0 | She is known as the "Firozkohi" wife of the late Sardar. Her name is "Shirin". Her father was a Chief of the "Firozkohi" tribe of Herat. She had a brother in Afghanistan named Saadat Khan, Firozkohi. She is about 50 years of age. She has no children of her own, but she has brought up Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan (son No. 8) who is by a slave girl who belonged to her. Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan (son No. 11) is also by a slave girl belonging to her. She was one of the two favourite wives of the late Sardar. It is said that some years ago the late Sardar entrusted her with Rs. 1,60,000 which he had saved. Of this sum Rs. 20,000 was expended by the late Sardar on the marriage of his sons. It is not known what has become of the balance.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced to Rs. 100 per mensem. | This lady has also been well treated. Her case, therefore, does not need reconsideration.<br>Her adopted son, Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan, has been given a sufficient allowance of Rs. 250 per mensem. | 300 0 0 | *Nil.* | No petition. |
| 4 | Mother of Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan. | 221 0 0 | 200 0 0 | She is known as the "Circassian" wife of the late Sardar. Her name is "Nazuk." When the late Sardar was on his way from Persia to India, she was purchased by him from a Turkish high offical at Baghdad, named Sulaiman Pasha for about Rs. 12,000 she has the following issue :—<br>1. Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan (about 24 years).<br>2. Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan (about 22 years).<br>3. Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan (about 19 years). | This lady is a native of Kars. At the time of Russo-Turkish war of 1878 she was about 7 years of age. When Kars was taken by the Russians this lady with her relatives fled from there and went to Constantinople. She was taken over and brought up by a Turkish Pasha. Her father's name was Ibrahim Effendi. Her uncle Yusaf Effendi, had a daughter who was a wife of the late Sultan Abdul Aziz, whose son, Yesuf Azizud Din, by that wife, is the present Turkish heir-apparent. Her brother Charkas (Circassian) Effendi was one of the trusted Aides-de-camp of the late Sultan Abdul Aziz. | 200 0 0 | *Nil.* | No petition. |



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

## STATEMENT C.—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by by late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence sanctioned by Government. | Particulars (with recommendations of Colonel Spence). | Revised recommendations of Political officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared to amount sanctioned by Government column (4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | 4. Daughter, named Sadat Sultan, (about 8 years).<br>It is not known whether the Sadrar performed any "Nikeh" ceremony in taking her as his wife, but she was treated as a married wife.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 21 per mensem. | The allowance of Rs. 200 fixed for her is sufficient. The allowance of Rs. 300 fixed for her eldest son, Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan, is also adequate, but the allowances fixed for her other two sons and daughter are not commensurate with their position. I am, therefore, recommending increased allowances for them in their proper places. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 5 | Mother of Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan. | 210 0 0 | 200 0 0 | She is the daughter of Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan, a follower of the late Sardar. The Sardar married her at Rawalpindi about 20 years ago. Her name is "Amina." She has two sons —<br>(1) Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan (about 20 years).<br>2. Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan (about 18 years).<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 10 per mensem. | This lady belongs to the Barakzai tribe of Afghanistan, to the Muhammadzai Section of which belongs the present ruling family of Afghanistan. Her relations hold high positions under Amir Habibulla Khan. The allowance of Rs. 200 fixed for her is sufficient, but the allowances fixed for her two sons are not adequate. I am, therefore, recommending increased allowances for them at their proper places. | 200 0 0 | *Nil.* | No petition. |
| | *Concubines.* | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Mother of the late Sardar Ghulam Muhammad Khan. | 36 0 0 | 30 0 0 | She is a Firozkohi slave. She came with the late Sardar's Firozkohi wife, (No. 3). She is about 60 years of age. She has two daughters, the elder of whom, who is the eldest child of the late Sardar, is married to Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, and the younger is married to Sardar Abdur Rahim Khan, one of the ex-Amir's sons.<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 6 per mensem. | It is true, as this lady says in her petition, that she used to get her food and clothes from the late Sardar in addition to her monthly allowance of Rs. 36, which was meant for her miscellaneous expenses. The allowance of Rs. 30 proposed for her and sanctioned by Government is undoubtedly insufficient for a lady of her position.<br>I would therefore recommend that her allowance may be increased to Rs. 50 per mensem, on which she will be able, though with much difficulty, to manage to live in a respectable manner. | 50 0 0 | 20 0 0 | Petition received. Copy attached. |
| 2 | Mother of Sardar Abdus Samad Khan. | 33 0 0 | 30 0 0 | She is a Chitrali slave. Her name is "Rabeli". She is about 50 years of age. Formerly she was a slave girl in the household of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan. When she went to Persia with the late Mudar-i-Wali Ahd (widow of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan) she was taken over by the late Sardar as a concubine. She has only one son, Sardar Abdus-Samad Khan.<br>I recommend that this allowance be redu ed by Rs. 3 per mensem. | The same remarks as given above are applicable in the case of this lady. She has submitted no petition, but she has made a formal verbal representation about the inadequacy of her allowance.<br>I would, therefore, recommend, as in the case of the mother of the late Sardar Ghulam Muhammad Khan, above, that her allowance also be increased to Rs. 50 per mensem. | 50 0 0 | 20 0 0 | Verbal petition. |
| 3 | Mother of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan. | 30 0 0 | 30 0 0 | Her name is Sahib Jan. She is a Sistani slave. She is about 45 years of age. She has had several children but now only two daughters remain. Her grown-up son, Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan, who was married to one of the ex-Amir's daughters, died about three years ago. Her elder daughter is married to Sardar Abdul Karim Khan, one of the ex-Amir's sons. The younger, named Zeb-un-Nisa, aged about 9 years, is with her mother. | The same remarks as given against the names of the concubines (1) and (2) above, are also applicable to this lady. She has submitted no written petition, but she has made a formal verbal representation about the inadequacy of her allowances. As I do not consider her allowance sufficient for her maintenance, I would recommend that, as in the case of ladies (1) and (2) above, it may be increased to Rs. 50 per mensem.<br>The allowance of Rs. 30 fixed for her daughter, Zeb-un-Nisa, is also low. I am therefore recommending an increase in it at its proper place. | 50 0 0 | 20 0 0 | Verbal petition. |





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## STATEMENT C—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Names. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Particulars. (With recommendations of Colonel Spence.) | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared to an amount sanctioned by Government (column 4.). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | Rs. P. A. | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 4 | Gulab .. .. | 25 0 0 | 25 0 0 | She is a Persian Kurdish slave. She was purchased by the late Sardar in Teheran. She has no issue. She together with the foregoing 3 concubines were the late Sardar's personal attendants in the harem. | The same remarks as given against the concubines (1), (2) and (3) above, are applicable to her. She has also made a formal verbal representation. As her allowance is also not adequate, I would recommend that, as in the case of the ladies (1), (2) and (3) above, it may be increased to Rs. 50 per mensem. | 50 0 0 | 25 0 0 | Verbal petition. |
| 5 | Mother of Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan. | *Nil.* | 25 0 0 | She received no allowance from the late Sardar. Her son, Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan, received an allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem. She is a Persian slave. Her name is Zarafashan. She was purchased by the late Sardar in Persia. She is about 45 years of age. She has no other children.<br><br>I recommend the grant of an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem as the lady is not otherwise provided for. | The same remarks, as given against the names of the four concubines above, are also applicable to her. She has also made a formal verbal representation. As her allowance also is not adequate I would recommend that, as in the case of the four ladies above, it may be increased to Rs. 50 per mensem.<br><br>The allowance of Rs. 30 fixed for her son, Sadar Abdur Rashid Khan, is very low. I am therefore recommending an increase in it at its proper place. | 50 0 0 | 25 0 0 | Verbal petition. |
| | *Sons.* | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. | 500 0 0 | 500 0 0 | Son of widow No. 1. He was born at Baghdad when the late Sardar was on his way from Persia to India. He was therefore given the Turkish appellation of Effendi. He is 26 years of age. He knows English and has studied a large number of English books. He has written a Biography of his father which he is very anxious to publish, but the late Sardar was always against its publication. He is married to a daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Hashim Khan. She inherited Rs. 46,000 from her father. Of this sum Rs. 20,000 was deposited in the Burma Bank, which afterwards failed, and only Rs. 10,000 was recovered. After the recovery, Rs. 36,000 was left, to which was added another sum of Rs. 3,000 by sale of jewellery, and the whole amount (Rs. 39,000) was invested in landed property in the wife's name.<br>Sardar Abdul Kadir Khan has a young son, about 3 years old, named Saham-ud-Din. | He being the eldest son of the late Sardar has been given the largest allowance which is quite sufficient for him and he ought to be quite satisfied. The landed property which he has purchased with his wife's money brings him in an annual income of about Rs. 2,000. He is also buying a house at Lahore which will give him a further yearly income of about Rs. 2,000.<br><br>His case does not require reconsideration. | 500 0 0 | *Nil.* | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 2 | Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan. | 500 0 0 | 400 0 0 | Son of widow No. 2. He and his younger brother, Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan, were the two favourite sons of the late Sardar. He knows English. He is about 22 years of age. He is married to a neice of Nawab Sir Muhammad Aslam Khan of Peshawar. He has two sons, named Muhammad Afzal (about 3 years old) and Muhammad Ali (about two months old).<br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 100 per mensem, Rs. 95 out of which, I think, should be added to the allowance of son No. 3. | The allowance of Rs. 400 fixed for him is sufficient. His case, therefore, does not require reconsideration. | 400 0 0 | *Nil.* | Petition received; copy attached. |

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STATEMENT C—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid b late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government | Particulars, (With recommendations of Colonel Spence.) | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared to amount sanctioned by Government. (Column 4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 3 | Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan. | Rs. A. P. 105 0 0 | Rs. A. P. 200 0 0 | He is full brother of Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan (No. 2 above). The late Sardar was very fond of him. He has been learning English with an Indian tutor at home. He is betrothed to one of the daughters of the *ex*-Amir, a full sister of Sadar Abdur Rahman Jan. Her name is Nur Jahan.<br><br>I recommend an addition of Rs. 95 per mensem to this allowance. | The mother of this Sardar and his elder brother (No. 2 above) is a Muhammadzai. So, with the exception of the late Sardar's eldest son, who is also by a Muhammadzai mother, they hold a higher position than the rest of their brothers. The sum of Rs. 105 which was allowed by the late Sardar to this young Sardar was really given to him as pocket money. Had the late Sardar lived he would have fixed, after this young Sardar's marriage, an allowances for him not less than that of his two brothers above. While his half-brother, Sadar Sultan Ahmad Khan has been given Rs. 300 per mensem, and another half-brother, who is by a concubine, has been given Rs. 250 per mensem, the allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem fixed for this Sardar is not commensurate with his position. He should be given an allowance a little less than his elder full brother (No. 2 above). and higher than those of his other half-brothers excluding No. I above. His allowance should be at least equal to that of Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan (son No. 5) and certainly higher than the allowance of Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan whose mother was a concubine and for whom Rs. 250 per mensem has been fixed.<br><br>I would, therefore, recommend that his allowonce may be increased to Rs. 300 per mensem. | Rs. A. P. 300 0 0 | Rs. A. P. 100 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 4 | Sardar Muhammad Akbar Khan (an infant). | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | The above two brothers have a younger brother named Sardar Muhammad Akbar Khan, who was born in Kashmir on 20th September 1913. | This child died a few months ago. So his case does not require reconsideration. | *Nil.* | | |
| 5 | Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan. | 322 0 0 | 300 0 0 | Son of widow No. 4. He is about 24 years of age. He knows English. He is married to one of the *ex*-Amir's daughters by a concubine. He has one son named Sultan Muhammad Khan, aged about two years. He has two younger brothers, Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan, and Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan, and a sister, named Saadat Sultan.<br><br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 22 per mensem. | This young Sardar and his two younger full brothers are related on mother's side (*vide* remarks against widow No. 4) to the present heir apparent of Turkey, Yusaf Aziz-ud-Din Effendi. The allowance fixed for this Sardar is sufficient, but the allowances of his two younger brothers require reconsideration. | 300 0 0 | *Nil.* | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 6 | Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan. | 230 0 0 | 200 0 0 | Son of widow No. 4 and full brother of Sardar Sultan Ahmad Khan (No. 5 above). He is about 22 years of age. He is married to one of the daughters of the *ex*-Amir by a concubine. He has been educated at home and knows English.<br><br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 30 per mensem. | Please read remarks above. Considering his status as son of the late Sardar and his position among the members of the present ruling family of Afghanistan, his allowance is not adequate. It should not be less than the allowance granted to Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan (son No. 8) whose mother was a concubine.<br><br>I would therefore recommend that his allowance may be increased to Rs. 250 per mensem. | 250 0 0 | 50 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |



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NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

## STATEMENT C—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Particulars. (With recommendations of Colonel Spence). | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared to amount sanctioned by Government (column 4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 7 | Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan. | *Nil.* | 100 0 0 | Son of widow No. 4 and full brother of Nos. 5 and 6 mentioned above. He lived with his mother and received no allowance from his father. The late Sardar proposed to betroth him to a grand-daughter of the *ex*-Amir, 3rd daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan. He is being educated at home and knows English.<br><br>An allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem recommended for reasons stated in my report. | Please read remarks against his elder full brothers (Nos. 5 and 6 above). This young Sardar's case requires to be specially reconsidered. He has been given a very small allowance which is hardly enough to supply him with the bare necessaries of life. His father would have no doubt, had he lived, fixed an adequate allowance for him like his married brothers when the time for his marriage came.<br><br>I would recommend that his allowance should, in no case, be less than that of Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan (son No. 8) who is by a concubine, and that it may be increased to Rs. 250 per mensem. | 250 0 0 | 150 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 8 | Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan. | 250 0 0 | 250 0 0 | His mother, who is dead, was a slave of the Firozkohi wife of the late Sardar (No. 3). He is about 23 years of age. He is married to a daughter of the *ex*-Amir by a concubine. He has two infant sons; one named Abdul Azim, is about two years old, and the other, Abdul Ghafur, is about 3 months old. He has been educated at home and knows English. | Considering the amount of allowances fixed for many of his brothers some of whom hold a very much higher position than his, the allowance fixed for this Sardar is an adequate one.<br><br>His case, therefore, does not require reconsideration. | 250 0 0 | *Nil.* | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 9 | Sardar Abdus Samad Khan. | 150 0 0 | 150 0 0 | Son of concubine No. 2. He is about 21 years old. He is betrothed to a daughter of the *ex*-Amir by a concubine. He is being educated at home and knows English. | The allowance fixed for this young Sardar is the same which he used to receive from the late Sardar as a mere boy.<br>It is hardly enough for his maintenance now that he will have to support himself.<br><br>I would recommend that his allowance should not be less than that of Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan (son No. 8) and that it may be increased to Rs. 250 per mensem. | 250 0 0 | 100 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 10 | Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan. | *Nil.* | 100 0 0 | Son of widow No. 5. He is about 20 years of age. He is being educated at home and knows English. The late Sardar proposed to betroth nim to grand-daughter of the *ex*-Amir, 1st daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan. He received no separate allowance from the late Sardar and lived with his mother. | Please see remarks given against the name of the mother of these two young Sardars (wife No. 5). Their mother being a Barakzai, they hold a higher position in the eyes of the Afghans than some of their brothers who are not by Afghan mothers and for whom higher allowances have been fixed. The case of these two full brothers requires to be specially reconsidered. The allowances fixed for them are very small and hardly sufficient to enable them to provide themselves even with the bare necessaries of life. The reason why no allowance was fixed for them by the late Sardar was that they were not married and their expenses were borne by their late father. Now that they will have to find everything themselves, I think that their allowances should not be less than what has been sanctioned for | 250 0 0 | 150 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 11 | Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan. | *Nil.* | 75 0 0 | Son of widow No. 5 and a full brother of No. 10 above. He is about 18 years of age. He is being educated at home and knows English. The late Sardar proposed to betroth him to a grand-daughter of the *ex*-Amir, 2nd daughter of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan. | | 250 0 0 | 175 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |



NATIONAL ARCHIVE INDIA

## STATEMENT C—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Particulars. (With recommendations of Colonel Spence.) | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared amount to sanctioned by Government (column 4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | An allowance of Rs. 75 per mensem recommended for reasons explained in my report. | Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan (son No. 8) who is by a concubine. I would therefore recommend that their allowances may be increased as follows:<br>10. Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan Rs. 250-0-0.<br>11. Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan, Rs. 250-0-0. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 12 | Sardar Abdul Rashid Khan. | 30 0 0 | 30 0 0 | He is son of concubine No. 5. He is about 15 years of age. He is being educated at home. | The case of this young Sardar is particularly pitiable. For him has been fixed a very small allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem, which is equal to what had been fixed for him as pocket money by his late father, when he was a small child. All of his expenses used to be borne by the late Sardar himself. Many of the late Sardar's menial servants get allowances which are much higher than what has been fixed for his own son. | 250 0 0 | 220 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |
| | | | | | I would recommend that the allowance of this young Sardar, who holds an equal position with Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan (son No. 8), for whom an allowance of Rs. 250 has been fixed, may be increased to Rs. 250 per mensem as recommended in the case of the other sons of the late Sardar. | | | |
| | *Daughters.* | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Wife of Sardar Abdul Ali Khan. | 101 0 0 | *Nil.* | Sardar Abdul Ali Khan is a son of the ex-Amir. Her mother, a Muhammadzai, died when the Sardar was at Rawalpindi.<br>I recommend the discontinuance of this allowance on the ground that the recipient is married and lives with her husband at Dehra Dun. | This lady, who was suffering from consumption, died at Dehra Dun in August last. Her case, therefore, does not require reconsideration. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 2 | Wife of Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan. | 70 0 0 | *Nil.* | She is by concubine No. 1. She was born in Persia and is the eldest child of the late Sardar. The allowance of Rs. 70 per mensem was fixed for her by the late Sardar when he was in Persia. She is married to Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, who receives an allowane of Rs. 200 per mensem from Government (No. 6 on printed pay list). Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan is a nephew (son of sister) of the late Sardar. His mother was by a concubine.<br>I recommend the discontinuance of this allowance as the recipient's husband gets an allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem from Government. | As the lady's husband, Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, has lost, through the death of the late Sardar Ayub Khan, the allowance of Rs. 130 per mensem which he used to receive from the late Sardar, the stoppage of his wife's allowance also is a real hardship. As the lady had been receiving the allowance of Rs. 70 a month from her late father since the time she was in Persia, I venture to think that a part of it should be continued to her. I would therefore recommend that out of Rs. 70 Rs. 50 a month may be continued to her. | 50 0 0 | 50 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |





NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

## STATEMENT C—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Particulars. (With recommendations of Colonel Spence.) | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as to amount sanctioned by Government (column 4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 3 | Sardar Abdur Rahim Khan's wife. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | She is younger sister of No. 2 above. She is married to Sardar Abdur Rahim Khan, son of the *ex*-Amir by a concubine. She received no allowance from the late Sardar. | This lady has lost nothing by her father's death and is supported by her husband, who is provided for by the *ex* Amir. Her case, therefore, does not require reconsideration. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | No petition. |
| 4 | Sardar Abdul Karim Khan's wife. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | She is by concubine No. 3. She is married to Sardar Abdul Karim Khan, son of the *ex*-Amir by a concubine. She received no allowance from the late Sardar. | This lady has also lost nothing by her father's death and is supported by her husband, who is provided for by the *ex*-Amir. Her case, therefore, does not require reconsideration. | *Nil.* | *Nil* | Ditto. |
| 5 | Zeb-un-Nisa .. | 45 0 0 | 30 0 0 | She is younger sister of No. 4 above. Her age is abou 9 years.<br><br>I recommend the reduction of this allowance by Rs. 15 per mensem. | The allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem fixed for a girl of her position is quite inadequate. It is hardly possible for her to live on it and to provide herself with the bare necessaries of life. Besides her allowances, the late Sardar found most of the things required by her, and her food was free. Now she to has find everything herself.<br><br>I would recommend that her allowance may be increased to Rs. 50 per mensem which will lapse to Government on her marriage. | 50 0 0 | 20 0 0 | Verbal petition. |
| 6 | Zahra .. .. | 35 0 0 | 30 0 0 | She is about ten years old. Her mother is dead. She lives with concubine No. 4.<br><br>I recommend that this allowance be reduced by Rs. 5 per mensem. | The same remarks as given above are applicable to this girl. Her case is a little harder, because she has no mother and will have to live exclusively on her own allowance.<br><br>I would recommend that her allowance may also be increased to Rs. 50 per mensem, which will lapse to Government on her marriage. | 50 0 0 | 20 0 0 | Ditto. |
| 7 | Saadat Sultan .. | *Nil.* | 30 0 0 | Daughter of widow No. 4. Her age is about 8 years. She received no allowance but lived with her mother.<br><br>I recommend the grant of an allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem till marriage. | Please see remarks against the name of this girl's mother (wife No. 4). The same remarks as given against daughter No. 5, above, are applicable to this girl.<br><br>I would recommend that her allowance may be increased to Rs. 50 per mensem, which will lapse to Government on her marriage. | 50 0 0 | 20 0 0 | Ditto. |
| | *Other relatives.* | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Aday Saddozai .. | 101 0 0 | Proposed by Colonel Spence *Nil.* Sanctioned by Government 101. | She is the widow of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan, and a step mother of the late Sardar. She is a half sister of Nawab Sir Muhammad Aslam Khan and lives at Peshawar. She is about 65 years old. The late Sardar fixed an allowance for her when he came to India.<br><br>Recommended that this allowance be discontinued, as the grantee does not belong to the Sardar's party. | Government have sanctioned the continuance of the allowance of Rs. 101 a month to this lady (paragraph 2 of letter No. 360-F., dated 8th July 1914, from Foreign and Political Department). Her case, therefore, does not require reconsideration. | 101 0 0 | *Nil.* | No petition. |



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

## STATEMENT C—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Particulars. (With recommendations of Colonel Spence.) | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared to amount sanctioned by Government (column 4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | *Other Relatives*—contd. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 2 | Sister of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan, son of the *ex*-Amir. | 80 0 0 | *Nil.* | She is married to Sardar Abdul Ali Khan, grandson of the late Sardar Muhammad Ali Khan, eldest son of Amir Sher Ali Khan. He receives an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem from Government. She lives with her husband at Abbottabad. Recommended that this allowance be discontinued as the grantee does not belong to the Sardar's party and her husband is in receipt of an allowance from Government. | The allowance of Sardar Abdul Ali Khan, the husband of this lady, was raised by Government, in June 1907, to Rs. 50 per mensem. Even this increased allowance is quite inadequate for a person of Sardar Abdul Ali Khan's position with which he could support himself and his family and children in a respectable manner. Sardar Abdul Ali Khan's father, the late Sardar Ahmad Ali Khan, used to receive an allowance of Rs. 1,000 per mensem from Government. The stoppage of the allowance of Rs. 80 per mensem which this lady used to receive from late Sardar is a severe blow to her and her husband. I would therefore recommend that if the whole of Rs. 80 per mensem cannot be continued to her an allowance of at least Rs. 50 per mensem may be continued to her. | 50 0 0 | 50 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 3 | Widow of the late Sardar Abdu Ahad Khan, who was the son of the late Sardar. | 70 0 0 | 35 0 0 | She is a daughter of the *ex*-Amir and a younger sister of No. 2 above. She lives with her mother-in-law (concubine No. 3) in the Sardar's house. She is about 22 years old.<br><br>Recommended that this allowance be reduced to Rs. 35 per mensem as her mother-in-law receives an allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem. | It is true, as the lady says in her petition, that the sum of Rs. 35 a month sanctioned for her is insufficient for the ordinary expenses of a lady of her position. She is a consumptive and therefore constantly requires medicines and medical attendance to maintain her health. She is unable to afford all this on Rs. 35 a month; I would therefore, recommend that her allowance be increased to at least Rs. 50 per mensem. | 50 0 0 | 15 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 4 | Sardar Shah Zaman Khan, son of Sardar Shahbaz Khan and son-in-law of the *ex*-Amir. | 128 0 0 | *Nil.* | This allowance is for him and his mother. He is a near relative of late Sardar. He lives with the *ex*-Amir at Dehra Dun. He is about 30 years old.<br><br>Recommended that this allowance should be discontinued as the recipient lives at Dehra Dun, where he is married to a daughter of the *ex*-Amir. | Sardar Shahbaz Khan, father of Sardar Shah Zaman Khan, was a grandson of Amir Dost Muhammad Khan and therefore a cousin of the late Sardar Ayub Khan (*vide* page 180 of the Biographical Accounts of Chiefs, Sardars and others of Afghanistan). He rendered some services to the British Government during the last Afghan war and received a grant of Rs. 10,000 from Government for losses inflicted by Afghan forces. As he was not in receipt of any allowance from Government, his son did not get any. The late Sardar, however, in consideration of the late Sardar Shahbaz Khan being a cousin of his, fixed an allowance of Rs. 128 per mensem for his son, Sardar Shah Zaman Khan. As Sardar Shah Zaman Khan's sole means of subsistence was the allowance which he received from the late Sardar and is now left destitute owing to the late Sardar's death, I would recommend that out of the allowance of Rs. 128 Rs. 100 a month may be continued to him. | 100 0 0 | 100 0 0 | Petition received; copy attached. |

## STATEMENT C—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid by the late Sardar. | Amount proposed by Colonel Spence and sanctioned by Government. | Particulars. (With recommendations of Colonel Spence.) | Revised recommendations of Political Officer for reconsideration of Government. | Amount now recommended. | Increase as compared to amount sanctioned by Government (column 4). | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 5,6 and 7 | Three daughters of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan, son of the *ex*-Amir. | 30 0 0 | 30 0 0 | They are living in the Sardar's house at Lahore. The Sardar proposed to betroth them to three of his sons :—<br>1. Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan (No. 7).<br>2. Sardar Muhammad Sarwar Khan (No 10.)<br>3. Sardar Muhammad Umar Khan (No. 11).<br>Recommended that this allowance be continued until marriage. | The widow of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan (Serial No. 3 above) is their aunt (father's sister), with whom they are living. The late Sardar had them brought here from Dehra Dun in order that they should live with, and be looked after by, their aunt. The late Sardar fed them, clothed them and found their other expenses. The allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem which he gave them was simply as pocket money. It is impossible for those girls to live on Rs. 10 each. I would, therefore, recommend that their allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem may be increased to Rs. 90 per mensem which will give each of them Rs. 30 a month. As these allowances will be until marriage, they will be saved to Government after they are married. | 90 0 0 | 60 0 0 | Petition received ; copy attached. |
| 8 | Mother of the late Sardar Muhammad Rahim Khan. | 37 0 0 | *Nil.* | She is a sister of the late Sardar's widow No. 1. She is a widow and lives at Quetta with her daughter who is married to Sardar Nur Ahmad Khan.<br>Recommended that this allowance be discontinued as the recipient does not belong to the Sardar's party. | This lady is a step mother of Sardar Shah Zaman Khan (Serial No. 4 above). She has no means of subsistence and has gone to live temporarily at Quetta with her son-in-law who, however, will not support her permanently.<br>I would recommend that an allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem may be continued to her. | 30 0 0 | 30 0 0 | Petition received ; copy attached. |
| | Total .. | 4,549 0 0 | 4,001 0 0 | | Total . | 5,421 0 0 | 1,420 0 0 | |

G. MURTAZA KHAN,
*First Assistant,*
for *Political Officer in charge of the* ex-*Amir of Kabul.*



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

## STATEMENT D.

*Statement of allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to persons who were not in receipt of any allowances from Government.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount now recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | *Relatives.* | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 1 | Saiyid Ghulam Nabi Jan Badshah. (Serial No. 4, printed statement D.) | 15 0 0 | He is a cousin (son of the maternal aunt) of the late Sardar. He lives at Lahore. | He is a very near relative of the late Sardar. His mother and the late Sardar's mother were sisters and daughters of the late Saadat Khan, who, in the time of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan, was the chief of the Mohmands and Khan of Lalpura. Saiyid Ghulam Nabi Jan Badshah came from Peshawar, where he resided and joined the late Sardar on the latter's arrival from Persia. He being the son of a Saiyid, the late Sahibzada Ghulam Jilani, and his own cousin, the late Sardar fixed for him a charitable allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem, to which were added other contributions made by the various members of the late Sardar's family. He is about 50 years of age and has a family to support. He has two cousins (sons of another maternal aunt of the late Sardar) at Peshawar, but he does not receive any help from them. He has no other means of subsistence.<br><br>I would recommend that the allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem which he received from the late Sardar may be continued to him. | 15 0 0 | 15 0 0 | |
| 2 | Mama Muhammad Azim Khan. (Serial No. 5, printed statement D.) | 15 0 0 | He is a brother of Mama Abdul Aziz Khan (No. 4 in statement E) and a cousin (son of maternal uncle) of the late Sardar. He lives at Lahore. | He is also a very near relative of the late Sardar. He is a grandson of the late Saadat Khan, Chief of Mohmands and Khan of Lalpura, who was the late Sardar's maternal grandfather. On the late Sardar's arrival in India, Mama Muhammad Azim Khan came from Peshawar, where he had been living after his expulsion from Afghanistan by the late Amir Abdur Rahman Khan, and joined the late Sardar, who fixed an allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem for him. He is about 55 years of age and his eyesight is failing; he has a family, consisting of a wife and two daughters to support. His brother, Mama Abdul Aziz Khan, receives an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem from Government, but he has a large family to support and is therefore unable to support his brother and his family as well. Besides his Government allowance Mama Abdul Aziz Khan was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem from the late Sardar himself (No. 4 in Statement F.) which has now been stopped. Muhammad Azim Khan has no other means of subsistence.<br><br>I would recommend that the allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem which Mama Muhammad Azim Khan received from the late Sardar may be continued to him. | 15 0 0 | 15 0 0 | |
| 3 | Jalal Khan, grandson of a maternal uncle of the late Sardar. (Serial No. 13, printed Statement D.) | 17 0 0 | He together with other maternal relatives of the late Sardar were expelled from Afghanistan by the late Amir Abdur Rahman Khan. He joined the Sardar in India and was given an allowance by him. | He is also a very near relative of the late Sardar. He is son of the late Muhammad Amin Khan, who was a grandson of the late Saadat Khan (the late Sardar's maternal grandfather). Mama Muhammad Azim Khan (No. 2 above) and Mama Abdul Aziz Khan mentioned above are his uncles, but both of them are unable to support him. He is about 35 years of age. He has a family consisting of mother, wife and three children to support. He has no other means of subsistence.<br><br>I would recommend that out of Rs. 17 per mensem which he received from the late Sardar Rs. 15 may be continued to him. | 15 0 0 | 15 0 0 | |



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## STATEMENT D—*cont d.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount now recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | *Relations*—(concld.). | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 4 | Abdul Ahad Khan .. (Serial No. 16, printed statement D.) | 10 0 0 | He is a cousin of Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan, father of the late Sardar's widow No. 5. He is a tutor, "Lala," to the late Sardar's sons, Sardars Muhammad Sarwar Khan and Muhammad Umar Khan. | He is also a near relative of the late Sardar. His father, the late Haji Said Ahmad, Akhundzada, of Kandahar, was an uncle of Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan, the late Sardar's father-in-law. The late Haji Said Ahmad was with the Sardar in Persia and came with him to India, on the late Sardar's arrival in India, Haji Said Ahmad's family was expelled from Afghanistan by the late Amir Abdur Rahman Khan. Abdul Ahad came with his mother and on his father's death the late Sardar fixed an allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem for him. He is about 40 years of age. He has a family (wife and a child) to support. He has no other means of subsistence. His cousin, Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan, besides his Government allowance, received an allowance of Rs. 70 per mensem (Serial No. 3 in Statement E) from the late Sardar himself, out of which he used to give Rs. 20 to Abdul Ahad, but this allowance has now been stopped. Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan has a large family to support and is therefore unable to support Abdul Ahad and his family as well.<br><br>I would reccommend that Rs. 10 per mensem which Abdul Ahad received from the late Sardar may be continued to him. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| | *Servants and followers.* | | | | | | |
| 5 | Daughter of the late Naib Hafizullah Khan. Serial No. 1, printed statement D.) | 50 0 0 | Her father was in receipt of an allowance from Government, but she was given none. She is married to one Abdur Rasul Khan, an unpaid follower of the late Sardar; she is about 40 years of age. | The husband, who has opened a shop at Peshawar, should support his wife. No allowance, therefore, recommended for her. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 6 | Bibi Chadarshavi .. (Serial No. 2, pined statement D.) | 3 0 0 | She is a Saiyid and widow of a late follower of the late Sardar. She is about 70 years of age. | Some years ago she remarried and her second husband is alive. She should be supported by him. No allowance is, therefore, recommended for her. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 7 | Survivors of the late Hakim Abdur Rauf Khan. Serial No. 3, printed statement D.) | 80 0 0 | They consist of a widow, a daughter and a nephew. The late Hakim Abdur Rauf Khan was the late Sardar's physician. He was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 75 from Government, and the late Sardar paid him another allowance of Rs. 181 per mensem from his own pocket. He died at Bombay in January last when returning from a pilgrimage to Mecca. At the Sardar's recommendation one half of his Government allowance was continued to his nephew, and out of Rs. 181 which the Sardar paid hmiself, Rs. 80 was continued by the Sardar to the late Hakim's survivors. The daughter is married to Ata Muhammad Khan, son of the late General Taj Muhammad Khan, who is in recepit of an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem from Government. The late Sardar did not recommend any Government allowance for the widow as he had come to know that she was preparing to leave for Kabul. | The daughter should be supported by her husband, who receives an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem from Government. The widow lives with her daughter and the nephew is already in respect of an allowance of Rs. 37-8-0 from Government. The late Hakim has also left some money for his survivors.<br><br>No allowances are, therefore, recommended for them. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |



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STATEMENT D—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount now recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | *Servants and followers*—(contd.). | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 8 | Mirza Abdul Ghayas Khan. (Serial No. 6, printed statement D.) | 30 0 0 | He is a writer to the late Sardar's eldest son, Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. His father, the late Mirza Ghulam Ghaus Khan, was the late Sardar's Mirza or Secretary. Some years ago he misappropriated some money belonging to the Sardar and fled to Baghdad. After some time he came back. The Sardar pardoned him and fixed an allowance for him. | In view of Mirza Abdul Ghayas Khan's misbehaviour I would not recommend the continuance to him of the allowance which he received from the late Sardar. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 9 | Muhammad Umar Khan, son of the late Majid Khan Alakozai. (Serial No. 7, printed statement D.) | 25 0 0 | His father was a paid follower of the late Sardar. When the father died Muhammad Umar Khan was in Afghanistan. Therefore no part of his father's allowance was continued to him. He came to India some time after his father's death and the Sardar himself gave him an allowance. He lives at Quetta. | Muhammad Umar Khan receives an allowance from Government through Baluchistan.<br><br>In view of the recommendation made by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan in his letter No. 4035,* dated the 18th November 1914, to the Foreign Secretary, I would recommend the continuance of the allowance of Rs. 25 to Muhammad Umar Khan. | 25 0 0 | 25 0 0 | Copy attached. |
| 10 and 11 | Two sons of the late Abdul Zahir Khan. (Serial Nos. 8 and 9, printed statement D.) | 15 0 0 | Abdul Zahir Khan was a brother of Muhammad Umar Khan (No. 9 above). After his death the Sardar fixed an allowance of Rs. 15 for his two sons who are living at Quetta with their uncle. | Their uncle, Muhammad Umar Khan, should support them now in view of the continuance of the allowance of Rs. 25 recommended for him in Serial No. 9 above. The continuance of the allowance which they (Serial Nos. 10 and 11) received from the late Sardar is not recommended. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 12 and 13 | Mazulla Khan and Sardar Khan, sons of the late Malik Bahadur Khan. (Serial Nos. 10 and 11, printed statement D.) | 27 0 0 | The late Malik Bahadur Khan was a follower of the late Sardar. When the Sardar was on his way from Persia to India the late Malik Bahadur Khan remained at Baghdad. After some years, however, he came to India and joined the Sardar's party. He was given an allowance by the Sardar who after his death continued it to his sons. | The late Malik Bahadur Khan was an old follower of the late Sardar. Mazulla Khan and Sardar Khan are respectively about 45 and 42 years old. Mazulla Khan has a family to support. They have no other means of susbsistence. I would recommend that Rs. 27 per mensem which these two brothers received from the late Sardar may be continued to them in the following proportions :—<br><br>Mazulla Khan Rs. 15 per mensem.<br><br>Sardar Khan Rs. 12 per mensem. | 15 0 0<br>12 0 0 | 15 0 0<br>12 0 0 | |
| 14 | Khalifa Jan Muhammad (Serial No. 12, printed. statement D). | 34 0 0 | He is an old servant of the late Sardar and of his late sister, who was known as "Sister of the late Sardar Muhammad Ali Khan", son of the late Amir Sher Ali Khan, and lived at Peshawar. He acted as the Sardar's *mirza* or secretary. | On the death of the late Sardar's sister, who received an allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem from the late Sardar for the support of herself and her dependents, Khalifa Jan Muhammad, about 5 years ago, came from Peshawar and joined the Sardar. Although Jan Muhammad has not served the late Sardar long, yet he has served the late Sardar's father, the late Amir Sher Ali Khan, and his late sister for his whole life. I would, therefore, recommend that an allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem may be continued to him.<br><br>He is about 60 years of age and has no other means of subsistence. One of his sons has just enlisted in a cavalry regiment as a sowar. Another son is trying to enter the Punjab Police. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |





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## STATEMENT D—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount now recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | *Servants and followers*—contd. | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 15 | Haji Sultan Muhammad Khan. (Serial No. 14, printed statement D.) | 27 0 0 | He was the Sardar's "Sandukdar" or treasurer. His father was tea-bearer to the late Amir Sher Ali Khan. He left Kabul with the family of the *ex*-Amir whom he served for several years at Dehra Dun. On the late Sardar's arrival in India he left Dehra Dun and joined the Sardar at Rawalpindi. He was a trusted servant of the Sardar. | Haji Sultan Muhammad Khan and Taj Muhammad Khan (No. 16 below) are brothers. Their father, the late Ata Muhammad Khan, was for some time tea-bearer and afterwards "Mirakhor" or master of the horse, to the late Amir Sher Ali Khan. Their grand-father was in the service of the late Amir Dost Muhammad Khan. Their late father went from Afghanistan with the late Sardar to Persia and thence came to India where he died. The late Sardar treated these two brothers as his old and valued servants. Haji Sultan Muhammad Khan is about 60 years of age. He has a family to support. He has no other means of subsistence.<br>I would recommend that out of Rs. 27 which he received from the late Sardar, Rs. 20 may be continued to him. | 20 0 0 | 20 0 0 | Reduced by one quarter. |
| 16 | Taj Muhammad Khan .. (Serial No. 15, printed Statement D.) | 47 0 0 | He was "Mirakhor" or "master of the horse", to the late Sardar. He is a brother of Haji Sultan Muhammad Khan (No. 15 above). He also came from Kabul with the *ex*-Amir's family and on the Sardar's arrival in India came from Dehra Dun and joined the Sardar at Rawalpindi. He was also a trusted servant of the late Sardar. | The details which are given above apply to Taj Muhammad Khan also. He was a most trusted and valued servant of the late Sardar. He is about 50 years of age. He has a family consisting of wife, two sons, one daughter and a female relative to support. He has no other means of subsistence.<br>I would recommend that out of the allowance of Rs. 47 per mensem which he received from the late Sardar Rs. 35 may be continued to him. | 35 0 0 | 35 0 0 | Reduced by one quarter. |
| 17 | Mir Ahmad .. .. (Serial No. 17, printed statement D.) | 10 0 0 | His late father was a personal attendant of the late Sardar. Mir Ahmad serves as a personal attendant to the late Sardar's son, Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan. | The late Muhammad Zaman Khan, Warduk, father of Mir Ahmad, was an old personal servant of the late Sardar. He also served the *ex*-Amir.<br>The late Muhammad Zaman Khan came with the late Sardar from Persia and was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem from him. On Muhammad Zaman Khan's death one-half of his allowance *i.e.*, Rs. 10 was continued by the late Sardar to his son, Mir Ahmad.<br>Mir Ahmad is about 40 years of age and has a family consisting of wife, mother-in-law and a nephew to support. He has no relatives to support him nor any other means of subsistence.<br>I would recommend that the allowance of Rs. 10 which he received from the late Sardar may be continued to him. | 10 0 0 | 10 0 0 | |
| 18 | Saiyid Abdur Rahim, Herati. (Serial No. 18, printed statement D.) | 5 0 0 | He was expelled from Afghanistan by the late Amir Abdur Rahman Khan on account of the late Sardar. On his arrival in India he was given an allowance by the late Sardar. He lives at Sukkur and Quetta. | This man does not live at Lahore. He has probably some other means of subsistence at Sukkar and Quetta. I would, therefore, not recommend the continuance of his allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 19 & 20 | Sons of Sahibzada Fazal-i-Hak. (Serial No. 19, printed statement D.) | 7 0 0 | Their names are Abdul Hadi and Muhammad Umar. They received this allowance from the late Sardar as a charity. They live at Peshawar. | They being the sons of a holy man probably receive large sums of money in charity from the people of Peshawar. I would, therfore, not recommend the continuance of this allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 21 | Master Ahmad Bakhsh (Serial No. 21, printed statement D.) | 60 0 0 | He is a graduate (B. A.), of the Allahabad University and English tutor to the late Sardar's sons. The Sardar got him in 1900, by special request, from the Aligarh College to teach his sons. He is still teaching some of the younger boys. He also acted as English Secretary to the late Sardar. He has now been in the late Sardar's service for about 14 years. He also receives an allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem from the Sardar's eldest son, Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. | This man has spent the best part of his life in the late Sardar's service. He is now about 38 years of age and cannot enter Government service. He is in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 30 from Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi and can earn his livelihood by teaching. I do not recommend any allowance for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |



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## STATEMENT D—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | *Servants and followers*—contd. | Rs. A. P. | | | | | |
| 22 | Babu Chatterjee .. (Serial No. 22, printed statement D.) | 40 0 0 | He is a second English tutor to the late Sardar's sons. He entered the Sardar's service only a few months ago in place of another man who had left. | This man has left. His case does not require consideration. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 23 | Muhammad Sharif, Kakari. (Serial No. 23, printed statement D.) | 9 0 0 | He came with the late Sardar from Persia. As he received no allowance from Government, the Sardar gave him one himself. | He was an orderly to the late Sardar when he commanded a cavalry regiment at Herat. He accompanied the late Sardar to Persia and then came with him to India. Muhammad Sharif is about 55 years of age. He has no relatives to support him nor he has any other means of subsistence. He is an old servant of the late Sardar and his case deserves consideration.<br>I would recommend that an allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem may be continued to him. | 7 0 0 | 7 0 0 | |
| 24 | Aslam known as Sarkar (Serial No. 24, printed statement D.) | 9 0 0 | He came with the Sardar from Persia. As he received no allowance from Government, the Sardar gave him one himself. | Aslam was in the late Sardar's service when he was in Afghanistan. He accompanied the Sardar to Persia and thence to India. He is an old servant of the late Sardar and his case deserves consideration. He is about 50 years of age. He has no relatives to support him nor any other means of subsistence.<br>I would recommend that an allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem may be continued to him. | 7 0 0 | 7 0 0 | Reduced by about one quarter. |
| 25 | Imam Din, tailor .. (Serial No. 25, printed statement D.) | 10 0 0 | He is an Indian tailor, who worked for the Sardar at Rawalpindi and came with him to Lahore. This allowance was given to him in addition to his wages. | He has got a tailor's shop at Lahore and is earning his living. I would not recommend the continuance of this allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 26 | Zulfikar, son of the late Gul Muhammad Khan. (Serial No. 26, printed statement D.) | 10 0 0 | Zulfikar was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 25 from Government, till the 15th July 1912, when it was stopped on his attaining the age of 18 years. After that the Sardar himself fixed an allowance for him. | The object in stopping his Government allowance at the age of 18 was that he should earn his own livelihood. I would, therefore, not recommend any allowance for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 27 | Muhammad Siddik, son of the late Shad Muhammad Khan, "Abdar". (Serial No. 27, printed statement D.) | 10 0 0 | Muhammad Siddik was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 10 from Government till 15th July 1912, when it was stopped on his attaining the age of 18 years. After that the Sardar himself fixed an allowance of Rs. 10 for him. | Muhammad Siddik's case is similar to that of Zulfikar (No. 26 above). I would not recommend any allowance for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 28 | Abdulla, son of Taj Muhammad Khan, "Mirakhor". (No. 16 in this list.) (Serial No. 28, printed statement D.) | 3 0 0 | The Sardar gave him this allowance as a playmate to his grandson, Afzal. | Abdulla should be supported by his father for whom an allowance has been recommended (No. 16 in this list). No allowance recommended. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| | | | | Total .. | 196 0 0 | 196 0 0 | |

G. MURTAZA KHAN,
*First Assistant,*
for *Political Officer in charge of the* ex-*Amir.*



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## STATEMENT E.

*Statement of allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to persons who are in receipt of allowances from Government as well.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 1 | Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan. | 130 0 0 | He receives Rs. 200 per mensem from Government (No. 6 on pay list). He is nephew (sister's son) and son-in-law of the late Sardar. He (and before him his father) was in charge of the Sardar's followers and worked as his Private Secretary. Until recently he was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 17 only from the late Sardar, who, however, promised to increase his allowance whenever a saving was effected. Hakim Abdur Rauf Khan died in January last. He was in receipt of Rs. 181 per mensem from the Sardar; Rs. 80 was continued by the late Sardar to the deceased's daughter and the balance of Rs. 101 was saved. There was a further saving of Rs. 12 on account of the allowances which the Sardar paid to the sons of some of his followers who had left. These savings amounting to Rs. 113 were given by the late Sardar to Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan with effect from the month of January last. | Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan only received the additional Rs. 113 from the late Sardar one to two months before the late Sardar's death—up to then he was receiving Rs. 17 only from the late Sardar.<br><br>I have recommended an allowance of Rs. 50 for Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan's wife (Serial No. 2, daughters, New Statement C). This must suffice.<br><br>The Sardar should find employment as a Private Secretary.<br><br>If additional allowance is now granted to him, it will be necessary to grant to all in this statement. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | Petition received; copy attached. |
| 2. | Sardar Abdur Rasul Khan. | 40 0 0 | He receives Rs. 50 per mensem from Government (No. 7 on pay list). Sardar Abdur Rasul Khan is son of the late Sardar Abdulla Khan and nephew of the late Sardar Sikandar Khan who lived in Persia. The late Amir Sher Ali Khan's sister was Sardar Abdur Rasul Khan's grandmother. | The allowance which this Sardar receives from Government is a small one and he deserves consideration, but I would not recommend for him any allowance out of the late Sardar's allowances, firstly because he is already in receipt of an allowance from Government, and secondly if I recommend it for one I must recommend it for all who are already in receipt of allowances from Government, otherwise there will be jealousy and trouble among them.<br><br>Sardar Abdur Rasul Khan is anxious to get some employment and in this object he deserves all sympathy and help. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 3 | Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan | 70 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 110 per mensem from Government (No. 27 on pay list). He is the late Sardar's father-in-law, father of widow No. 5. | Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan formerly used to get only Rs. 30 from the late Sardar, but some years ago when a wife of his came from Kabul and joined him, the late Sardar added another Rs. 40 to the Kazi's allowance, but that wife went back to Kabul some time ago. Kazi Nur-ud-Din Khan has not got a large family to support. He has only one son, who is married.<br><br>As remarked by me in the case of No. 2 above, I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 4 | Mama Abdul Aziz Khan | 35 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem from Government (No. 20 on pay list). He is a cousin (son of maternal uncle) of the late Sardar. | The allowance of Rs. 100 which Mama Abdul Aziz Khan receives from Government, is sufficient for him.<br><br>I have recommended allowances for a brother of his, named Mama Muhammad Azim Khan (Serial No. 5, statement D) and a nephew of his, named Jalal Khan (Serial No. 13, statement D).<br><br>I would not, therefore, recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

## STATEMENT E—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 5 | Yakub Ali Khan .. | 20 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 155 per mensem from Government (No. 34 on pay list). He acted as a "Lala," or tutor to the late Sardar's sons, Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan. | For the same reasons as given against No. 2 above, I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. He is already in receipt of a good allowance from Government, and the late Sardar's sons, Muhammad Akram and Muhammad Azam on whom he waits, probably give him some small allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 6 | Bahram Khan Tagabi .. | 15 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 80 per mensem from Government (No. 32 on pay list). He is one of the important followers of the late Sardar. | For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend for him any allowance out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 7 | Abdul Hakim Khan .. | 10 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 27 per mensem from Government (No. 26 on pay list). | For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 8 | Nazir Ghulam Muhammad Khan. | 14 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 70 from Government (No. 10 on pay list).<br>He acted as steward to the late Sardar. He entered the Sardar's service when he was a boy. | The allowance which he receives from Government is a handsome one. During the late Sardar's lifetime he supervised the late Sardar's kitchen, but he has no work to do now and he does not expect any addition to his allowance.<br>For the reasons given against serial No. 2 above I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 9 | Muhammad Kasim Khan | 6 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 45 from Government (No. 64 on pay list). He acted as "Lala" or tutor to the late Sardar's eldest son, Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi. | This man waits on the late Sardar's eldest son, Sardar Muhammad Abdul Kadir Khan Effendi, and probably receives some small allowance from him.<br>For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 10 | Shah Wali Khan .. | 5 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 11 per mensem from Government (Serial No. 95 on pay list). He acted as "Lala" or tutor to the late Sardar's son, Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan. | This man waits on the late Sardar's son, Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan (son No. 8) from whom he probably receives some small allowance. For reasons given against serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 11 | Ahmad Khan .. | 10 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem from Government (No. 14 on pay list). He acted as "Lala", or tutor to the late Sardar's sons, Sardars Sultan Ahmad Khan, Sher Ahmad Khan and Nur Ahmad Khan. | This man waits on the late Sardar's sons, Sardars Sultan Ahmad Khan, Sher Ahmad Khan and Nur Ahmad Khan, from whom he probably receives some small allowance.<br>For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 12 | Ghulam Muhammad son of the late Lala Sarwar. | 12 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 6 from Government (No. 17 on pay list). He acted as a shoe-bearer to the late Sardar.<br>He is a young man of about 25 years of age. | He is a young man and can add something to his income by earning it in some way or other.<br>For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend for him any allowance out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 13 | Safdar Khan, son of the late Lala Haidar. | 1 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 65 from Government (No. 61 on pay list). | The allowance of Re. 1 is a very small one and may be ignored.<br>He receives a good allowance from Government. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |





NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

STATEMENT E—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 14 | Mir Samundar Shah .. | 6 0 0 | His real name is Shah Alam as it appears in the pay list. He receives an allowance of Rs. 9 per mensem from Government (No. 117 on pay list). He was "Peshkhidmat" or personal attendant of the late Sardar. | He has left for Kabul .. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 15 | Khair Muhammad .. | 5 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 9 per mensem from Government (No. 114 on pay list). He was a "Peshkhidmat" or personal servant of the late Sardar. | This man keeps a number of conveyances which he plies for hire and earns a good income.<br>For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowances. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 16 | Shakar Khan .. | 10 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem from Government (No. 88 on pay list). He acted as a door-keeper to the harem of the late Sardar. | This man is serving the various members of the late Sardar's family, and is probably receiving some small contributions from them to his income.<br>For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 17 | Haji Sohbat .. .. | 6 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem from Government (No. 79 on pay list). He was the late Sardar's personal groom and horse trainer. In the pay bill his name is down as Haji Mehtar (groom). | This man no longer does a groom's work for any body. The allowance which he receives from Government is sufficient for his needs.<br>For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I would not recommend for him any allowance out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 18 | Muhammad Umar .. | 8 0 0 | He receives an allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem from Government (No. 78 on pay list). He is an old Afghan sepoy. | The allowance which he receives from Government is sufficient for his needs.<br>For reasons given against Serial No. 2 above, I am not recommending any allowance for him out of the late Sardar's allowance. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| | Total .. | 403 0 0 | | Total .. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |

G. MURTAZA KHAN,
*First Assistant,*
for *Political Officer in charge of the* ex-*Amir.*



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

Enclosure XIX.

## STATEMENT F—(Continued from new statement D).

*Statement of allowances paid by the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan to persons who were not in receipt of any allowances from Government.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | *Servants and followers*—(contd). | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 29 | Ghulam Haidar .. (Serial No. 1 printed Statement F.) | 8 0 0 | He worked as "rikabdar" or keeper of crockery, etc. | He is a native of Swat and entered the Sardar's service five or six years ago. He broke his leg on the road last year when the Sardar was returning from Kashmir, and it had to be amputated from the knee. He is unfit to earn his living and has no means of subsistence, nor any relatives to support him.<br>I would recommend that out of Rs. 8 which he received from the Sardar, Rs. 6 may be continued to him. | 6 0 0 | 6 0 0 | Reduced by ¼th. |
| 30 | Abdulla Khan .. (Serial No. 2, printed Statement F.) | 12 0 0 | Acted as *mirza* or writer to Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan for correspondence connected with the late Sardar's party. | Abdullah Khan is a servant of Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan, who is in receipt of an allowance from Government. No allowance is, therefore, recommended for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 31 | Maula Bakhsh .. (Serial No. 3, printed Statement F.) | 20 0 0 | Indian coachman .. .. .. | He has left and is earning his living as a coachman elsewhere.<br>No allowance recommended for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 32 to 41 | Ten syces .. .. (Serial Nos. 4 to 13, printed Statement F.) | 85 0 0 | .... | These were Indian and have been dismissed.<br>No allowance recommended for them. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 42 | Dost Muhammad .. (Serial No. 14, printed Statement F.) | 9 0 0 | He is an old Afghan servant of the late Sardar with whom he came from Persia. He was with the Sardar in Afghanistan also. | He worked as a store-keeper to the late Sardar. He is about 55 years of age and his eyesight is failing. He has no relatives to support him, nor any other means of subsistence.<br>I would recommend that an allowance of Rs. 7 may be continued to him. | 7 0 0 | 7 0 0 | Reduced by about ¼th. |
| 43 | Jahangir .. .. (Serial No. 15, printed Statement F). | 16 0 0 | Cook .. .. .. .. | He was an Indian and has been dismissed ..<br>No allowance recommended for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 44 | Imam Din (Serial No. 16 printed Statement F). | 12 0 0 | Cook .. .. .. .. | He was an Indian and has been dismissed ..<br>No allowance recommended for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 45 and 46 | Two assistant cooks @ Rs. 6 each. (Serial Nos. 17 and 18, printed Statement F). | 12 0 0 | Cooks .. .. .. .. | They were Indians and have been dismissed ..<br>No allowances recommended for them. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 47 and 48 | Two sons of the late Ustad Fateh, goldsmith. (Serial Nos. 19 and 20 printed statement F.) | 3 0 0 | The late Ustad Fateh was gold-smith to the late Sardar's mother at Kabul. He was expelled from Afghanistan and joined the late Sardar at Rawalpindi. He was given an allowance by the late Sardar, and after his death a part of it was continued to his sons. | The sons are grown up and should be able to earn their own living.<br>No allowance recommended for them. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 49 | Yakub .. .. (Serial No. 21, printed Statement F.) | 11 0 0 | Farrash. He is a Hazara. He came with the Sardar from Persia. He is an old servant of the late Sardar whom he had been serving since he was a boy. He did not receive any allowance from Government, but was paid by the Sardar himself. | Yakub is about 50 years of age. He has no relatives to support him, nor he has any other means of subsistence. He has a large family consisting of wife, 4 sons and two daughters to support. He being a very old servant of the late Sardar, I would recommend that an allowance of Rs. 9 per mensem may be continued to him. | 9 0 0 | 9 0 0 | Reduced by about ¼th. |
| 50 | Hasan .. .. (Serial No. 22, printed Statement F.) | 8 0 0 | He is also a "farrash". He also came with the Sardar from Persia and is an old servant. He was also paid by the Sardar himself. | He has left for Kabul. No allowance is, therefore, recommended for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |



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## STATEMENT F—*contd.*

| Serial No. | Name. | Amount paid. | Particulars. | Revised recommendations of Political Officer. | Amount recommended. | Increase. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | Rs. A. P. | | | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | |
| 51 | Dhobi .. .. (Serial No. 23, printed Statement F.). | 8 0 0 | .... | He was an Indian and has been dismissed .. No allowance recommended for him. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 52 to 62 | Eleven "Pahradars" or sentries at Rs. 4 each. (Serial Nos. 24 to 34, printed statement F.) | 44 0 0 | .... | These were extra allowances given to the late Sardar's own men who did the sentry work. Their continuance is not recommended. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 63 to 82 | Twenty "Pahradars" or sentries, at Rs. 5 each. (Serial Nos. 35 to 54, printed Statement F.) | 100 0 0 | .... | These were extra allowances given to the late Sardar's own men who did the sentry work. Their continuance is not recommended. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 83 and 84 | Two water carriers .. (Serial Nos. 55 and 56, printed Statement F.) | 17 0 0 | .... | They were Indians and have been dismissed. No allowances recommended for them. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 85 | Wheel-tax on carriages paid to the Municipality. (Serial No. 57, printed Statement F.) | 4 0 0 | .... | The late Sardar's sons pay their own wheel tax now. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 86 | Paid to S. Cheragh Din and Sons, house owners for up-keep of garden. (Serial No. 58, printed Statement F.) | 30 0 0 | .... | S. Cheragh Din and Sons, are the owners of the three houses occupied by the Sardar's family. They received Rs. 30 per mensem from the Sardar for the up-keep of the gardens attached to their houses. This payment has ceased with the Sardar's death. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 87 | Paid to Messrs. Dina Nath and Sheopershad, house owners for up-keep of garden. (Serial No. 59, printed Statement F.) | 20 0 0 | .... | Dina Nath and Sheopershad are the owners of the house which was used by the Sardar as his "biruni" or outer quarters (or Diwan Khana, as it is called in India). They received Rs. 20 per mensem from the Sardar for the up-keep of the garden attached to that house. This payment has ceased with the Sardar's death. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 88 | Hire of conveyance for bringing pay from Treasury. (Serial No. 60, printed Statement F.) | 3 8 0 | .... | This has now ceased. The Sardar's followers and others are now paid by this office. | *Nil* | *Nil.* | |
| 89 | Water-tax .. .. (Serial No. 61, printed Statement F.) | 25 0 0 | .... | This is now paid by the Sardar's family .. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 90 | Barber .. .. (Serial No. 62, printed Statement F.) | 8 0 0 | .... | He was an Indian and has been dismissed .. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 91 and 92 | Two sweepers (male) .. (Serial Nos. 63 and 64, printed Statement F.) | 10 0 0 | .... | The Sardar's family are now paying their own sweepers. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| 93 and 94 | Two sweepers (female) (Serial Nos. 65 and 66, printed Statement F.) | 10 0 0 | .... | Ditto ditto .. | *Nil.* | *Nil.* | |
| | | | | Total .. | 22 0 0 | 22 0 0 | |

G. MURTAZA KHAN,
*First Assistant,*
for *Political Officer in charge of the* ex-*Amir.*



G. M. Press, Simla.—No. 641 F. D.—20-2-15.—44—M.D.

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NATIONAL

No. 16, dated Lahore, the 1st February 1915.

From—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. R. Stratton, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department.

I have the honour to report, for the information of the Government of India, that the widow of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan, who was a son of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan, died at Lahore on the evening of the 23rd January 1915.

2. She was in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem from Government which was sanctioned in Foreign and Political Department letter No. 360-F.,* dated, the 8th July 1914. She has left no survivors and the amount of her allowance lapses to Government with effect from the date following that of her death *i.e.*, the 24th of January 1915.

*Serial No. 13.

G. M. Press, Simla.—No. 773 F.D.—13-4-15.—30.—S. N.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

Office Memorandum No. 597, dated Simla, the 9th April 1915.

From the office of the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Transferred to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department.

No reply has been sent to the enclosed.

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Telegram, dated Lahore, the 8th April 1915.

From—The Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir,

To—The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy, Simla.

Following is copy of telegram addressed to His Excellency the Viceroy through the proper channel, namely the Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul: "We shall be obliged by your kindly placing it before His Excellency at your early convenience. May it please Your Excellency. We the sons and family members of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan are anxiously awaiting Your Excellency's favourable orders on our petition, dated 10th December 1914, praying for adequate family provisions. We venture to trouble Your Excellency because ours is case of keen struggle for existence brought about by sudden and material reduction of resources and utter helplessness, due to want of other openings. Stoppage of summer hill allowance is keenly felt and deplored. We pray Your Excellency to save family of late Sardar from dwindling into poverty and being crushed by struggle in strange surroundings for which act of sympathy and generosity God will bless Your Excellency.

MUHAMMAD KHAN.
MUHAMMAD ABAM ABDUL AZIZ.
ABDUL SAMAD.
MUHAMMAD SARWAR.
MUHAMMAD UMAR SHERIF AHMED.
NOOR MUHAMMAD.
ABDUL RASHID.
SULTAN MUHAMMAD."

(Addressed Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy, His Excellency the Viceroy, India Governor. Copy Registrar, Private Secretary's Office, Simla)

G. M. Press Simla.—No. 113 F, D.—31-5-15—30—B. A.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

No. 31-F.C. (Confidential), dated Simla, the 3rd May 1915.

From—A. H. GRANT, Esq., C.I.E., Foreign Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. C. R. STRATTON, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul.

* * * * * * * * * *

4. As regards the allowances payable to this family, I am to say that the matter is now under consideration, but that in the meantime the two Sardars and their three followers who are in police custody, should receive only the barest subsistence allowance. Will you kindly favour me with your opinion as to what these allowances should be ?

* * * * * * * * * *

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No. 133-C., dated Lahore, the 6th May 1915.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. C. R. STRATTON, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

With reference to paragraph 4 of your letter No. 31-F. C., dated the 3rd May 1915, regarding the case of Sardars Muhammad Akram and Muhammad Azam, I have the honour to report that enquiry made at the Central Jail, where these Sardars and their three followers are confined, shows that their daily expenses, as at present arranged, amount to Rs. 7 per day for five persons or roughly Rs. 5 for the two Sardars and Rs. 2 for the three followers.

Some of the items included in the list appear to me to be rather excessive and the amount can, in my opinion, be reduced to Rs. 6 per day, *i.e.*, Rs. 2 per day for each Sardar and Rs. 2 per day among the three followers. If approved the Superintendent of Jail might be asked to limit the expenditure to the above amount for the present.

This arrangement will involve a monthly expenditure of Rs. 186 as against the allowances amounting to Rs. 670 *per mensem* hitherto drawn by the two Sardars and the retainer Nazir Ghulam Muhammad.

* * * * * * * * *

No. 118-F., dated Simla, the 10th May 1915.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. C. R. STRATTON, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul, Lahore.

With reference to your letter No. 133-Confidential, dated the 6th May 1915, I am directed to inform you that the Government of India approve your proposal that the daily expenses of Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan and their three followers should, while confined in the Central Jail at Lahore, be fixed at Rs. 6 a day, *i.e.*, Rs. 2 a day for each Sardar and Rs. 2 a day among the three followers, and I am to authorise you to arrange accordingly with the Superintendent of the Jail.

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No. 149, dated Lahore, the 17th May 1915.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. C. R. STRATTON, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul (Lahore Agency),

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

In continuation of my office letter No. 133, dated the 6th May 1915, regarding the allowances to be paid to Sardars Muhammad Akram and Muhammad Azam during their incarceration in the Lahore Central Jail, I have the honour to report, for the orders of Government, the case of the mother of the two Sardars and the wife of Sardar Muhammad Akram.



NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

2. These ladies live together and the former draws an allowance of Rs. 300 *per mensem* from Government. In view of their connexion with the recent affair, the allowance for April has been withheld and I would recommend reduction of the same, while the case is under enquiry, to an amount similar to that sanctioned for the two Sardars.

3. Sardar Muhammad Akram's wife has two small children and I would accordingly propose that Rs. 2 per diem for each lady and Re. 1 per diem for the two children be sanctioned, the amounts to be debited respectively against the regular allowances of Sardar Muhammad Akram's mother and of Sardar Muhammad Akram himself.

I understand that no undue hardship will be caused to the ladies by fixing subsistence allowances at the above rates.

* * * * * * * * * *

No. 63-F.C., dated Simla, the 2nd June 1915.

From—The Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. C. R. STRATTON, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir Muhammad Ayub Khan of Kabul, Lahore.

I am directed to refer to your letter No. 149, dated the 17th May 1915, proposing that the allowance of Rs. 300 a month which the mother of Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan draws from Government, on which she is at present also supporting the wife and two children of Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan, should be withheld while the conspiracy case is under enquiry, and that a subsistence allowance should be granted of Rs. 2 a day for each lady and Re. 1 a day for the two children.

2. I am, in reply, to inform you that the Government of India desire to defer consideration of your proposal until it has been definitely decided to what extent (if any) the lady in question was implicated in the recent conspiracy. In the meantime the allowance should be paid as before. The whole question of the allowances granted to the late Sardar Ayub Khan's family and followers will require reconsideration in the light of the result of the present investigation.

No. 165 (Confidential), dated Lahore, the 29th May 1915.

From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. C. R. STRATTON, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul (Lahore Agency),

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

In continuation of my letter No. 161, dated the 27th May 1915, in which I reported the internment in the Central Jail at Lahore of the four marginally* noted followers of the late Sardar Ayub Khan who are suspected of being concerned in the affair of Sardars Muhammad Akram and Azam, I have the honour to recommend that subsistence allowances at the same rate as has been sanctioned for the three followers of Sardar Muhammad Akram and Azam in your letter No. 118-F., dated the 10th May 1915, may be sanctioned for these four men while they are in confinement.

*Yakub Ali Khan.
Bahram Khan.
Abdul Hakim Khan.
Mir Afzal Khan.

2. Their daily expenses would, on that scale, amount to Rs. 2-10-8 and this arrangement will involve a monthly expenditure of about Rs. 80-0-0 *per mensem* as against the allowances hitherto drawn by the four men, the details of which are given in the margin.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Yakub Ali Khan .. .. | .. 155 |
| Bahram Khan .. .. | .. 80 |
| Abdul Hakim Khan .. | .. 27 |
| Mir Afzal Khan .. .. | .. 10 |
| Total .. | .. 272 |

* * * * * * * * *

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No. 68-F. (C.), dated Simla, the 4th June 1915.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla,

To—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. R. Stratton, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul, Dehra Dun.

With reference to your letter No. 165-Confidential, dated the 29th May 1915, I am directed to inform you that the Government of India approve your proposal to fix the daily expenses of the four marginally noted followers of the late Sardar Ayub Khan who have been arrested and interned in the Central Jail at Lahore in connection with the Afghan conspiracy case, at the same rate as was sanctioned for the three followers of Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan in my letter No. 118-F., dated the 10th idem. You are authorised to arrange accordingly with the Superintendent of the jail.

Yakub Ali Khan.
Bahram Khan.
Abdul Hakim Khan.
Mir Afzal Khan.

* * * * * * * * * *

No. 169, dated Lahore, the 1st June 1915.

From—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. R. Stratton, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir of Kabul (Lahore Agency),

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

In continuation of the correspondence ending with my letter No. 165, dated the 29th May 1915, regarding the subsistence allowances proposed for certain followers of the late Sardar Ayub Khan now confined in the Central Jail, Lahore, in connection with the affair of Sardars Muhammad Akram and Azam, I have the honour to represent the case of the house-rent allowances drawn by certain of these persons.

2. The following rent allowances are at present sanctioned, *viz.* :—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| 1. Nazir Ghulam Jan .. .. .. .. | 6-8 per mensem. |
| 2. Abdul Hakim Khan .. .. .. | 3 ,, |
| 3. Bahram Khan .. .. .. .. | 6 ,, |
| 4. Yakub Ali Khan .. .. .. .. | 27 ,, |

*vide* Foreign and Political Department letter No. 606-F., dated the 10th October 1914.

The last named draws his allowance jointly with his two brothers Sher Jan Khan and Nadir Khan.

3. As the families of all these persons are residing in their houses, I would recommend that for the present the rent allowances should be continued until the Government of India pass final orders in the matter.

* * * * * * * * * *

No. 70-F. (C.), dated Simla, the 7th June 1915.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla,

To—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. R. Stratton, C.I.E., Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, Dehra Dun.

With reference to your letter No. 169, dated the 1st June 1915, I am directed to inform you that, pending final orders in the case, the Government of India agree to the continuance of the house-rent allowances enjoyed by the followers of the late Sardar Ayub Khan named in the margin, now confined in the Central Jail at Lahore in connection with the Afghan Conspiracy enquiry.

1. Nazir Ghulam Jan.
2. Abdul Hakim Khan.
3. Bahram Khan.
4. Yakub Ali Khan.]

* * * * * * * * * *

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Telegram P., No. S.-601, dated the 24th June 1915.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla,

To—The Chief Secretary to the Government of Burma, Rangoon.

Government of India proposes to send to Bhamo or other suitable place up-country in Burma, Sardar Azam Khan, son of the late Sardar Ayub Khan, and two or three followers, for detention under Warrant under Regulation III of 1818. The Sardar has recently been detected in a conspiracy to return to Afghanistan and raise a rebellion against His Majesty the Amir. He is very young and otherwise harmless. He will get a monthly allowance of Rs. 200 and would not be under police restraint but surveillance. Kindly let me know by wire whether His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor sees any objection to this proposal, and if not, what would be the most suitable place and whether temporary accommodation can be found for the Sardar's followers and himself. Papers will be posted on receipt of your reply.

* * * * * * * * * *

Telegram P., No. 606-S., dated the 24th June 1915.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras.

It is suggested to send to Ootacamund for detention under Warrant under Regulation III of 1818, Sardar Muhammad Akram Khan, son of the late Sardar Ayub Khan, and two or three of his followers. It has lately been discovered that this Sardar made an attempt to return to Afghanistan and raise a rebellion against His Majesty the Amir. He is quite young and otherwise harmless. A monthly allowance of Rs. 400 will be granted to him and he would only be subject to police surveillance, not restraint. Will you please let me know by wire if His Excellency the Governor in Council sees any objection to the proposal, and, if not, whether accommodation can be obtained temporarily for the Sardar. Papers will be posted to you on receipt of your reply.

* * * * * * * * * *

Telegram No. 890, dated Stone House Hill, Madras, the 3rd July 1915.

From—The Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla,

Your telegram 606-S., dated 24th June. This Government would prefer Kodaikanal to Ootacamund as place of residence for person named. At Kodaikanal no suitable house can apparently be got at present for less than hundred a month but later cheaper house may be available.

* * * * * * * * * *

No. 119-F.-C., dated Simla, the 16th July 1915.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Political Officer in charge of the *ex*-Amir, Mussoorie.

* * * * * * * * * *

3. The question of the disposal of the persons under reference has now been settled by the Government of India in the following manner :—

(*a*) Sardars Muhammad Akram Khan and Muhammad Azam Khan, with Nazir Ghulam Jan, will be sent to Kodaikanal in the Madras Presidency for detention under warrant under Regulation III of 1818 ;

(*b*) the four followers, Yakub Ali Khan, Abdul Hakim Khan, Behram Khan and Mir Afzal Khan, will be sent to Taunggyi in Burma for detention under warrant under Regulation III of 1818 ;

(*c*) a fifth follower, Haji Abdul Karim, at present at large, will be treated similarly if arrested ;

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4 With reference to (*a*) above, the two Saidars and Nazir Ghulam Jan will draw their full allowances while under detention at Kodaikanal. A house has been reserved for them at a monthly rent of Rs. 100 for the present but an endeavour will be made to find cheaper quarters. The rent will be paid by Government. The followers specified under (*b*), who will reside at Taunggyi, will also draw their full allowances but will be required to make their own arrangements for accommodation. The Sardars may be allowed to take with them their own families and private servants to Kodaikanal and their followers may also be allowed to take their families to Taunggyi. The Punjab Government have been requested to settle the exact numbers of the parties in direct communication with you and I am to request you to proceed at once to Lahore and personally make all the necessary arrangements in this connection in direct consultation with the officials of the Punjab Government.

* * * * * * * * * *

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Telegram No. 970, dated Stone House Hill, Madras, the 16th July 1915.

From—The Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras,

To—The Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Continuation my telegram 890, dated 2nd instant, about Sardar. Three houses are now available at Kodaikanal forty rupees monthly each.

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G. M. Press, Simla.—No. 466 F.D.—29-9-15.—30.—S.N.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

No. 356-F.

FROM

THE DEPUTY SECRETARY TO THE
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
*in the Foreign and Political Department,*

To

THE POLITICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE
EX-AMIR, MUSSOORIE.

*Dated Simla, the 8th September 1915.*

SIR,

I am directed to refer to Lieutenant-Colonel Pritchard's letter No. 186, dated the 10th December 1914, in which he submitted revised proposals in regard to the allowances to be paid to the family, relatives and followers of the late Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan.

2. In reply, I am to say that the proposals contained in statements D, E and F, enclosed with your predecessor's letter, are sanctioned.

3. As regards statement C of the same letter, the Government of India recognise that Colonel Pritchard's proposals were framed after very thorough and sympathetic investigation into each individual case; but they consider that, in certain instances, his recommendations err on the side of generosity. They have accordingly deemed it desirable to review these proposals in the light of the following principles:—

(*a*) that the children of the late Sardar should be secured against penury, whether born in wedlock or not;

(*b*) that children born in wedlock should receive preferential treatment as compared with children of concubines;

(*c*) that persons not belonging to the Sardar's party or whose claims are connected, not with the Sardar but with the *ex*-Amir, should not be considered at the present time.

4. As the result of the application of these principles, I am to convey the following orders and remarks:—

CONCUBINES.

Colonel Pritchard suggested an allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem* each for the mother of the late Sardar Ghulam Muhammad Khan, the mother of Sardar Abdul Samad Khan, the mother of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan, Gulab, and the mother of Sardar Abdur Rashid Khan (Serial Nos. 1-5); but as Colonel Spence originally recommended allowances on a lower scale and as, where there are children who have claims to assistance, their claims are receiving separate consideration, the Government of India consider that Rs. 40 *per mensem* for each of the above-named will be sufficient.

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## Sons.

Applying the principle that sons born in wedlock should receive more generous treatment than the sons of concubines, the Government of India accept Colonel Pritchard's recommendations that Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan (Serial No. 3) should receive Rs. 300 *per mensem* instead of Rs. 200 as at present sanctioned, and that Sardars Sher Ahmad Khan (Serial No. 6), Nur Ahmad Khan (Serial No. 7), Muhammad Sarwar Khan (Serial No. 10) and Muhammad Umar Khan (Serial No. 11) should receive Rs. 250 *per mensem* each, in place of the various amounts at present sanctioned. But it is considered that an allowance of Rs. 150 *per mensem* each, will be adequate in the case of Sardars Abdus Samad Khan (Serial No. 9) and Abdur Rashid Khan (Serial No. 12), the sons of concubines. These allowances are less than the allowance sanctioned for Sardar Abdul Aziz Khan (Serial No. 8), also the son of a concubine, but in this instance the Government of India consider it equitable to follow the system adopted by the late Sardar.

It should be made clear to Sardar Muhammad Azam Khan, who was concerned in the recent Lahore conspiracy, that this increase in his allowance is in no way an indication that the Government of India regard his offence in that matter lightly, but that they consider that his punishment has been sufficient. As an act of grace, therefore, they have decided to treat him on the same terms as the other sons of the late Sardar born in wedlock.

## Daughters.

The Government of India are of opinion that, as Sardar Yar Muhammad Khan is already in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 200 *per mensem* from Government, his wife (Serial No. 2) is not entitled to any allowance.

Zeb-un-Nisa (Serial No. 5) is the daughter of a concubine. The Government of India consider that the daughter should not receive a larger allowance than her mother and as the latter (mother of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan—concubine, Serial No. 3) is at present in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 30 *per mensem*, they are of opinion that Rs. 30 *per mensem* will also be sufficient for Zeb-un-Nisa. The allowance will cease on her marriage.

The Government of India consider that Zahra (Serial No. 6) should receive the same allowance as Zeb-un-Nisa (Serial No. 5), *i.e.*, Rs. 30 *per mensem*, till marriage.

As Saadat Sultan (Serial No. 7) was born in wedlock, the Government of India admit that she should receive a larger allowance than the daughters of concubines, and they accept Colonel Pritchard's recommendation to raise the allowance to Rs. 50 *per mensem* till marriage.

## Other Relatives.

The sister of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan (Serial No. 2) does not belong to the Sardar's party but to that of the *ex*-Amir. The Government of India are of opinion, therefore, that she is not entitled to any allowance under the present proposals.

The widow of the late Sardar Abdul Ahad Khan (Serial No. 3) is dead and her case does not require reconsideration.

Sardar Shah Zaman Khan (Serial No. 4) was related to the late Sardar Ayub Khan, but his real status at Dehra Dun is that of the husband of a daughter of the *ex*-Amir. The Government of India consider that he should be treated as a member of the *ex*-Amir's party and should not be granted any allowance under the present scheme.

As the three daughters of the late Sardar Muhammad Nabi Khan (Serial Nos. 5, 6 and 7) are the grand-daughters of the *ex*-Amir, their first claim naturally lies against him. The late Sardar Ayub Khan intended to marry them to his sons, and gave them Rs. 10 *per mensem* each merely as pocket-money. The continuance of this sum has been sanctioned by the Government of India and it is not considered necessary to increase it.

The mother of the late Sardar Muhammad Rahim Khan (Serial No. 8) is not a member of the Sardar's party and is, therefore, not entitled to any allowance.

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5. I am now to authorise you to revise the allowances in accordance with the foregoing remarks. I am to request you to furnish the Government of India, in due course, with a revised list of the allowances sanctioned for all members of the late Sardar's party.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

J. L. MAFFEY,

*Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.*

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No. 357-F.

1. From the Political Officer in Charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 186, dated the 10th December 1914, with enclosures.
2. From the Political Officer in Charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 1, dated the 4th January 1915.
3. From the Political Officer in Charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 16, dated the 1st February 1915.
4. To the Political Officer in Charge of the *ex*-Amir, No. 356-F., dated the 8th September 1915.

A copy of the papers noted in the margin is forwarded to the Finance Department, for information and further necessary action, in continuation of the endorsement from the Foreign and Political Department, No. 99-D., dated the 10th November 1914.

By Order, &c.,

J. L. MAFFEY,

*Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPT.,
SIMLA;
*The 8th September 1915.*

F. & P. Dept. Press—No. 924—9-9-15—36.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

**Death of Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan. Re-distribution of allowances among his family, relatives and followers.** [Pro. No. 47

Telegram No. 326, dated Lahore, the 15th September 1915. Pro. No. 47

From—The Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir Yakub Khan,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, Simla.

Your letter 356-F.,* dated 8th September. From what date are revised allowances to come in force. * Pro. No. 45.

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Telegram No. 379-F., dated Simla, the 17th September 1915. Pro. No. 48

From—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department,

To—The Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir Yakub Khan, Lahore.

Your telegram 326,† September 15th. Revised allowances to come into force from 8th September 1915, that is date of letter conveying sanction. † Pro. No. 47.



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